



# Life & Complexity

*Organisation, information and optimisation  
in real and simulated biological systems*

**Levien van Zon ([levien@gnuritas.org](mailto:levien@gnuritas.org))**

9 August, Camp 2007

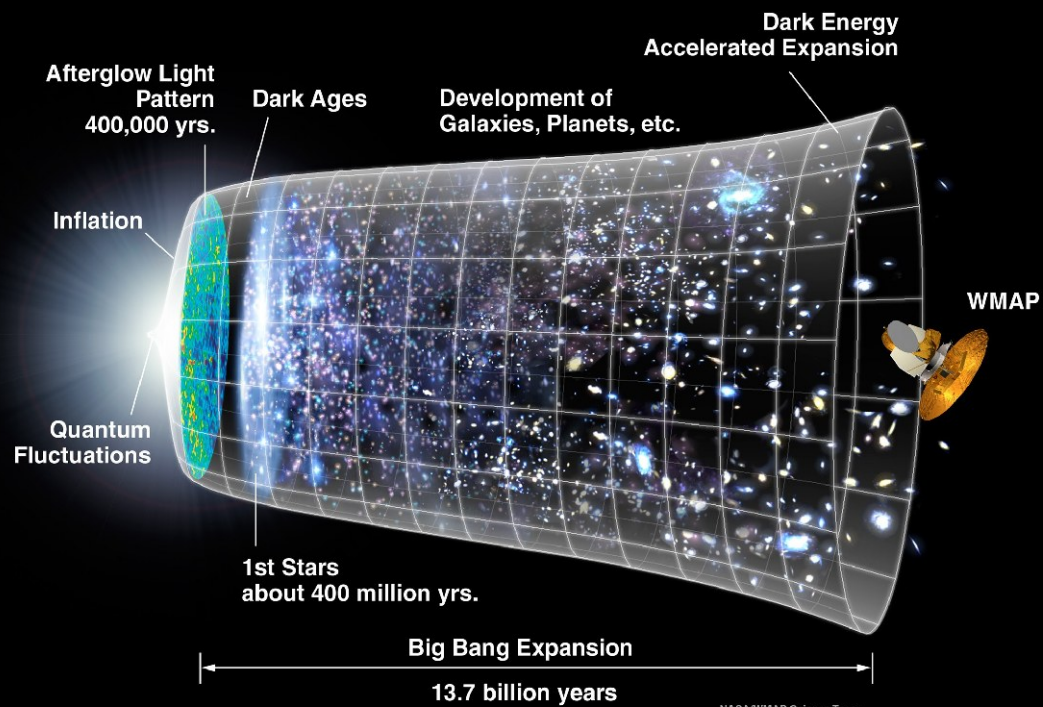








# Big Bang

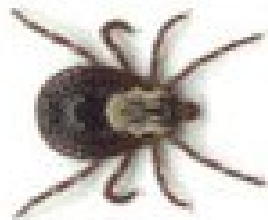
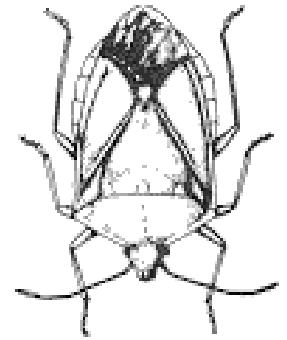


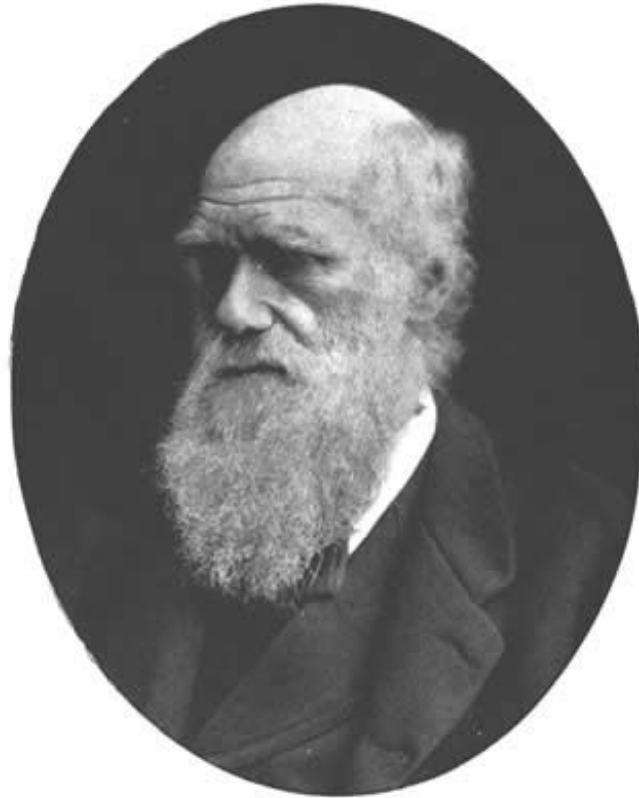
# Slime Mold





**The world is full of bugs!**





## **Evolution by Natural Selection**

*But how are the things that evolve  
“created” in the first place?*

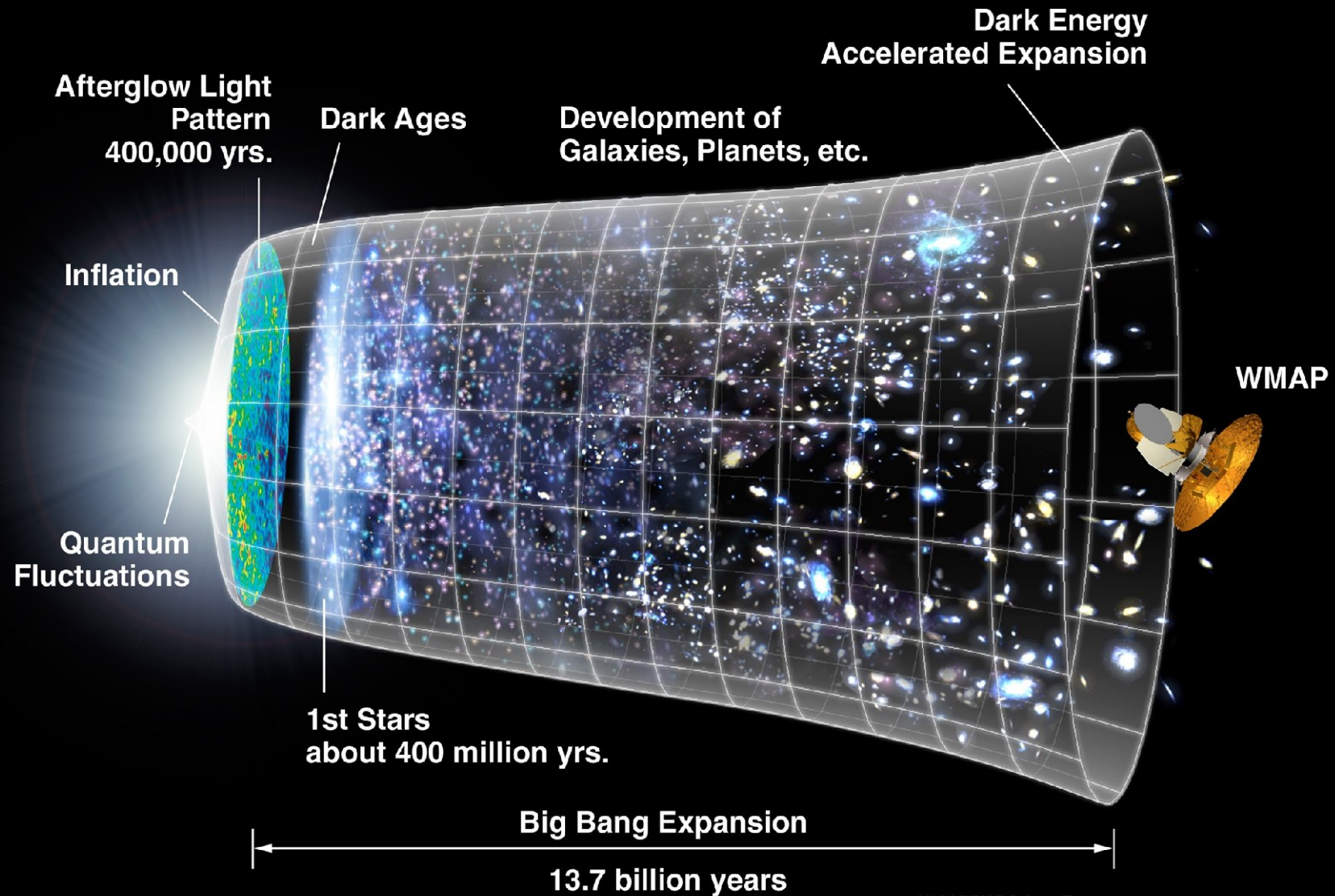


**Complexity!**

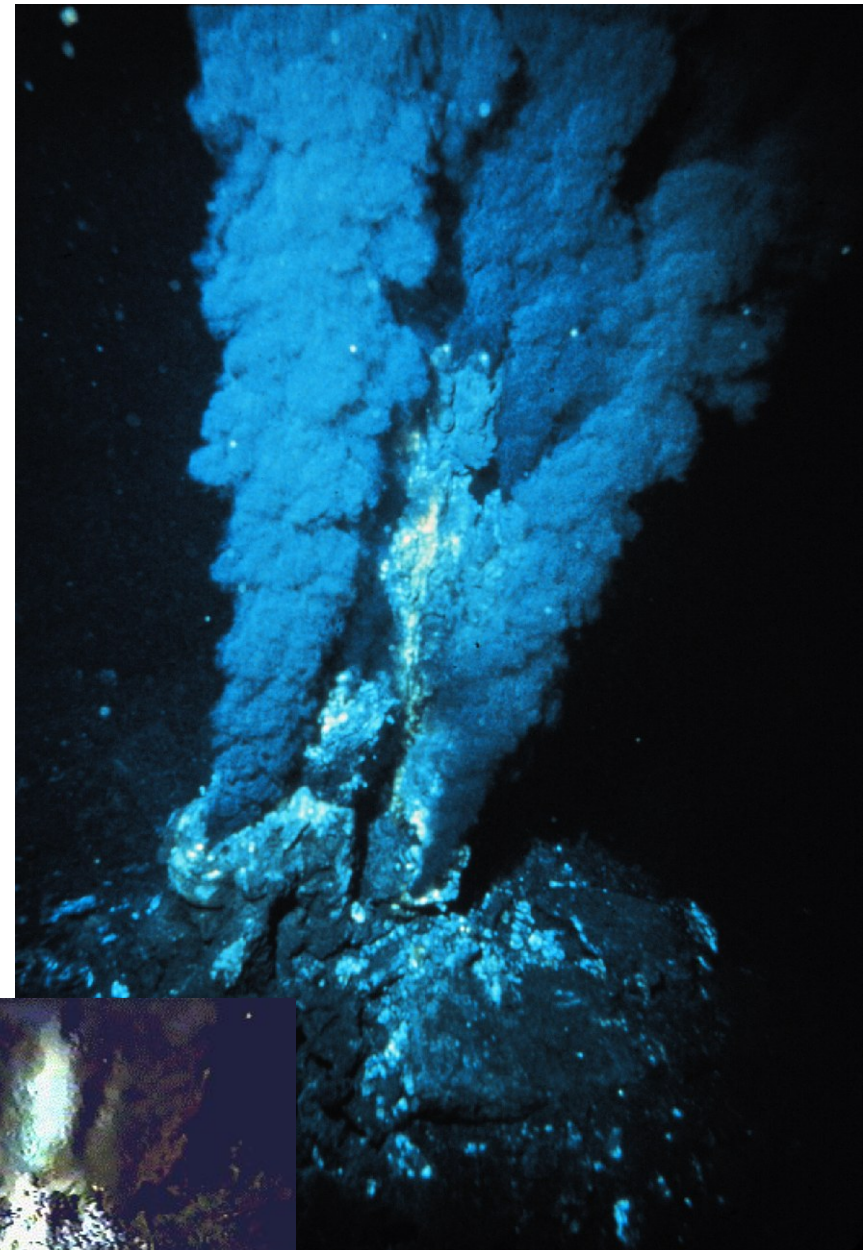
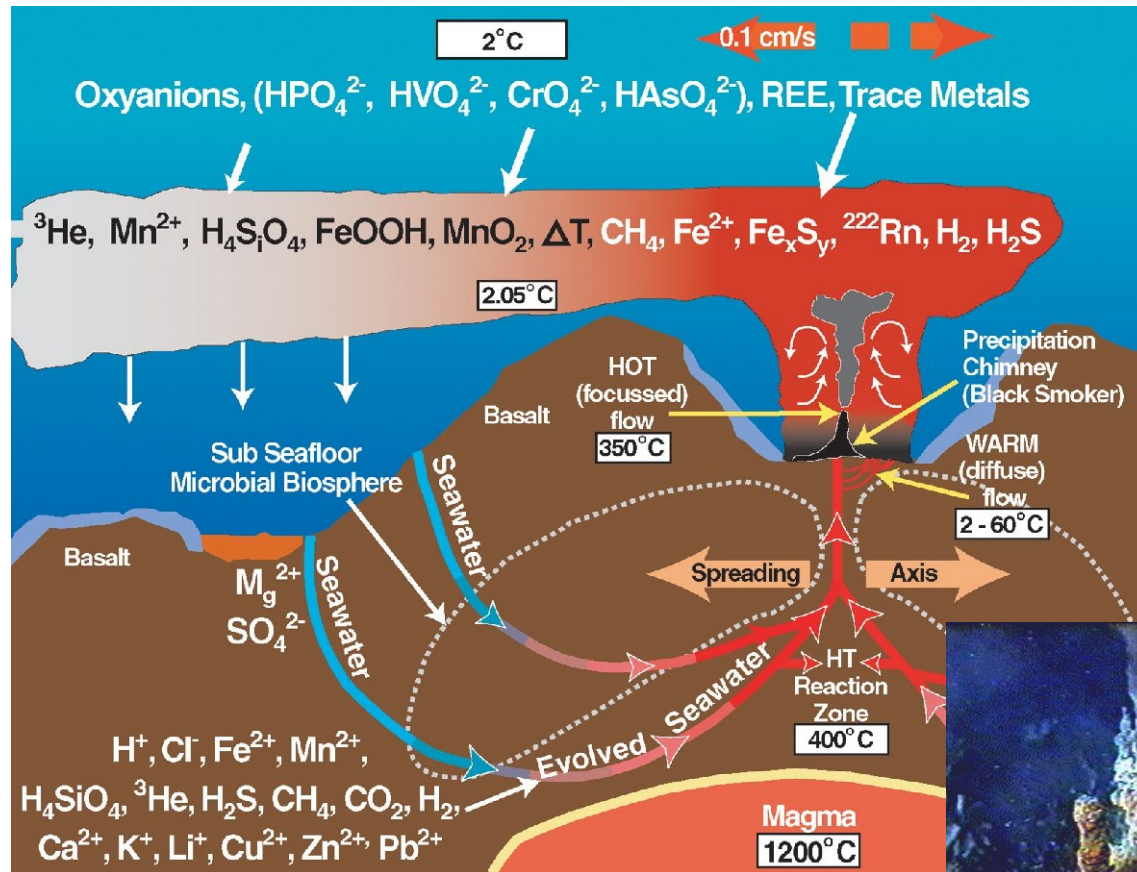




# Big Bang

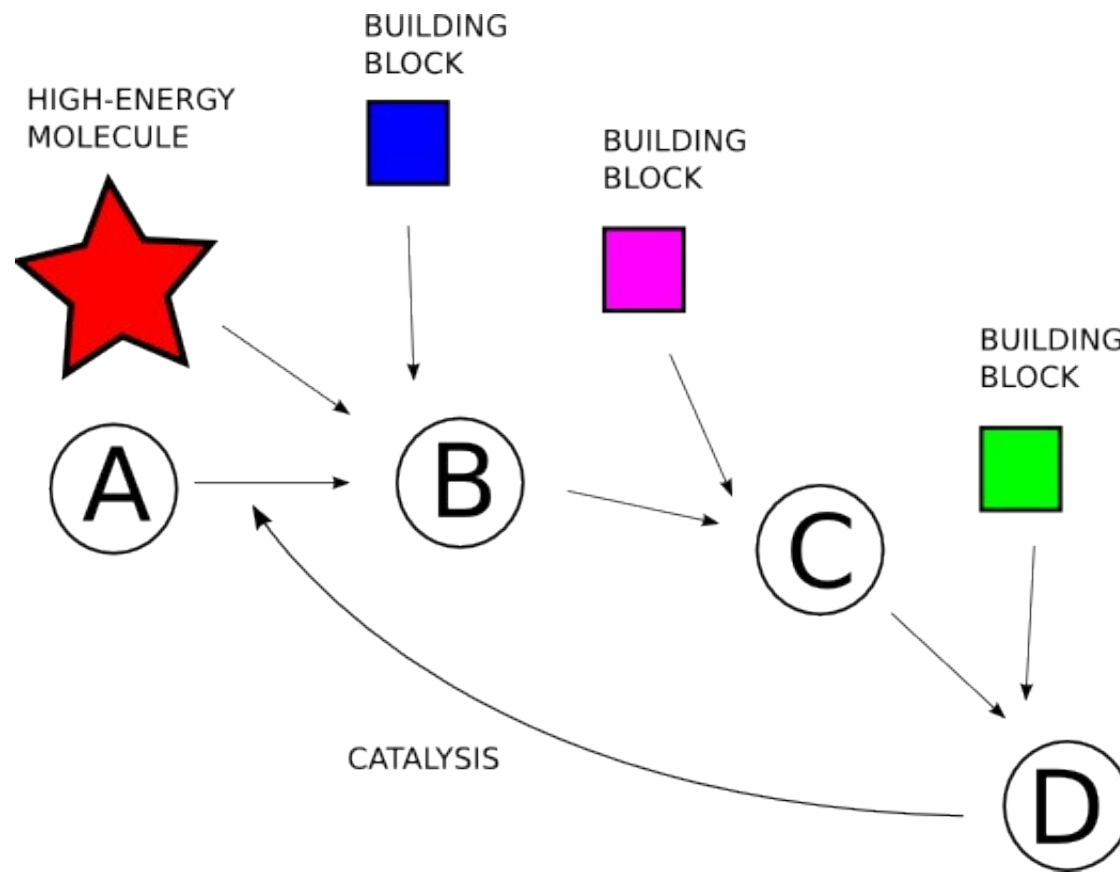


# Deep-Sea Vents



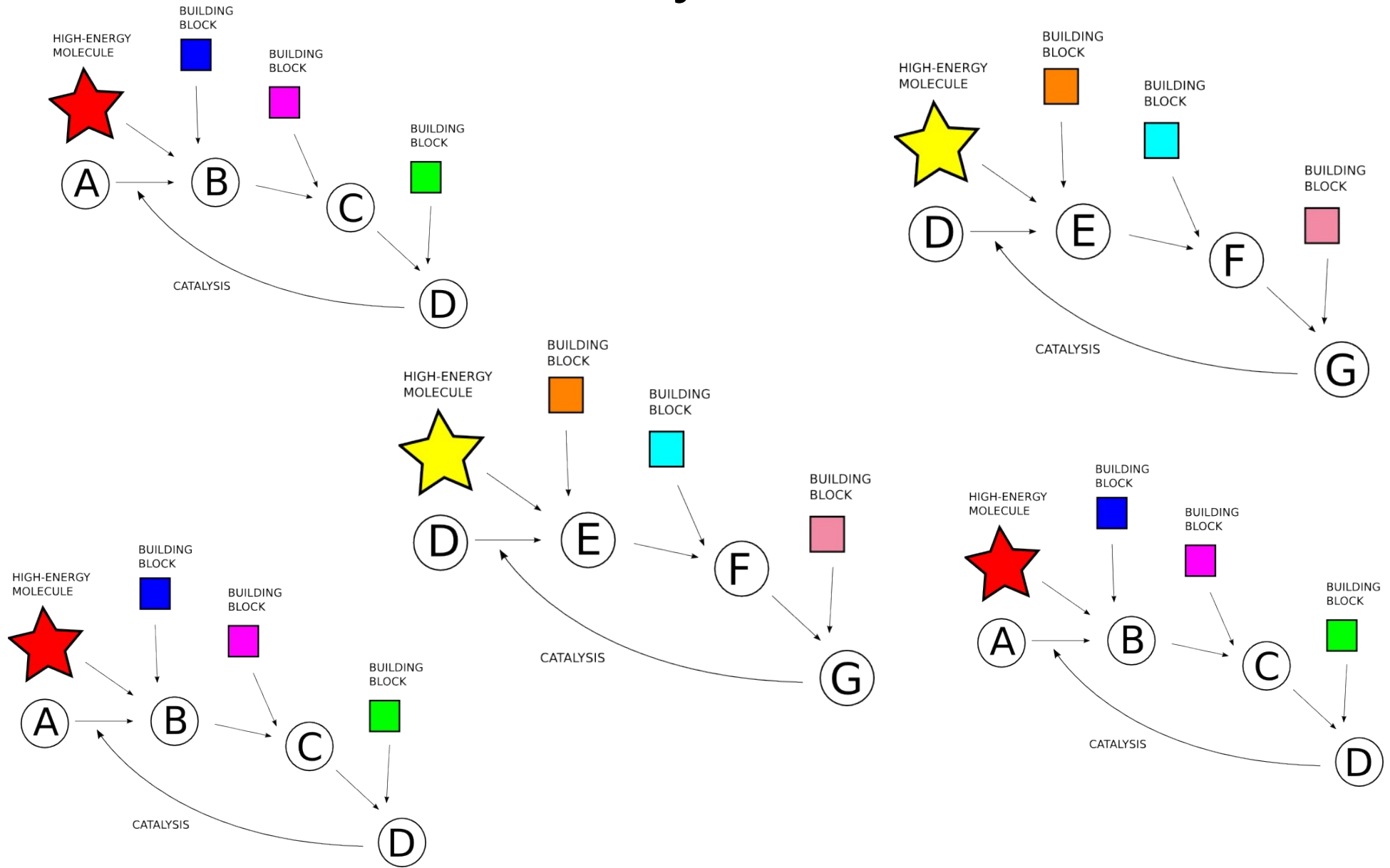


# Autocatalytic Set

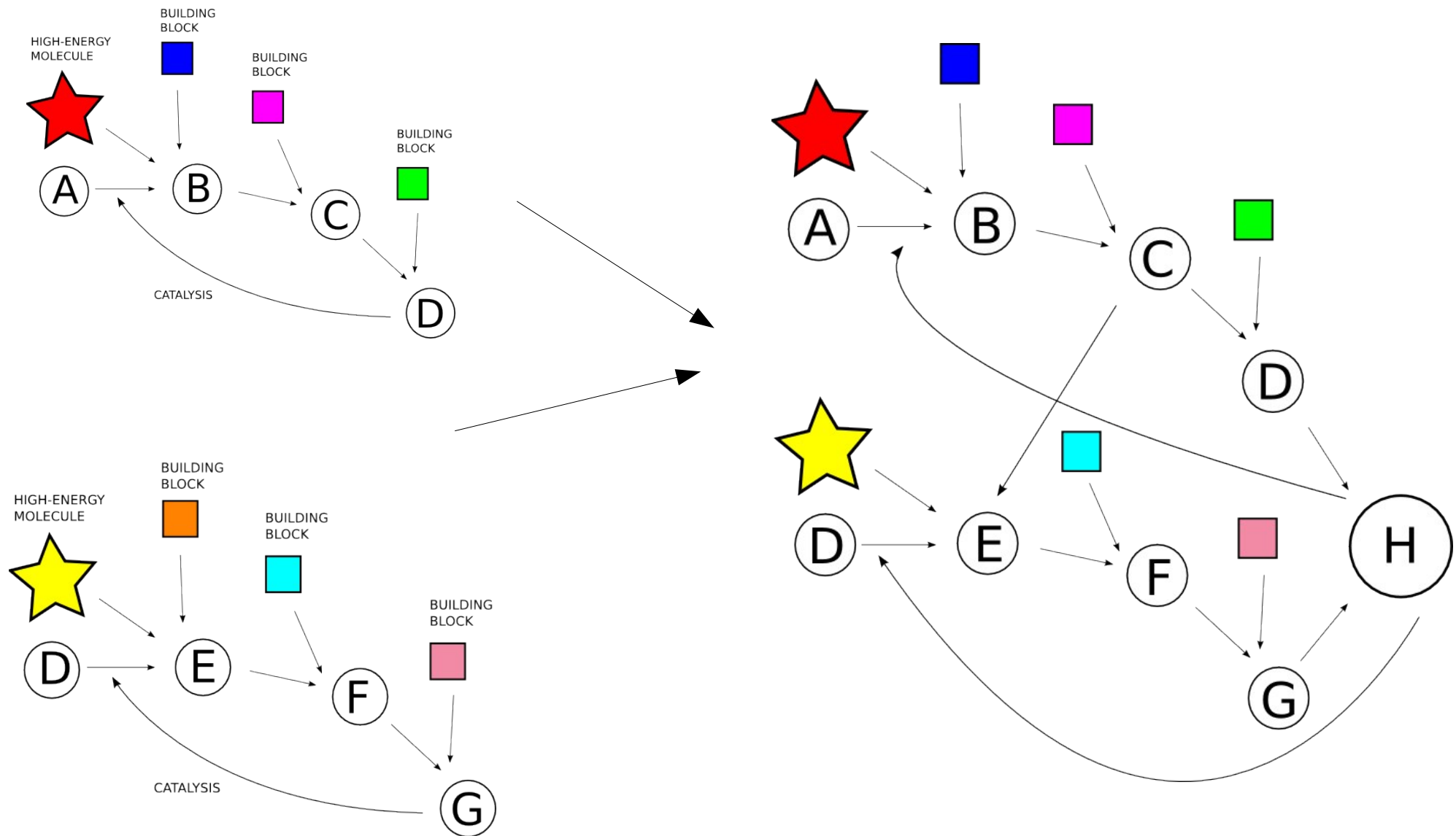




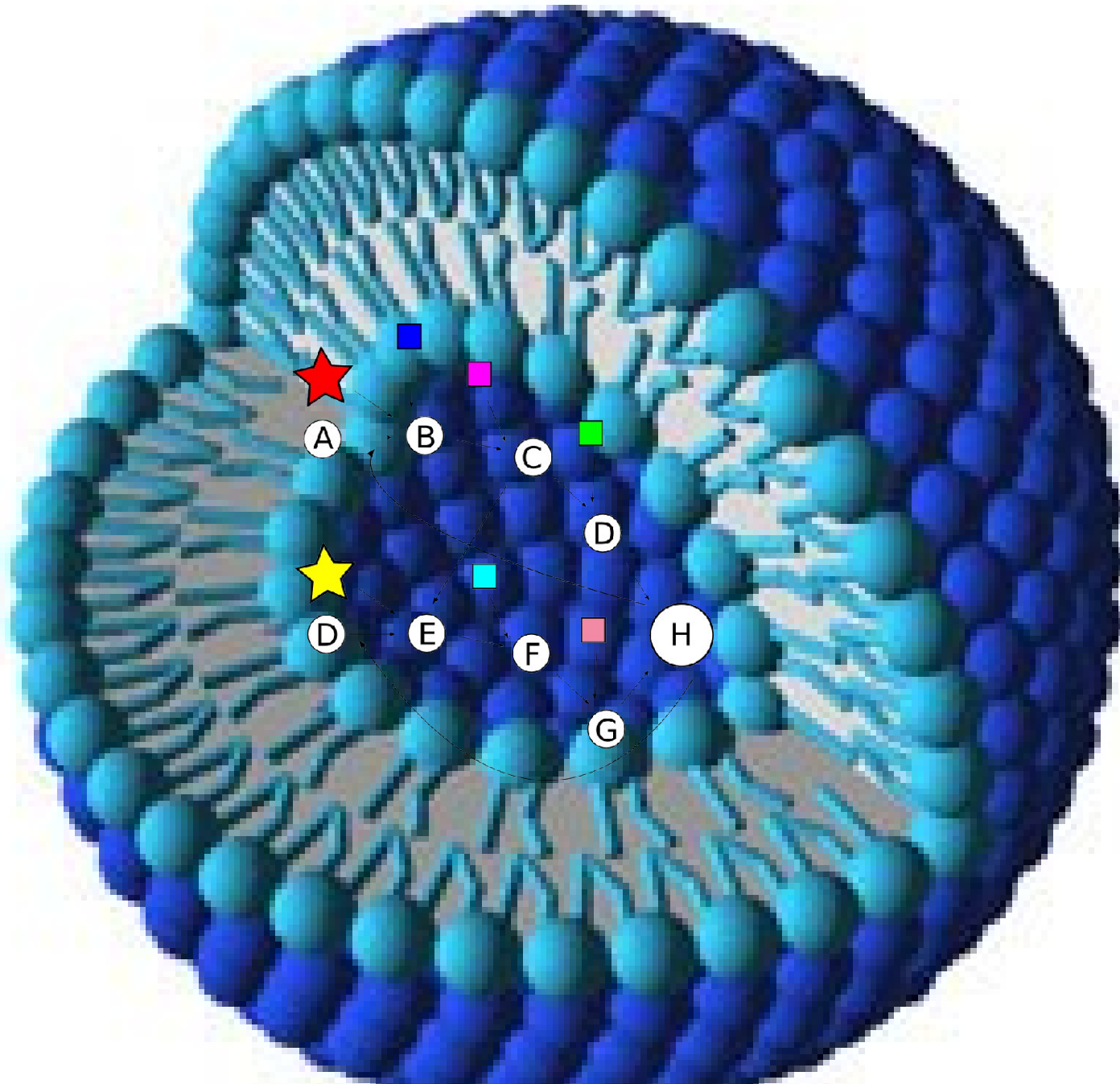
# Competition between Autocatalytic Sets



# Evolution and Coupling of Autocatalytic Sets



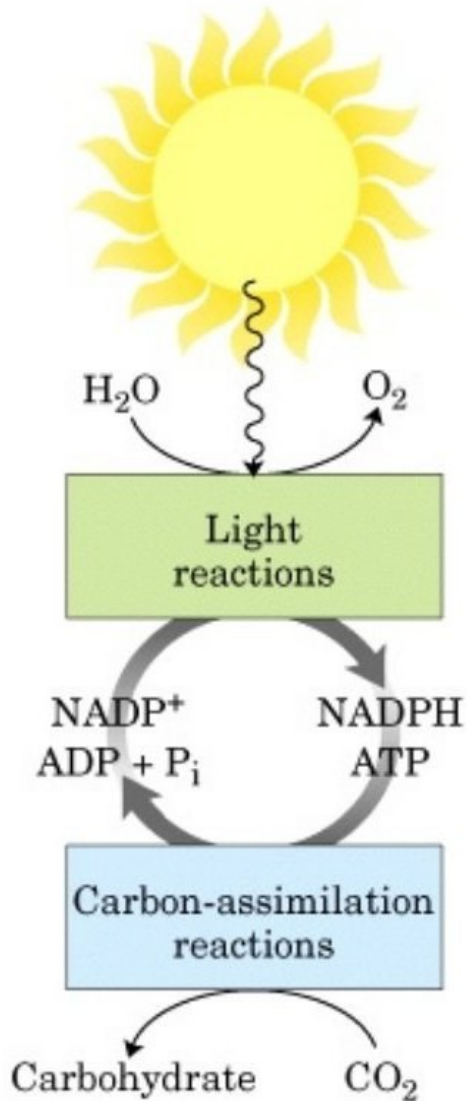
# Enclosure by a lipid-bilayer



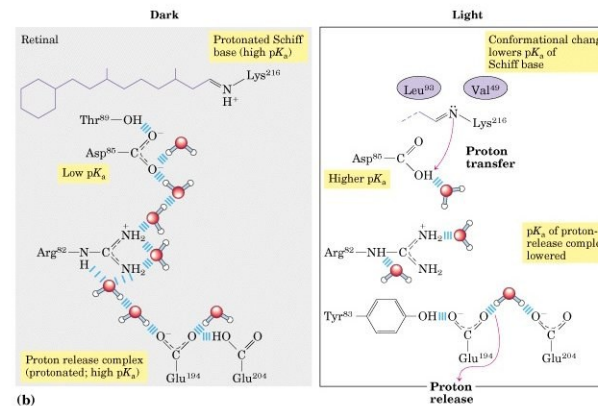
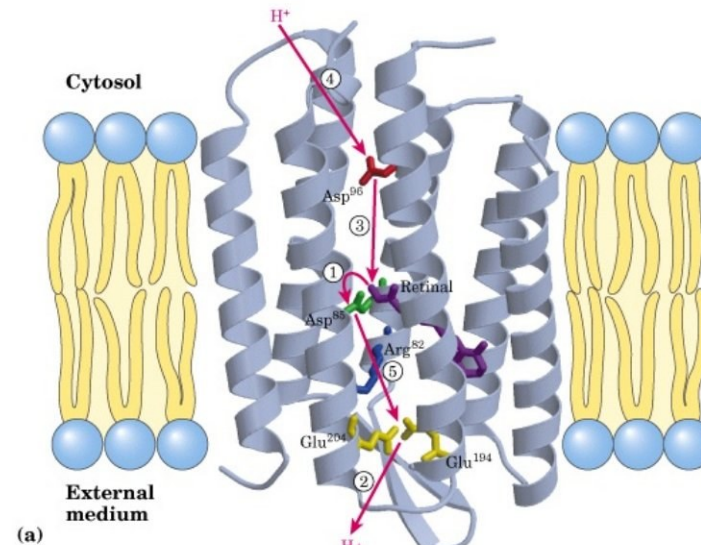


# Photosynthesis

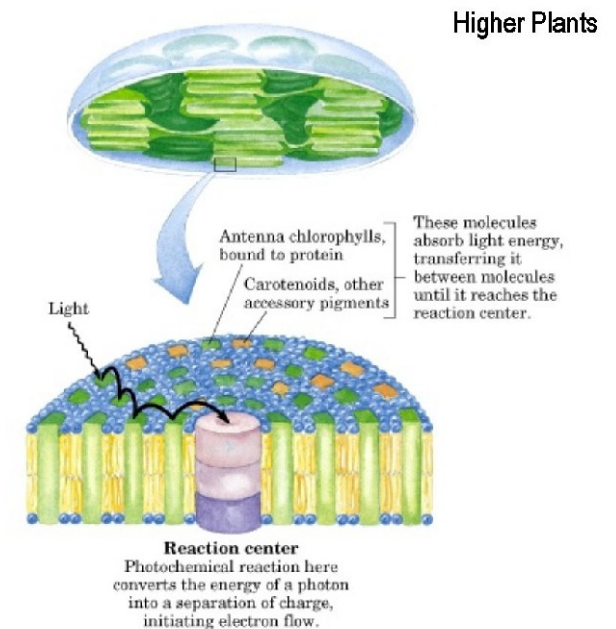
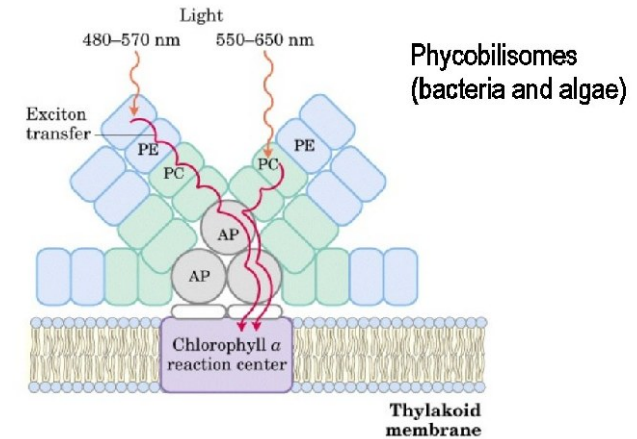
*Capturing Energy Directly from Sunlight*

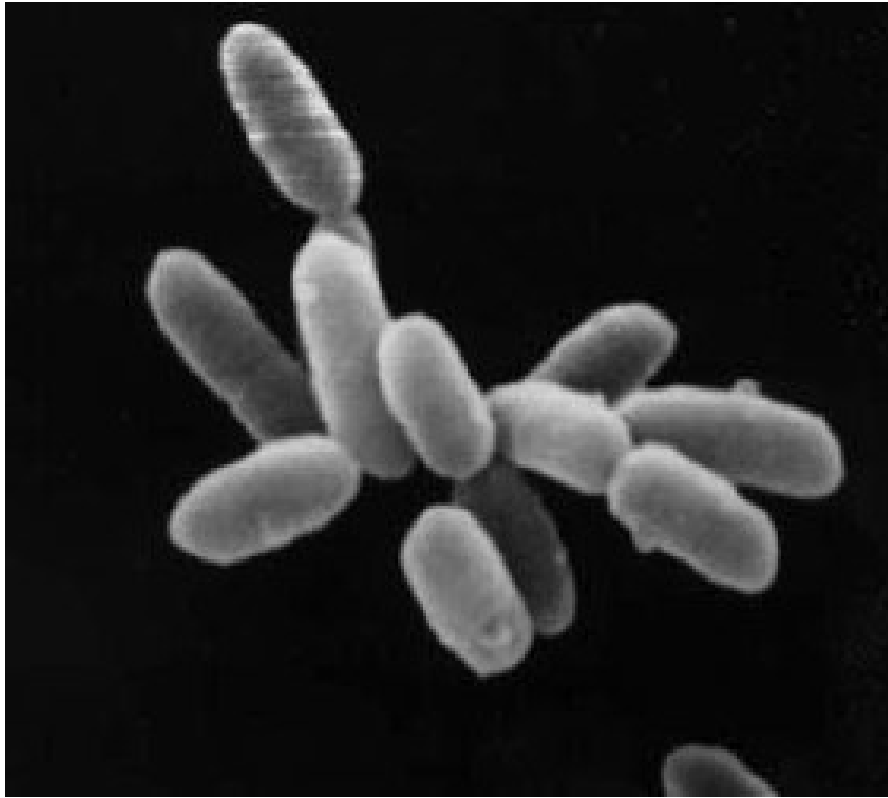


## Halobacterium: the simplest light-driven proton pump



## Light harvesting systems

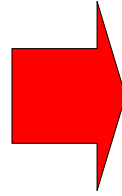
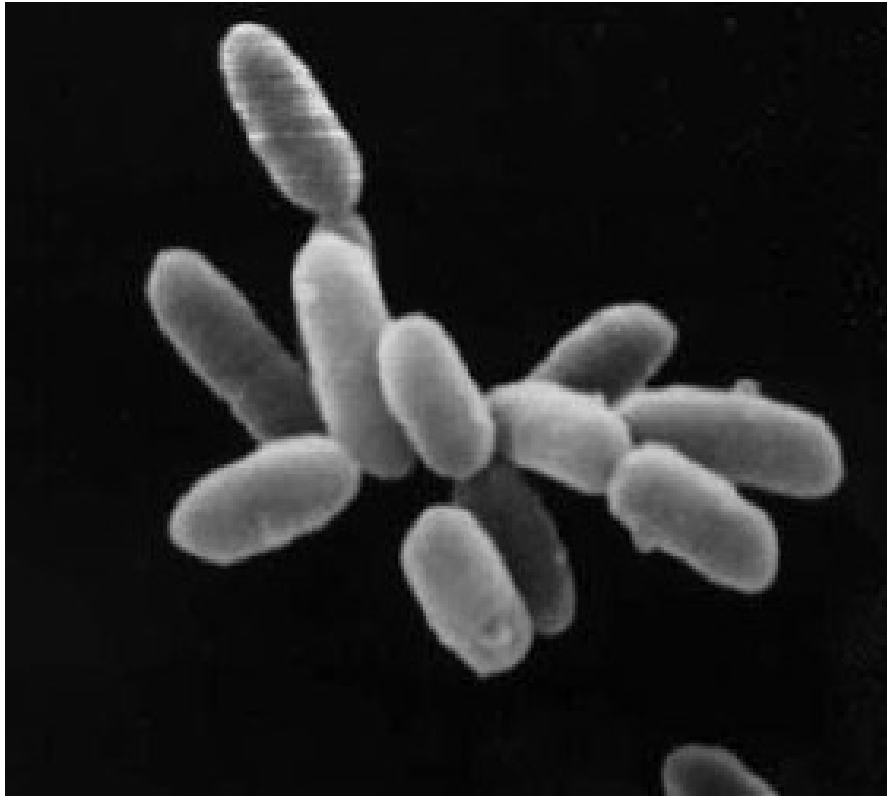




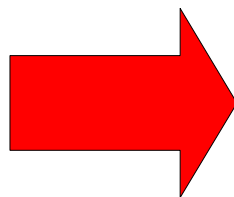
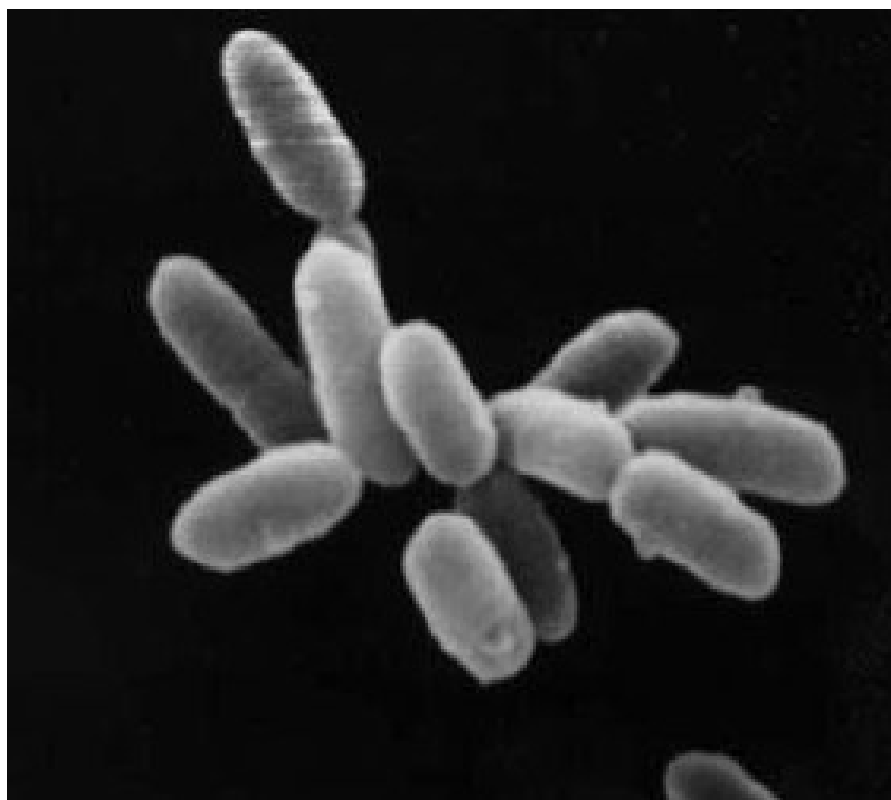
~ 3,500,000,000 years ago



~ 1,400,000,000 years ago

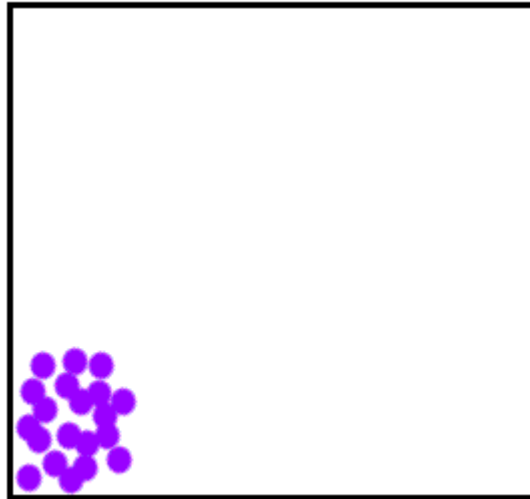






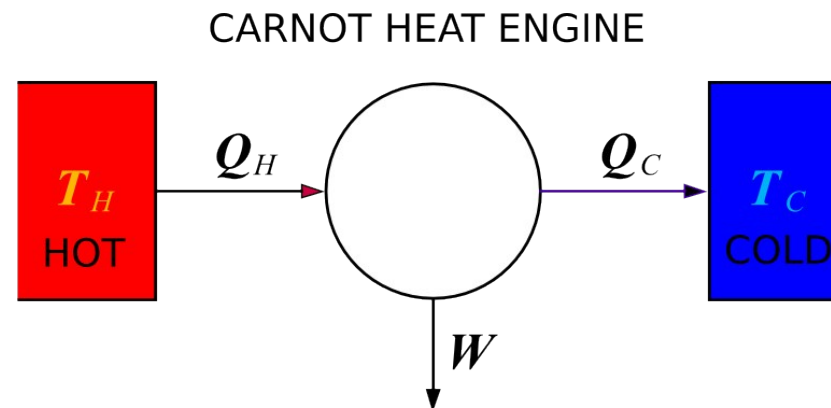
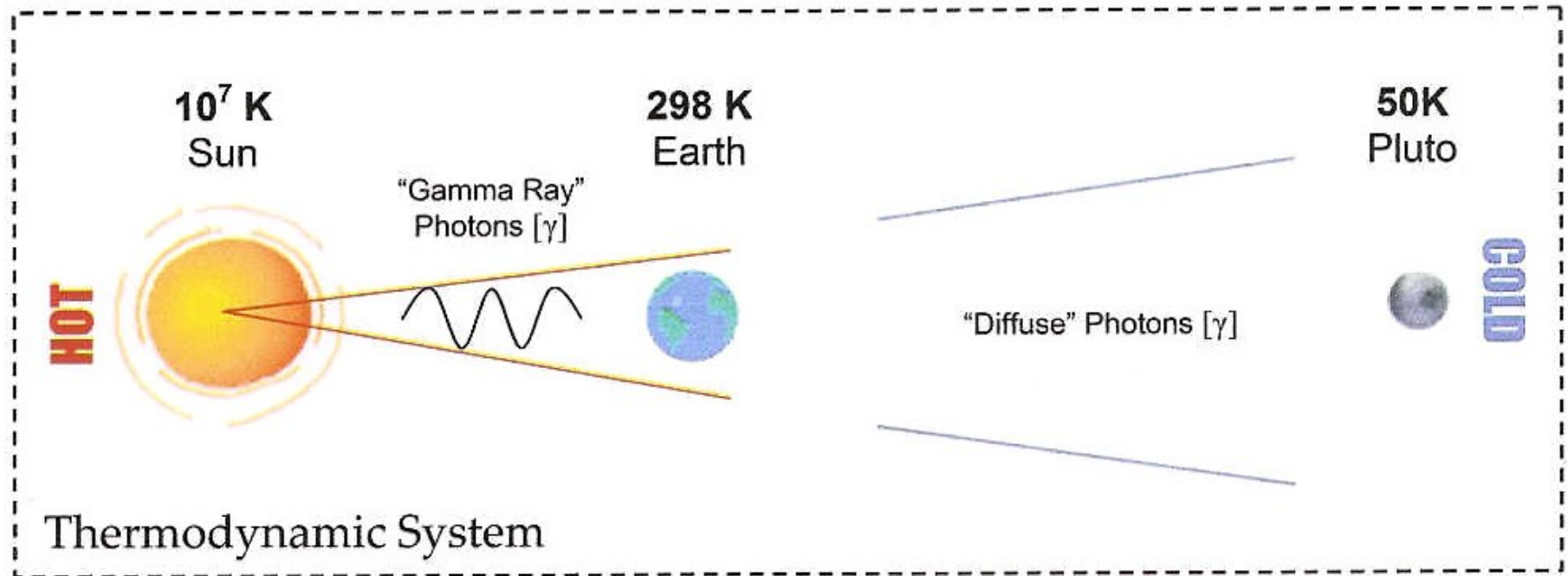
# Second Law of Thermodynamics:

*Entropy Always Increases*



*Entropy  $\rightarrow$  Disorder*

# The Earth is an Open System

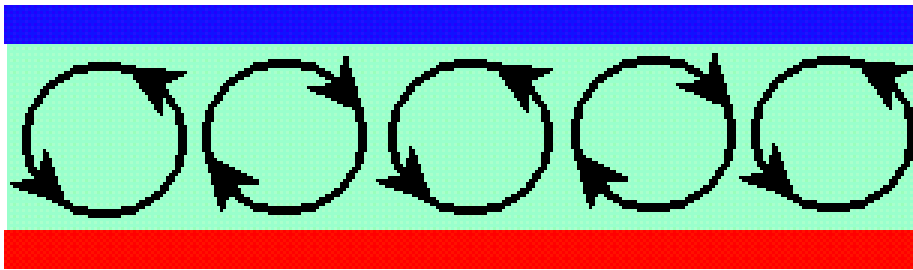


$$\text{Work done} = Q_H - Q_C$$

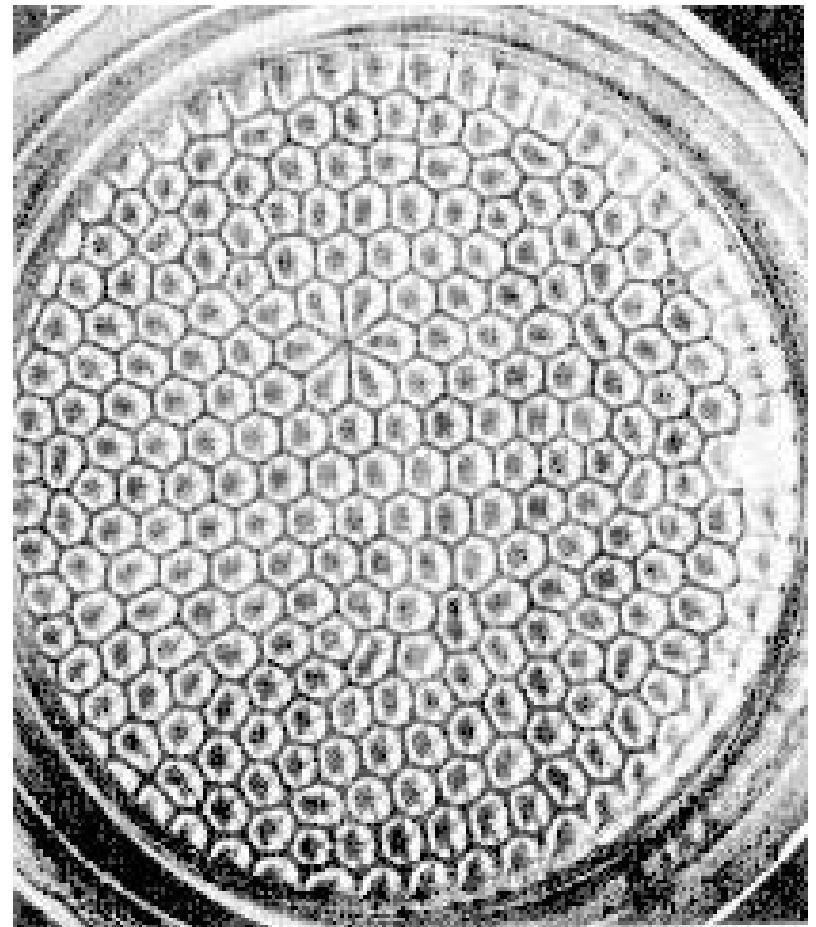
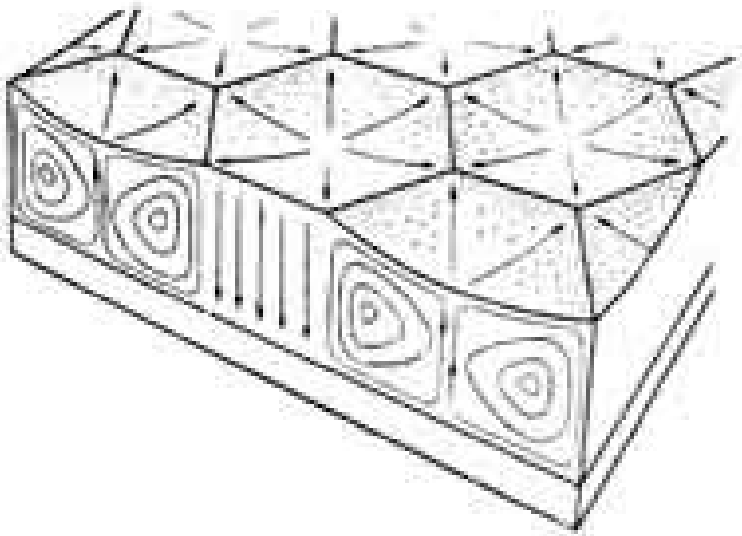
# Pattern Formation: Dissipative Structures

## *Bénard Convection Cells*

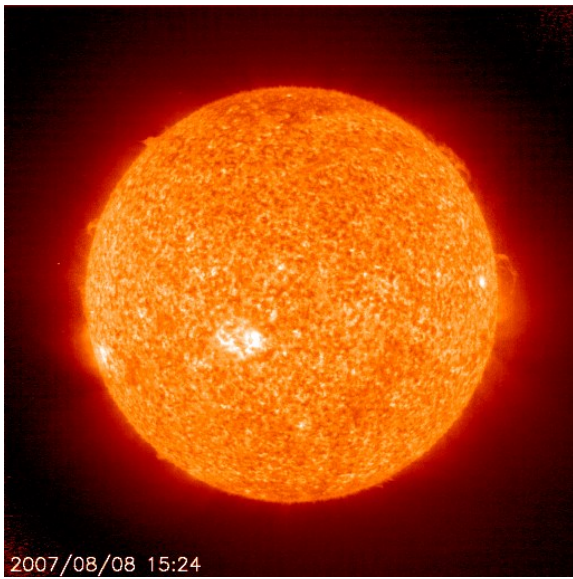
cold



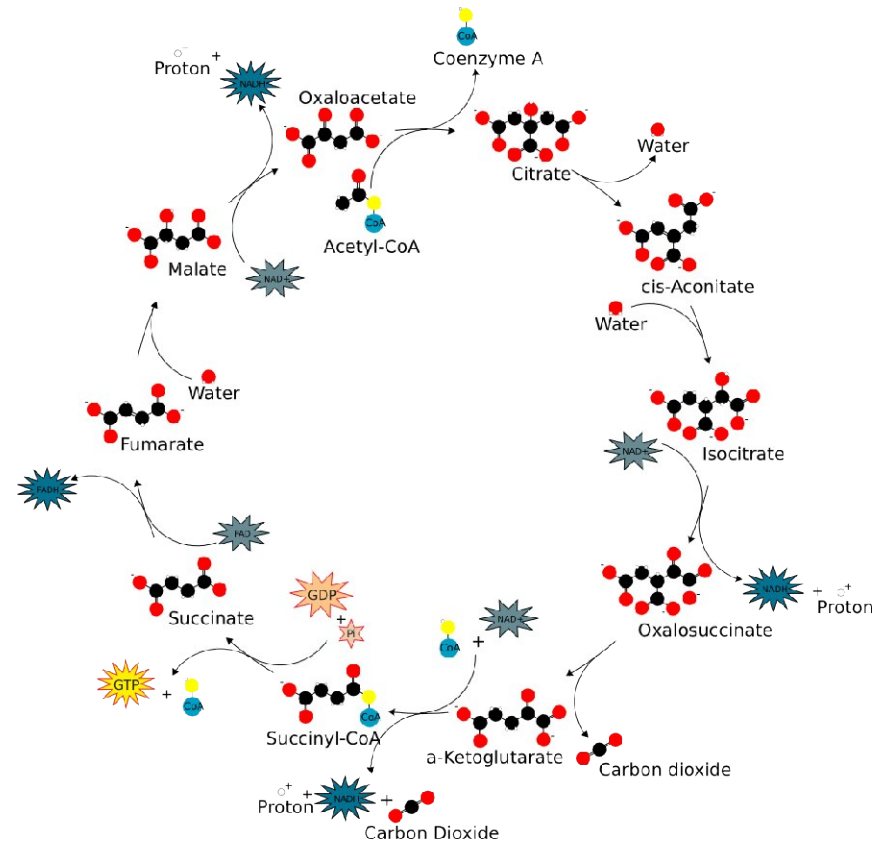
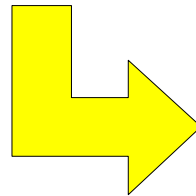
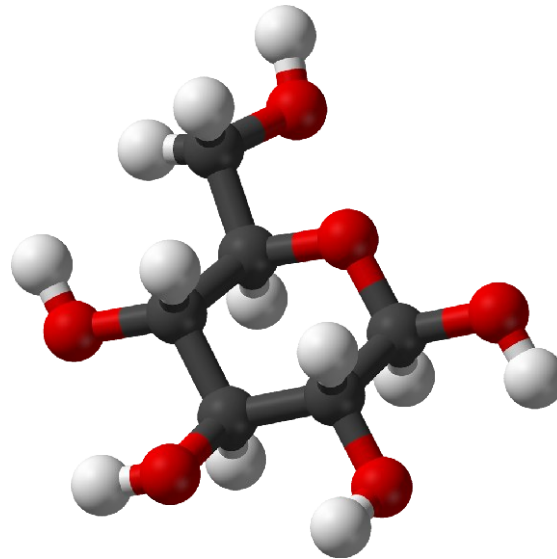
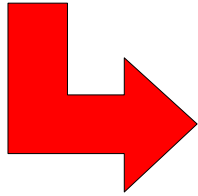
hot







# Energy Dissipation by Chemical Reactions



# Energy, Entropy and Information

Energy Gradient



Information



Energy Dissipation = Work = Structure

Gain of Entropy,  
Loss of Information

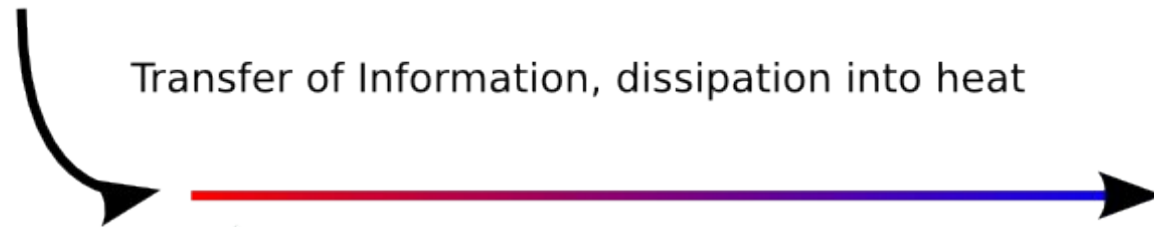
Dissipated State



No Information

# Information and Dissipative Structures

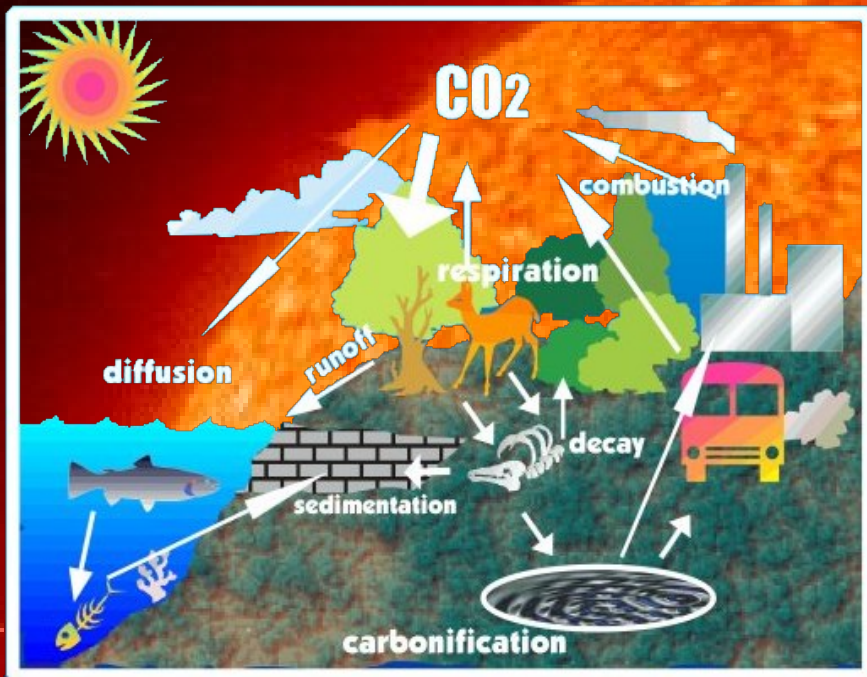
Energy Gradient



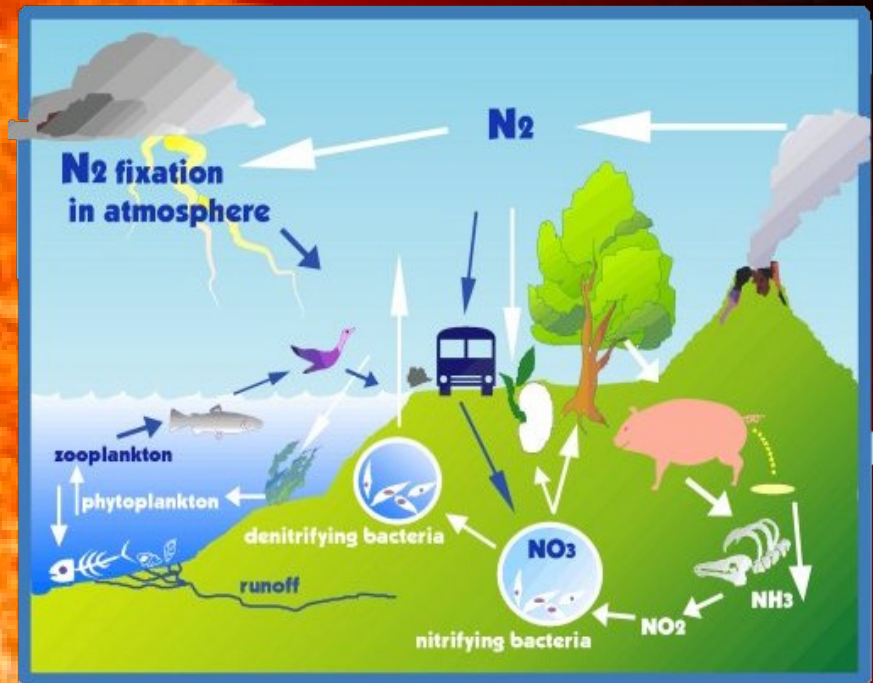
No Information



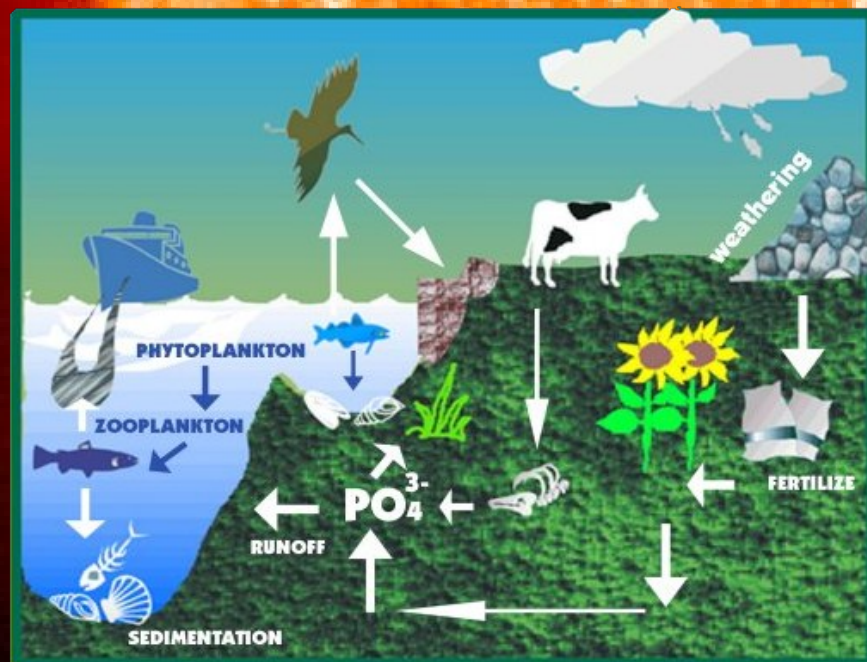
# CARBON CYCLE



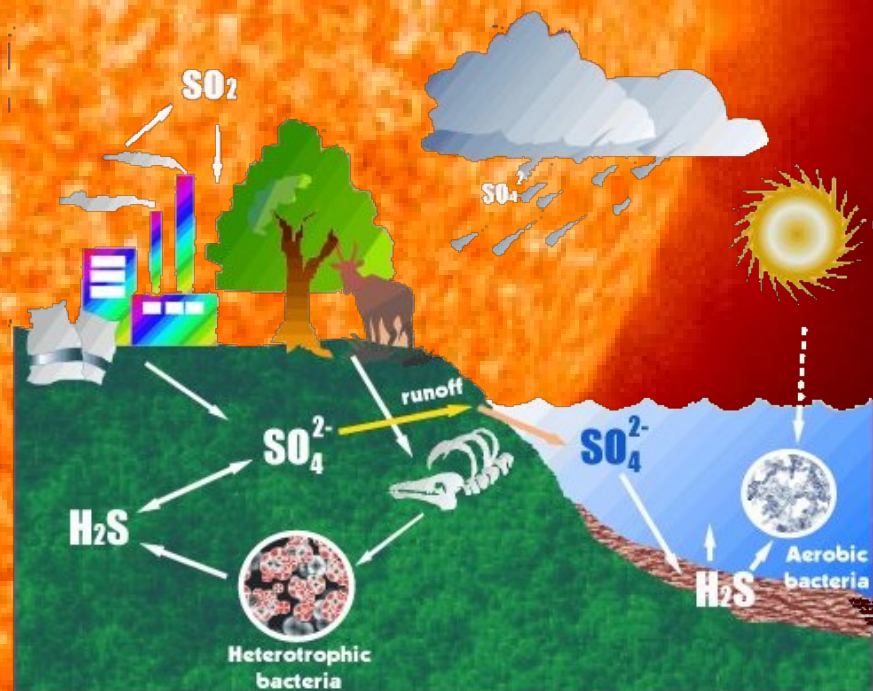
# NITROGEN CYCLE



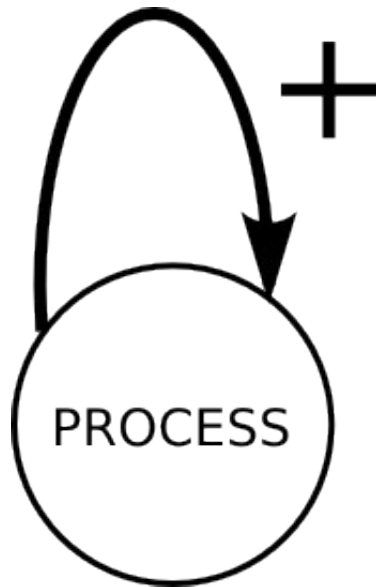
# PHOSPHORUS CYCLE



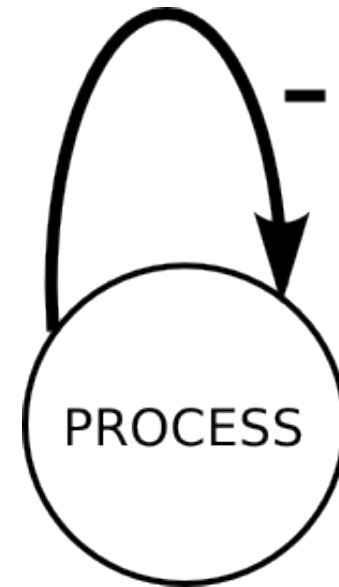
# SULPHUR CYCLE



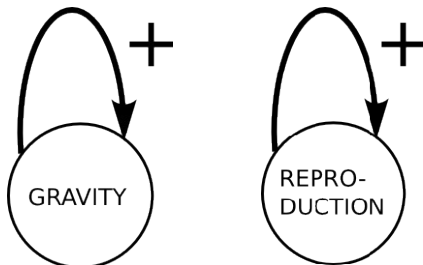
# Pattern Formation: Feedback Processes



Positive Feedback

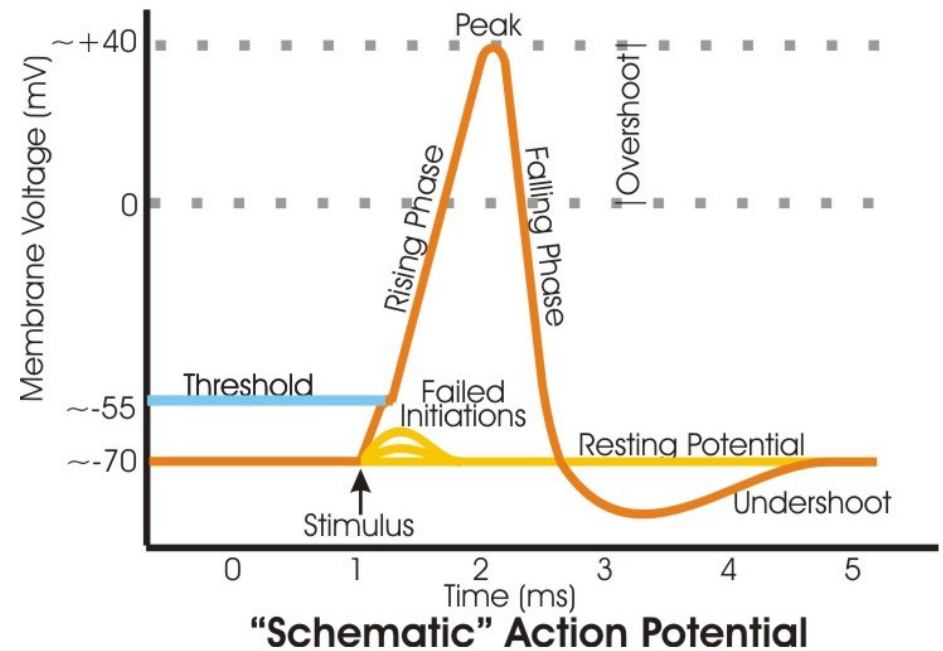
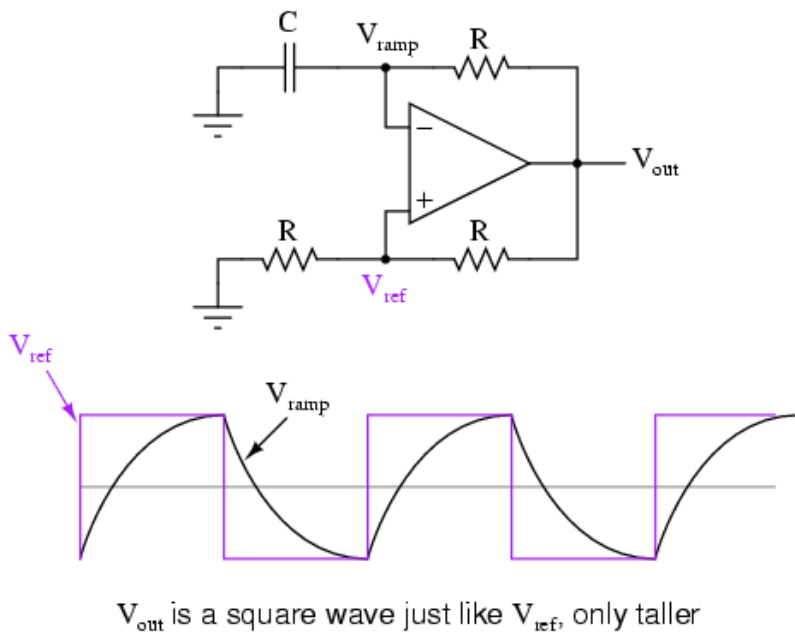


Negative Feedback



# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time

*Oscillator circuit using positive feedback*

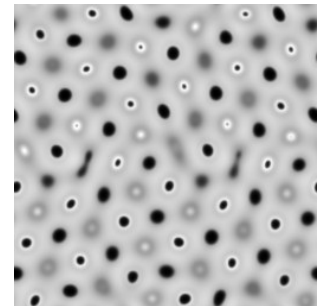
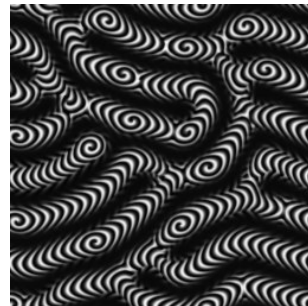
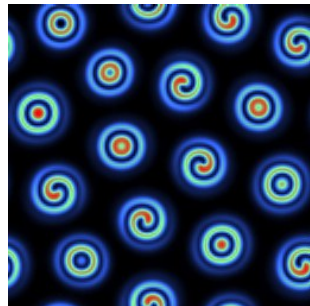
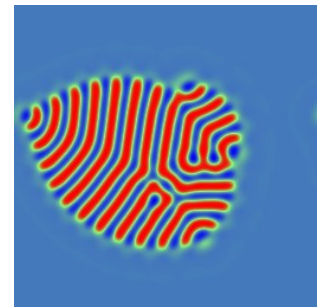
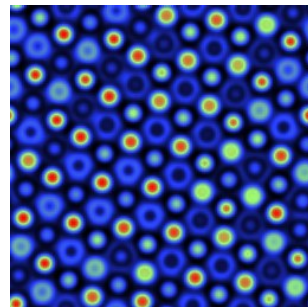
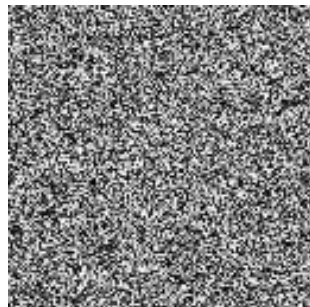
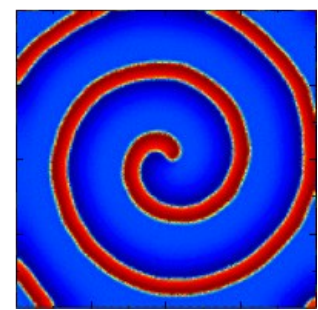
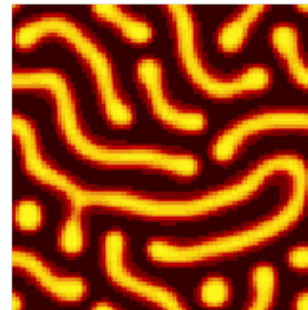
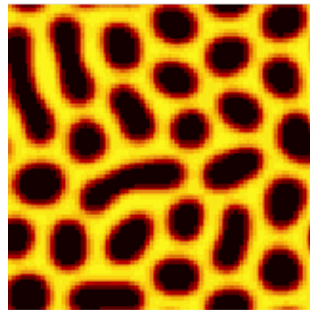




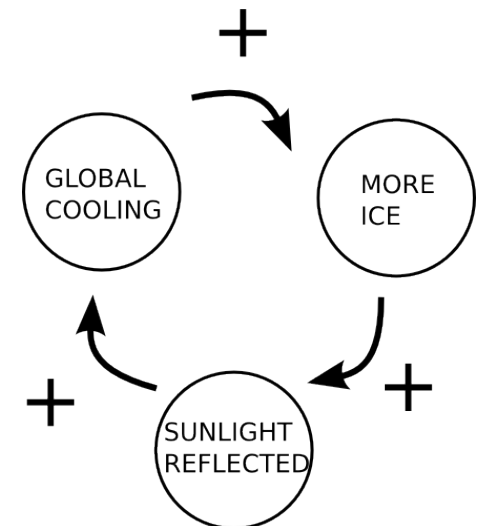
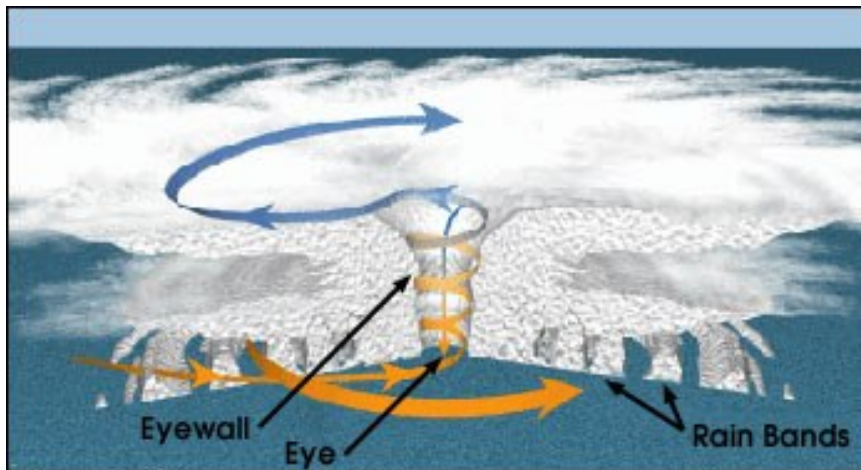
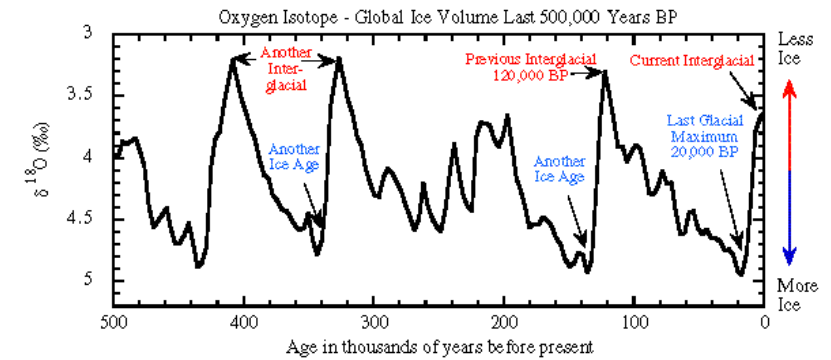
# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time and Space



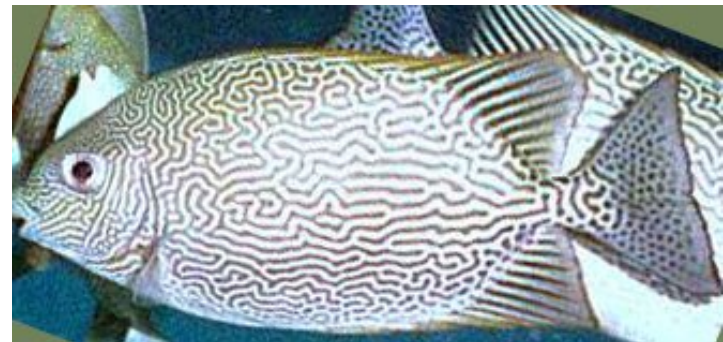
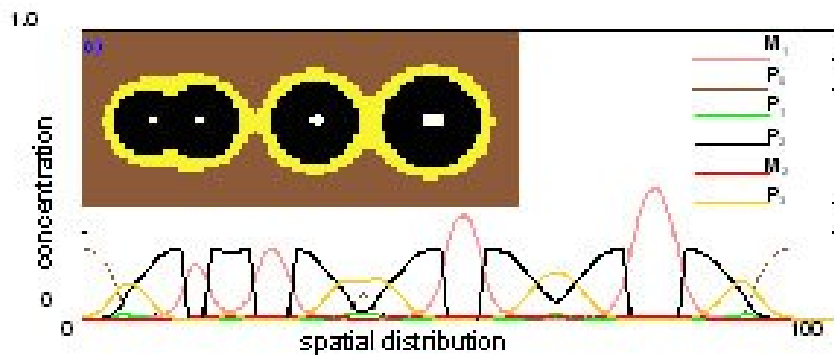
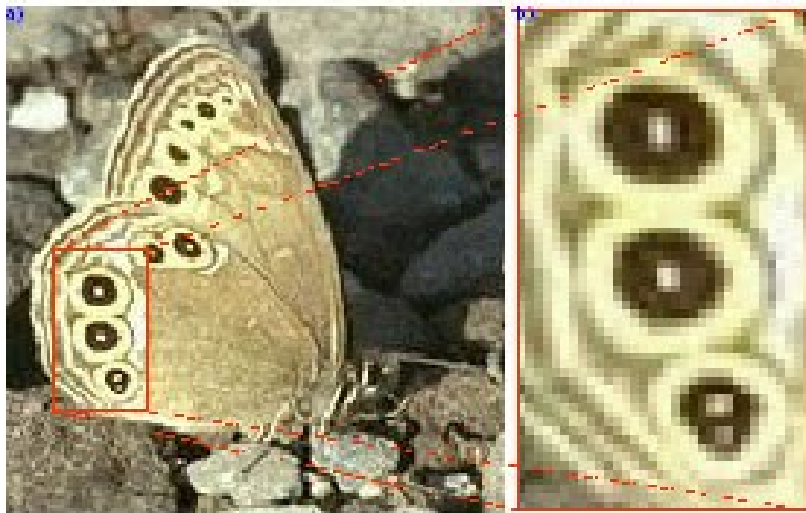
Alan Turing



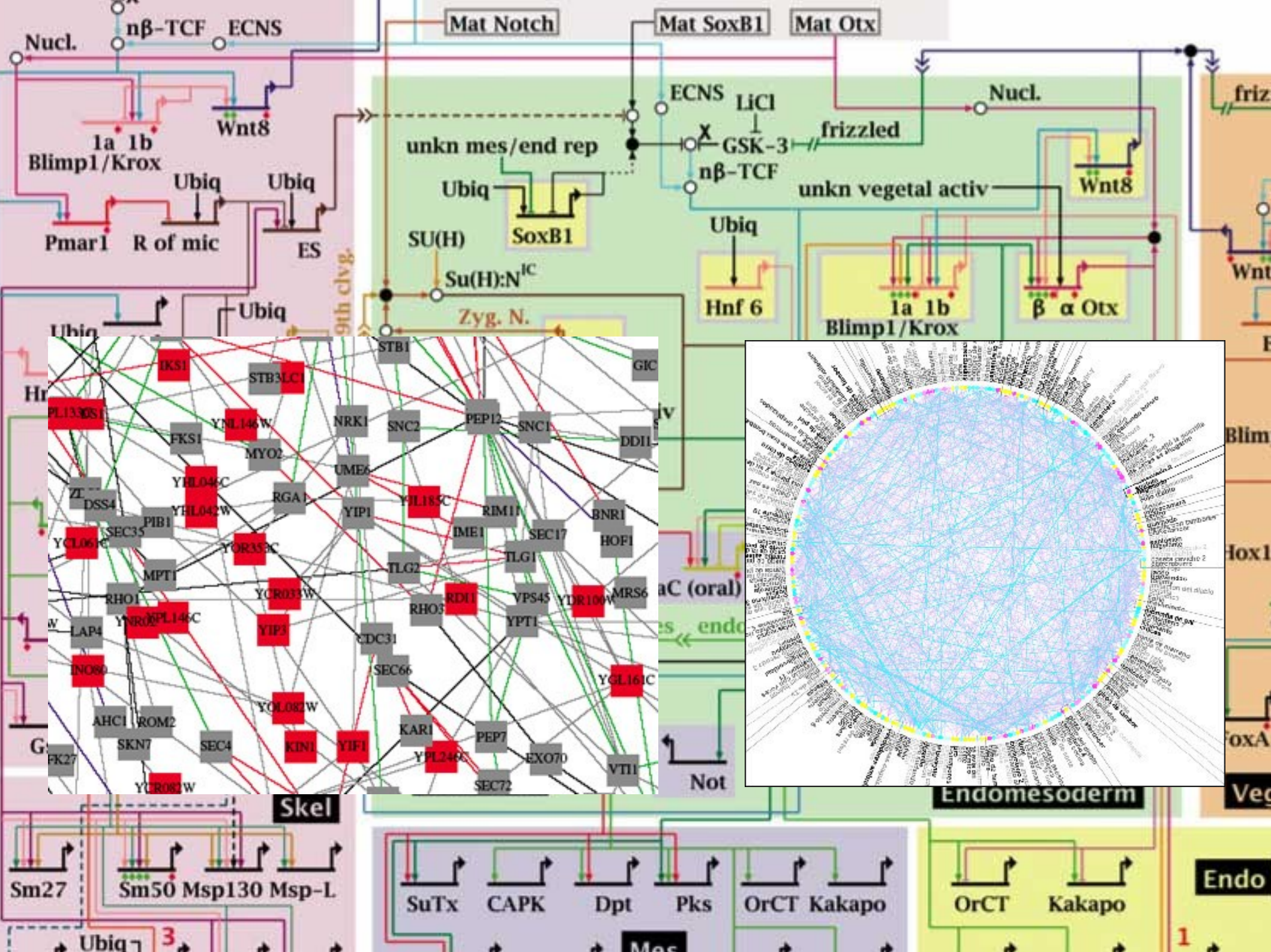
# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time and Space



# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time and Space

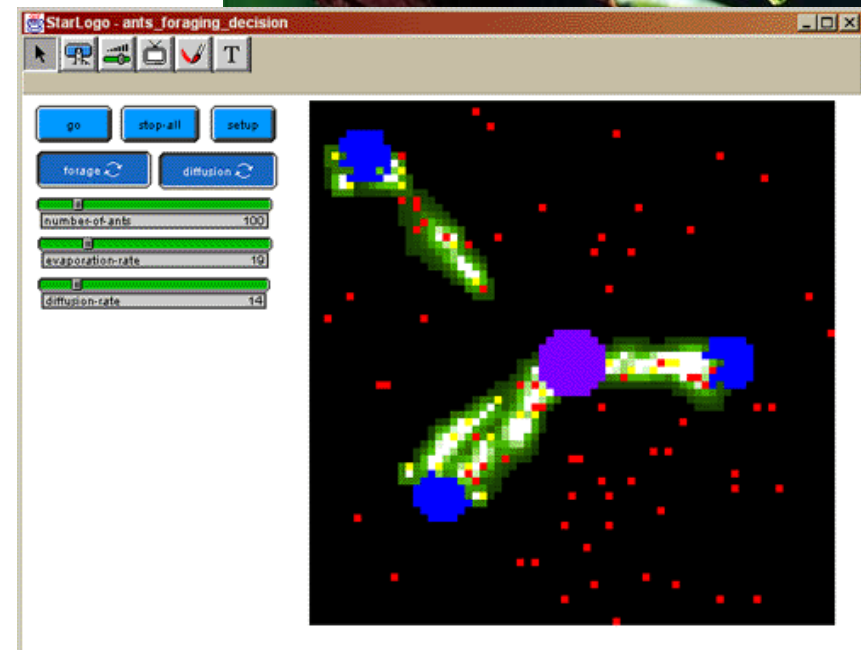
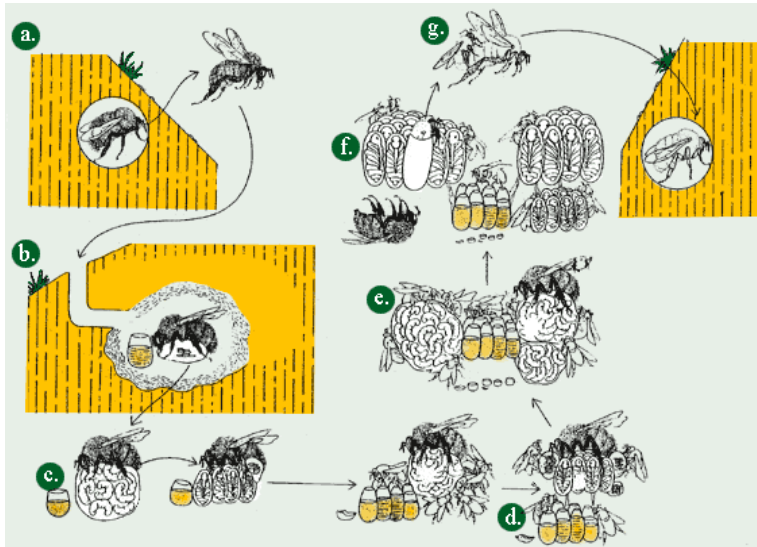




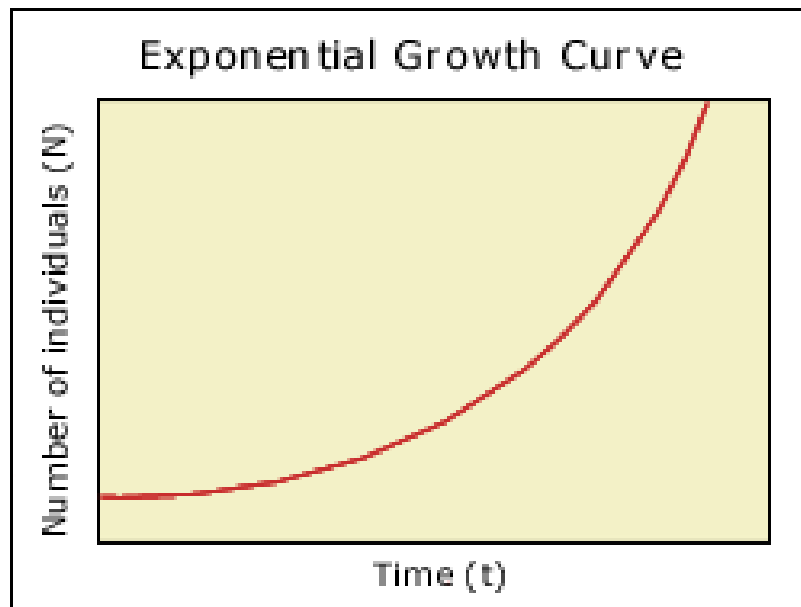




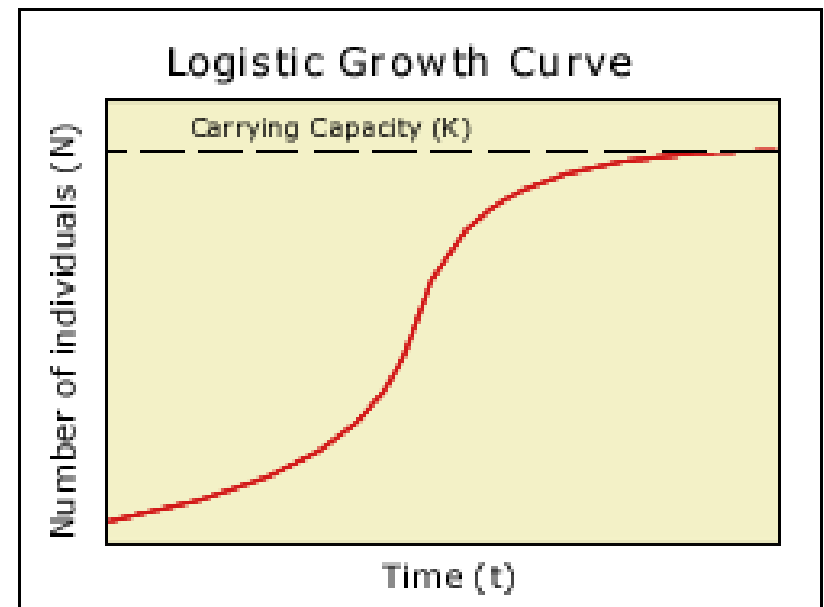
# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time and Space



# Positive and Negative Feedback Combined in Time and Space

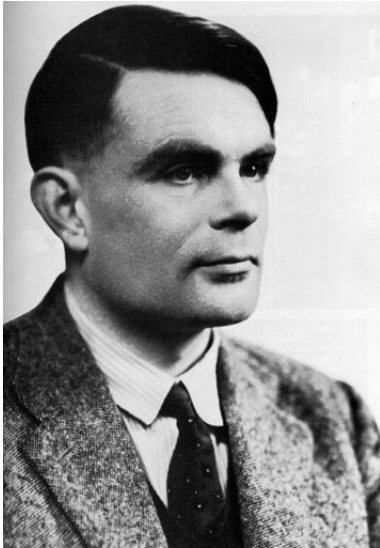


Positive Feedback Causes Growth



Negative Feedback Causes Selection

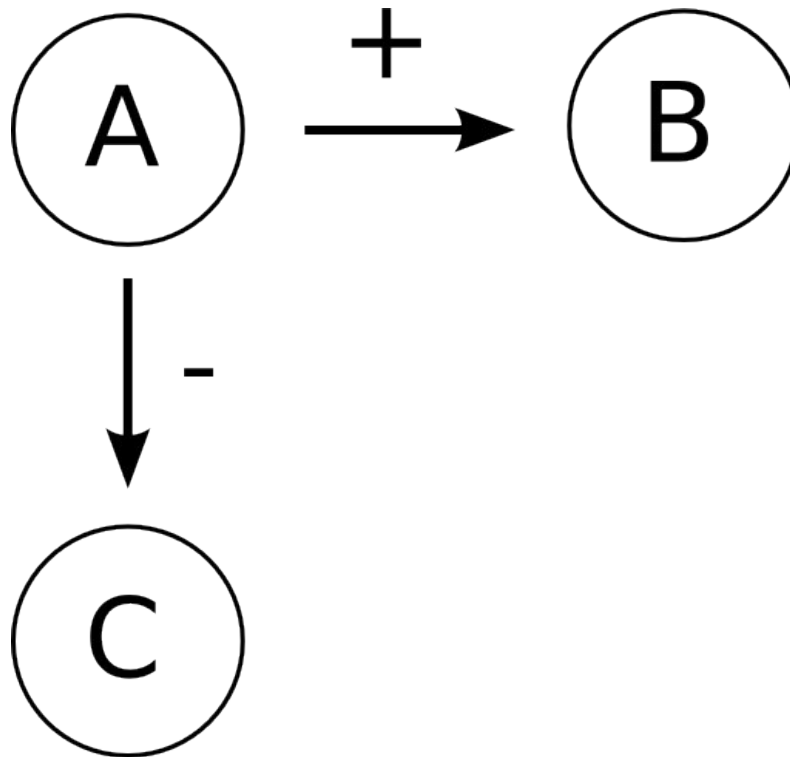
# But... There's More Than Just Feedback



“The stripes are easy, but the horse part is harder to explain”

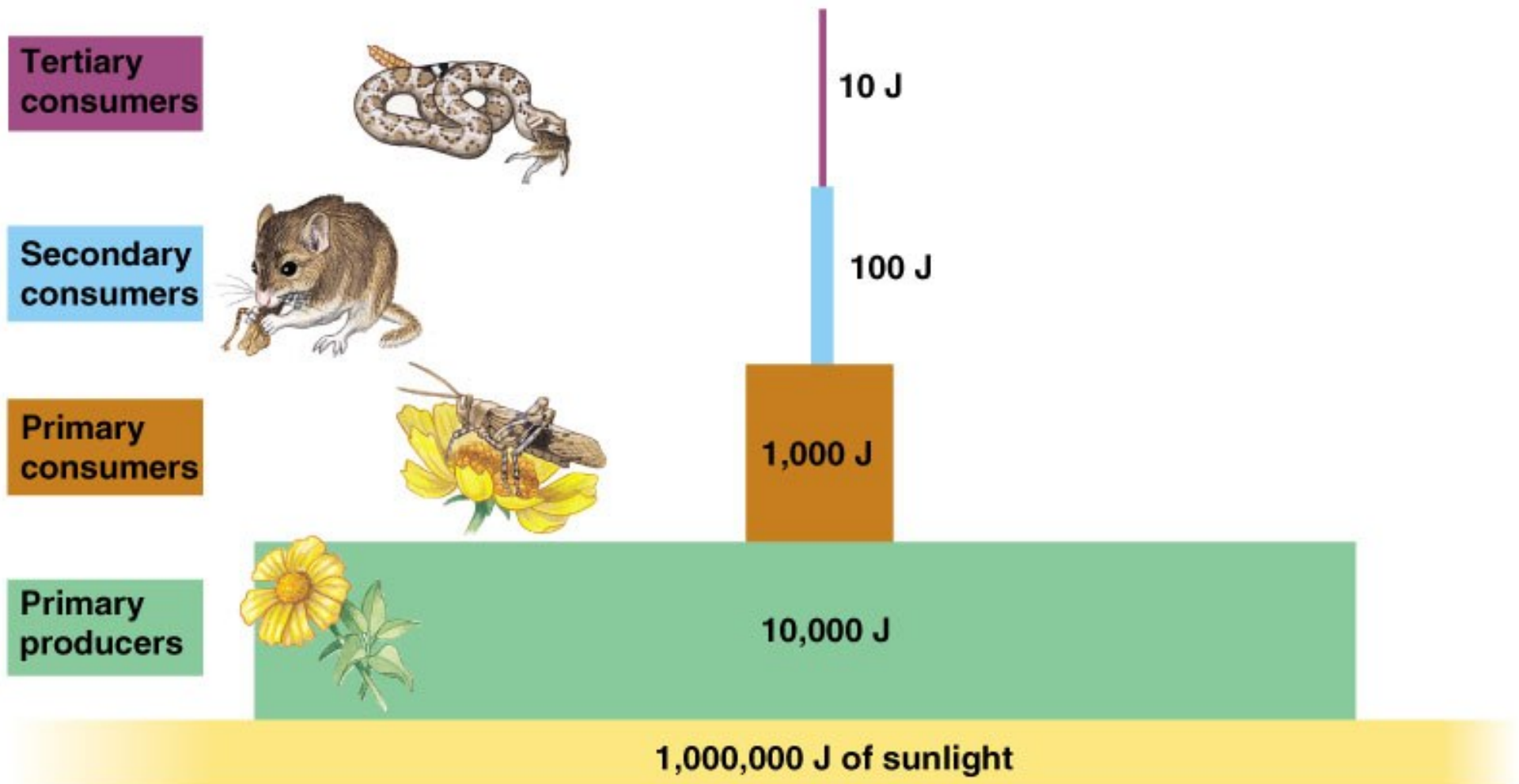


# Pattern Formation: Interactions



# Trophic Interactions

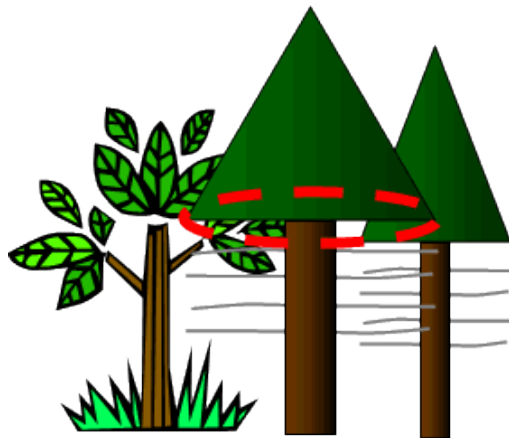
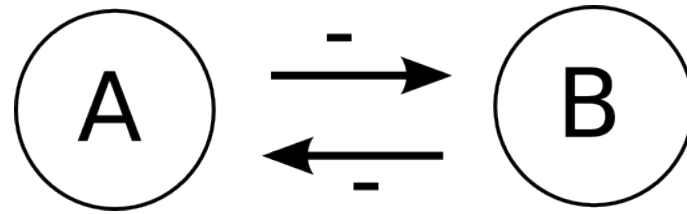
*“Eating and Being Eaten”*



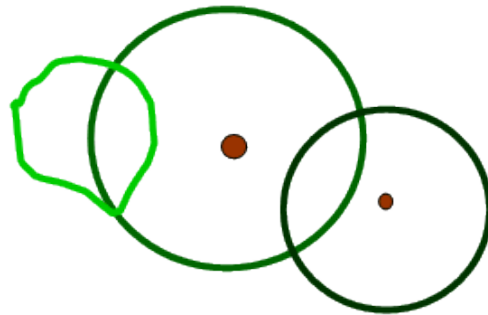


### A simplified food web for the Northwest Atlantic

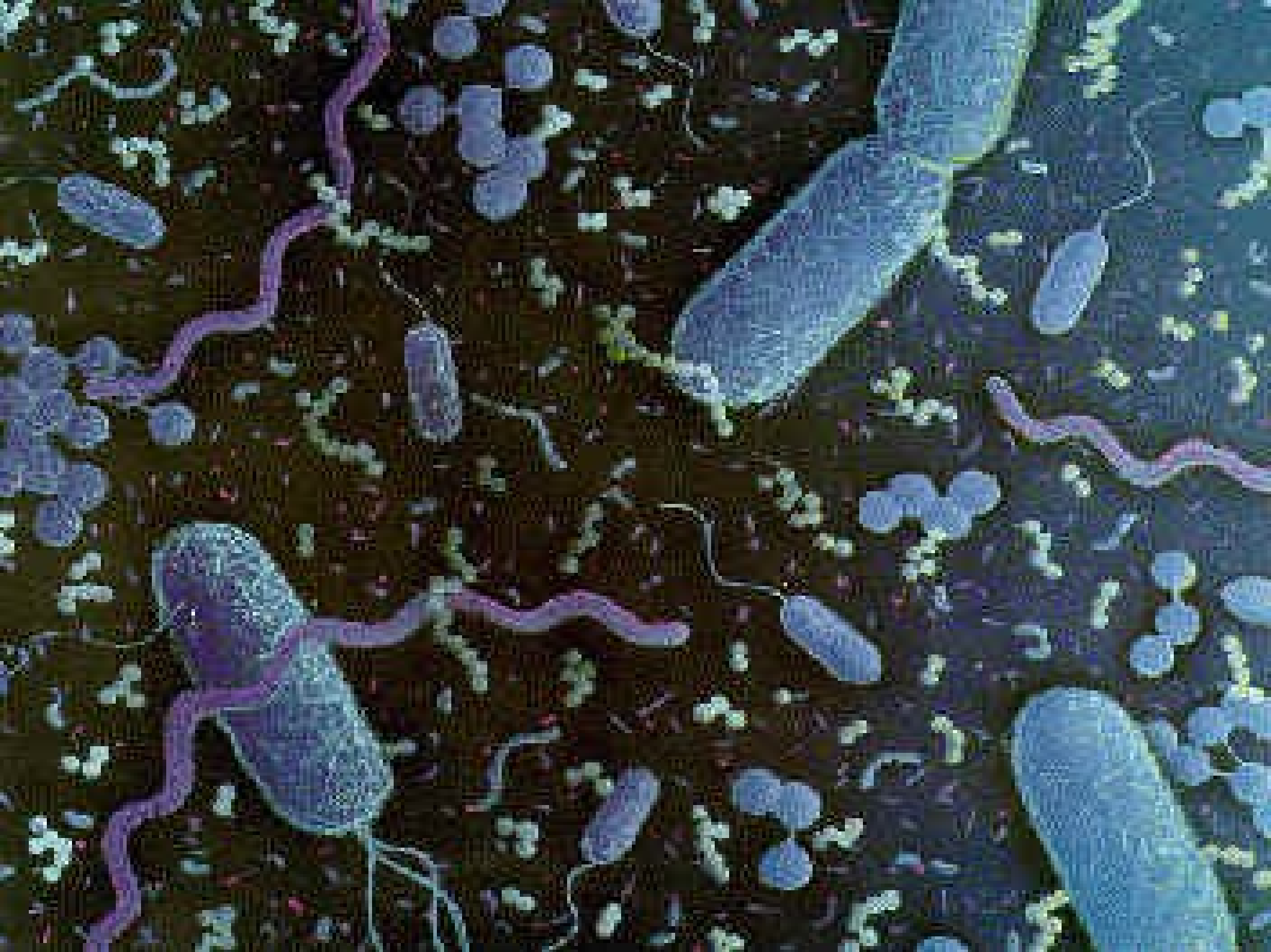
# Competitive Interactions



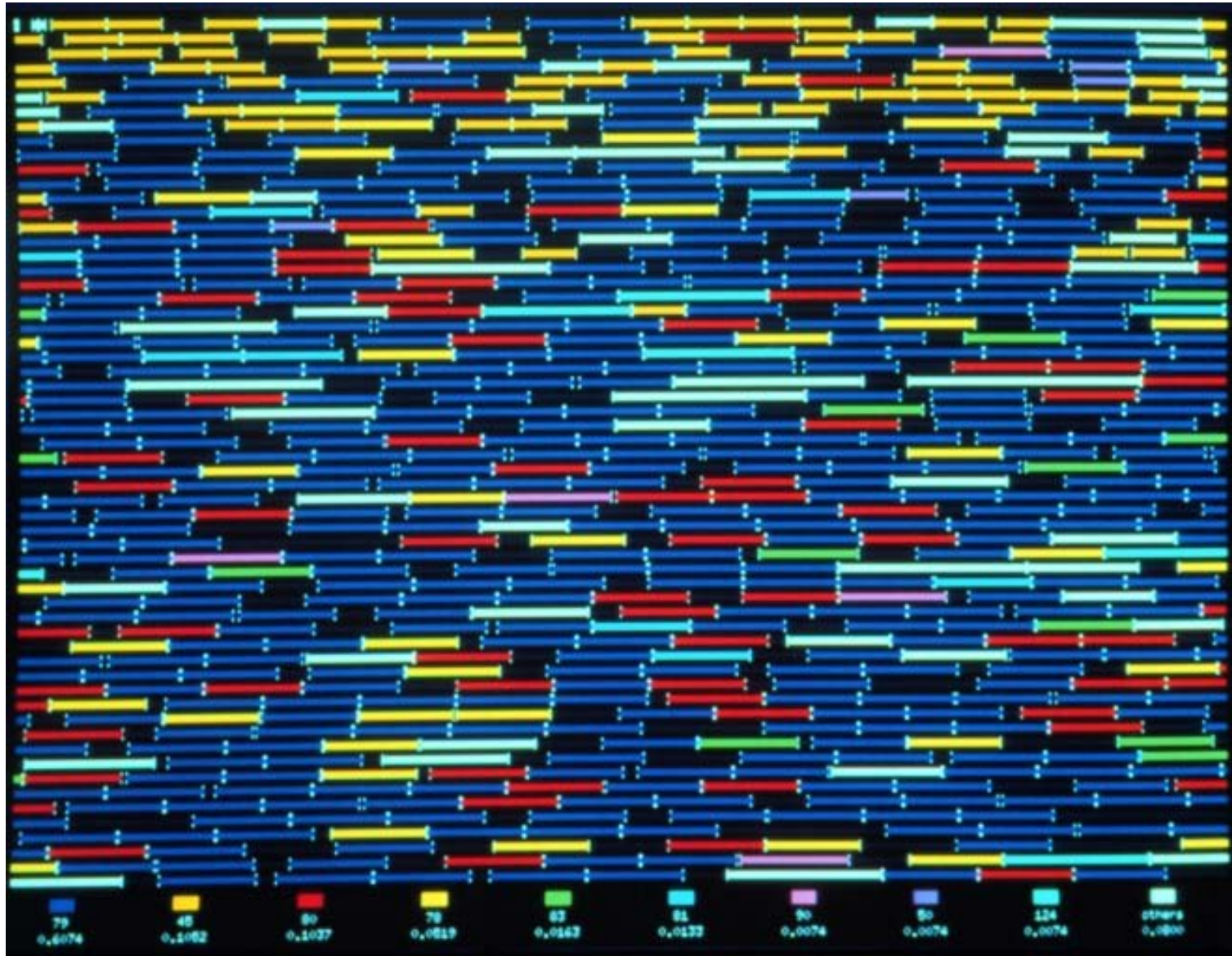
Overhead view: 20 % crown overlap





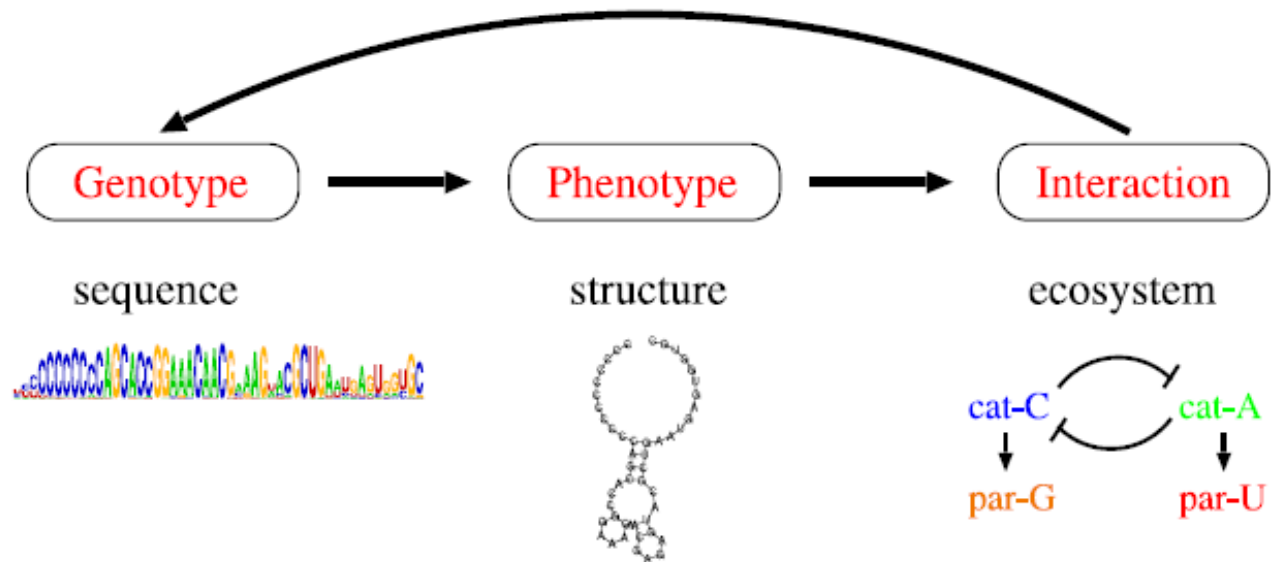
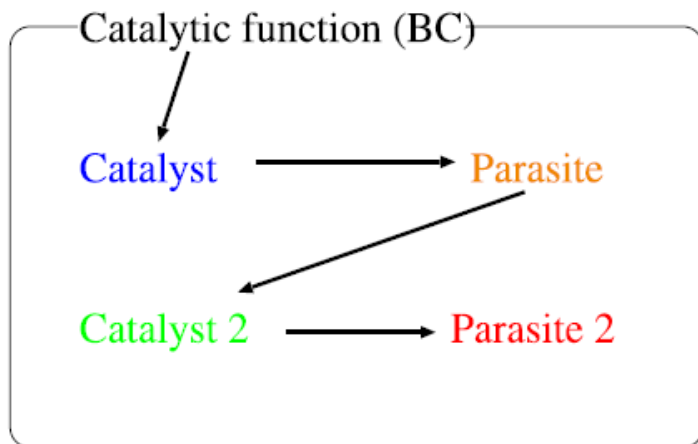
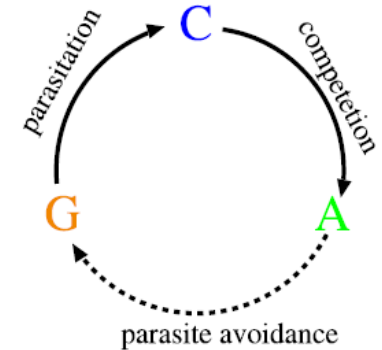
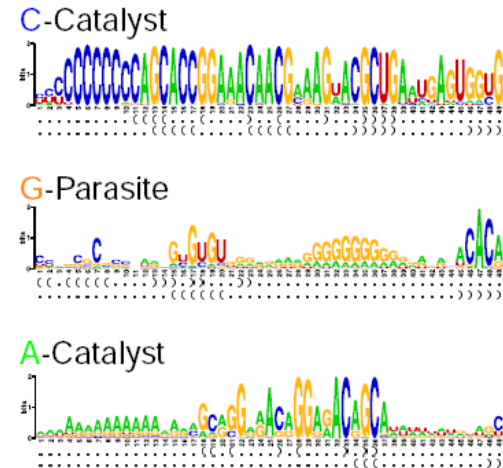
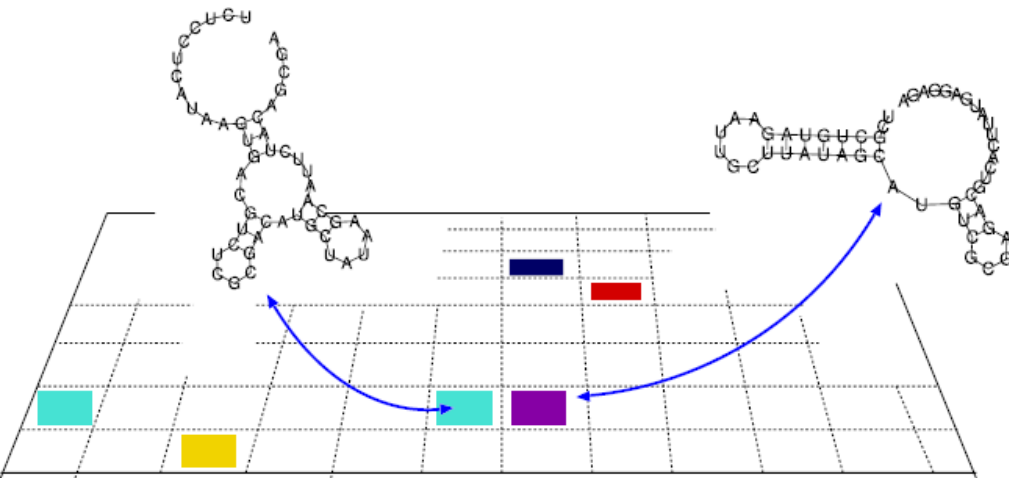


# Interactions in a Virtual System: **Tierra**

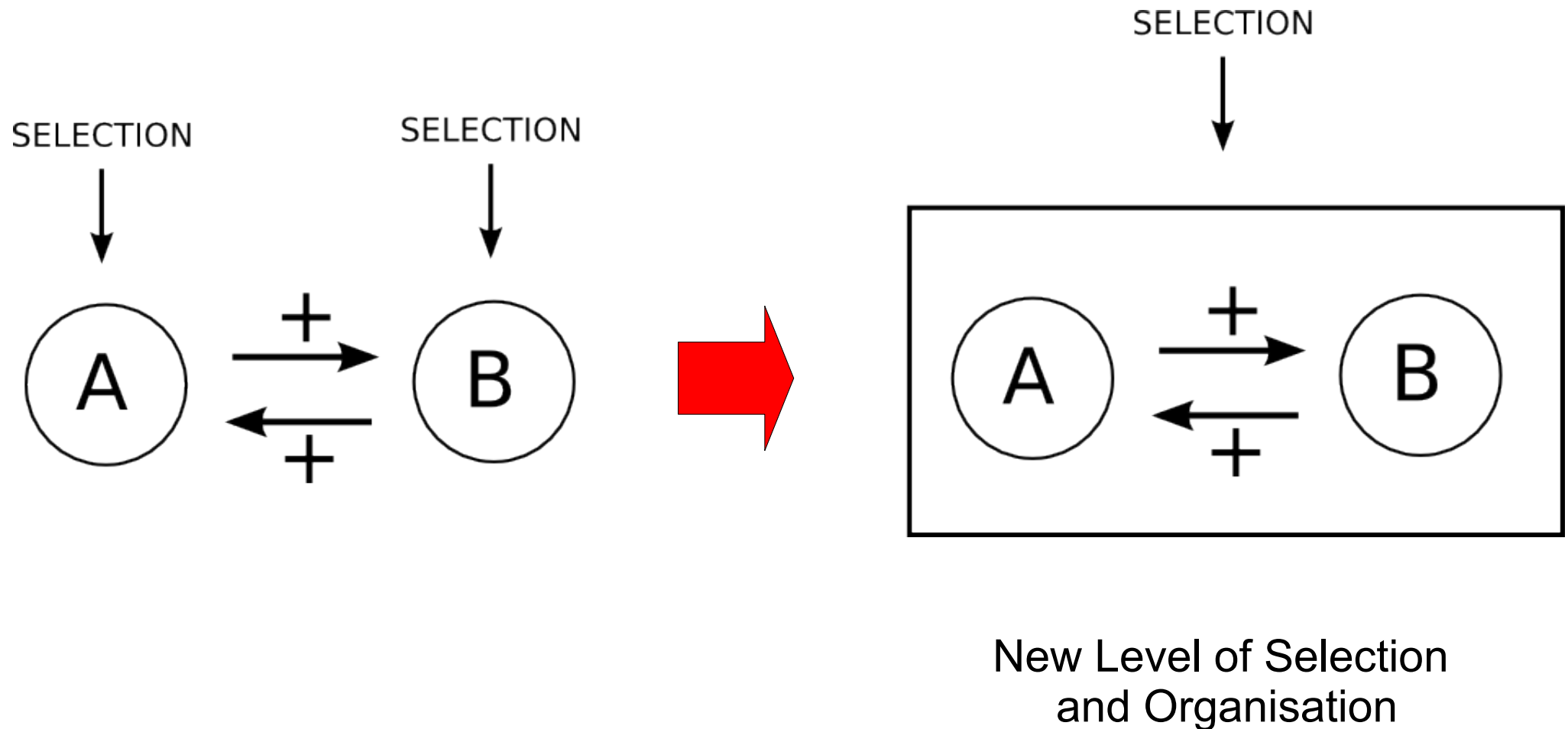


# Interactions Between RNA Molecules

*Nobuto Takeuchi and Paulien Hogeweg*



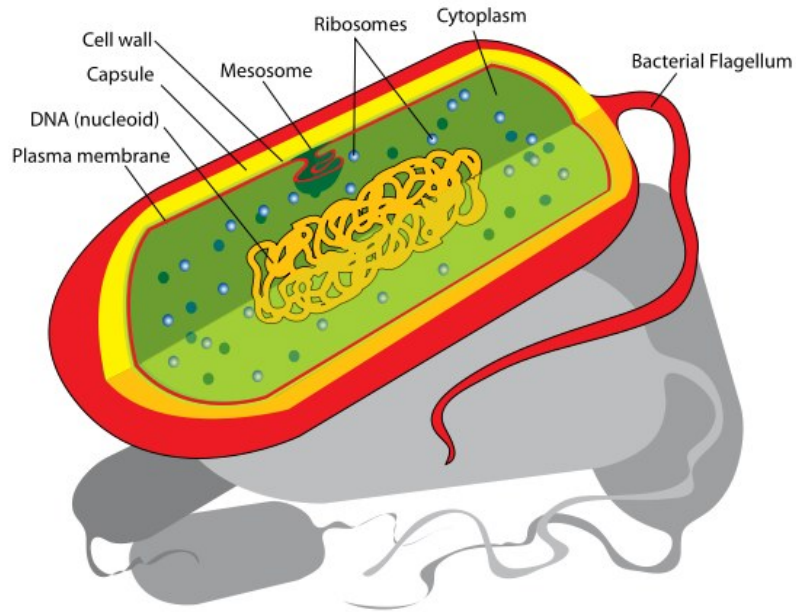
# Interactions Can Get Selected For



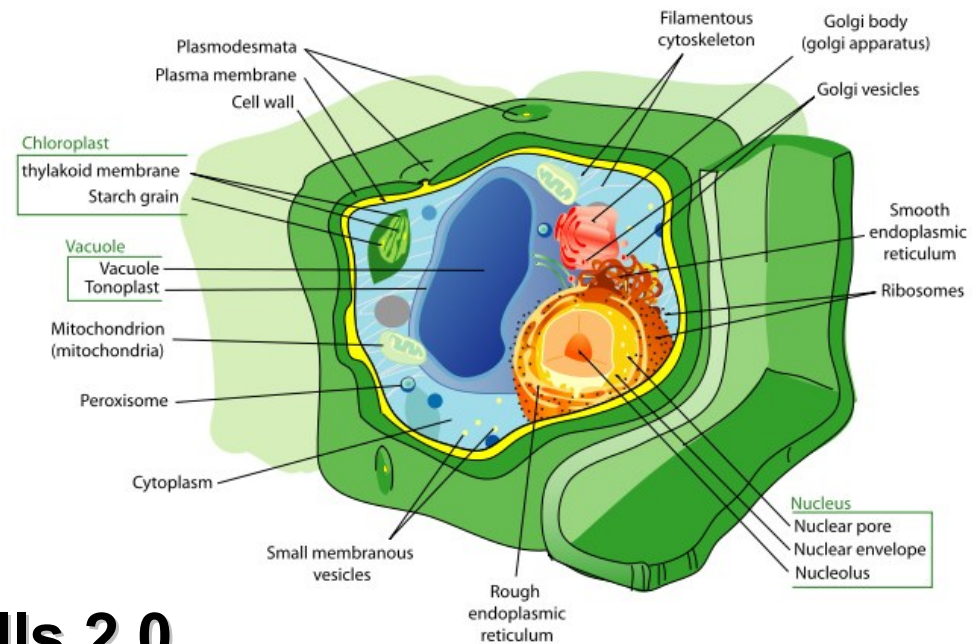
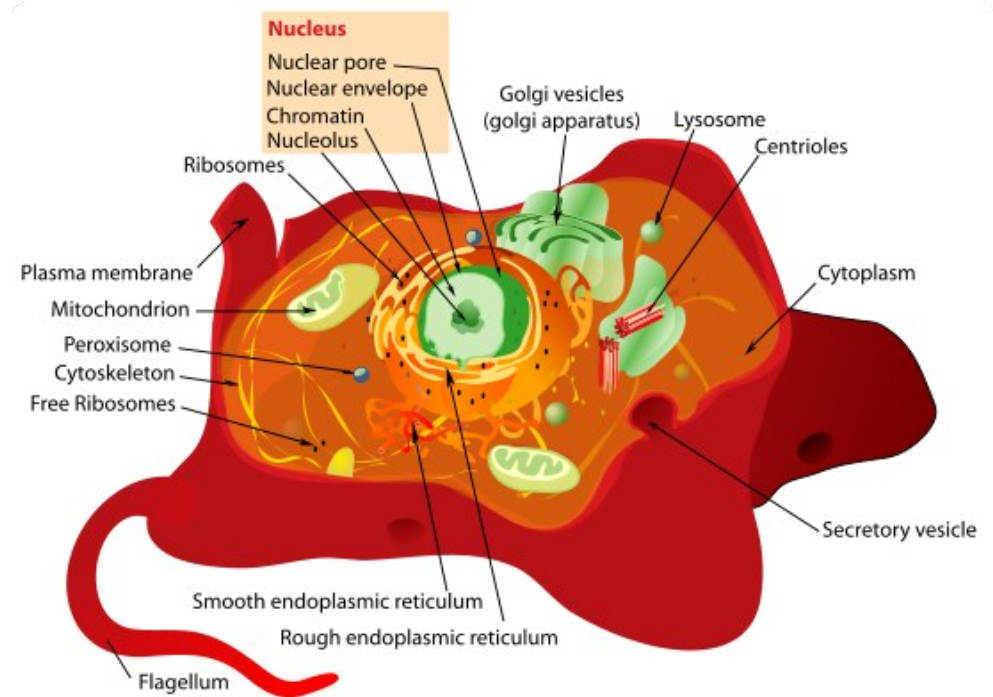


# Cells 1.0

## The Prokaryotic Cell



New Level Formed  
by Cooperation

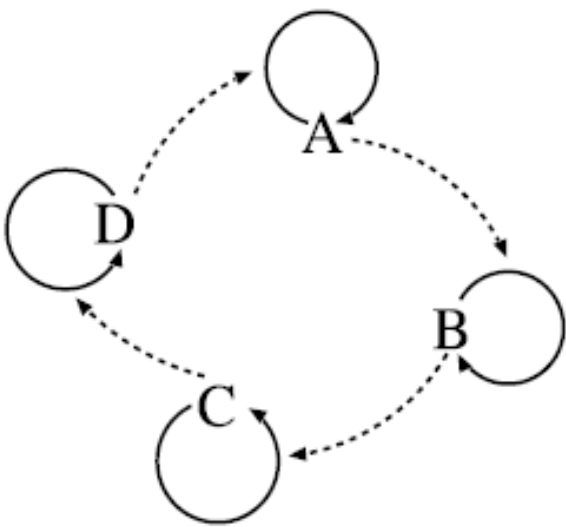


# Cells 2.0

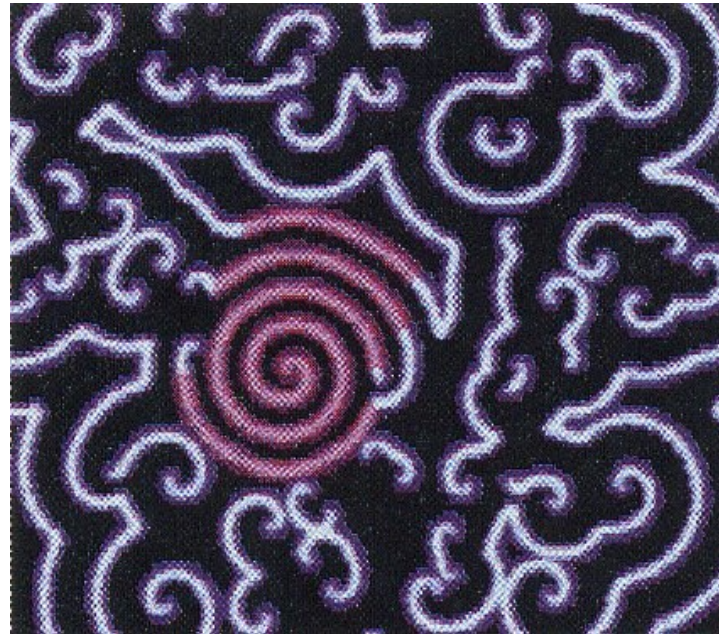
## The Eukaryotic Cell

# New Level Formed by Dynamics

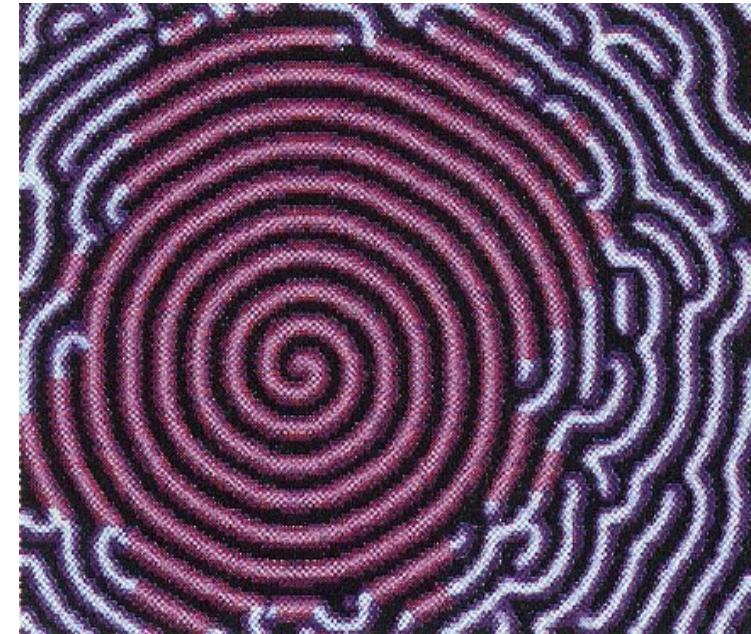
## *Spiral Selection*



Hypercycle

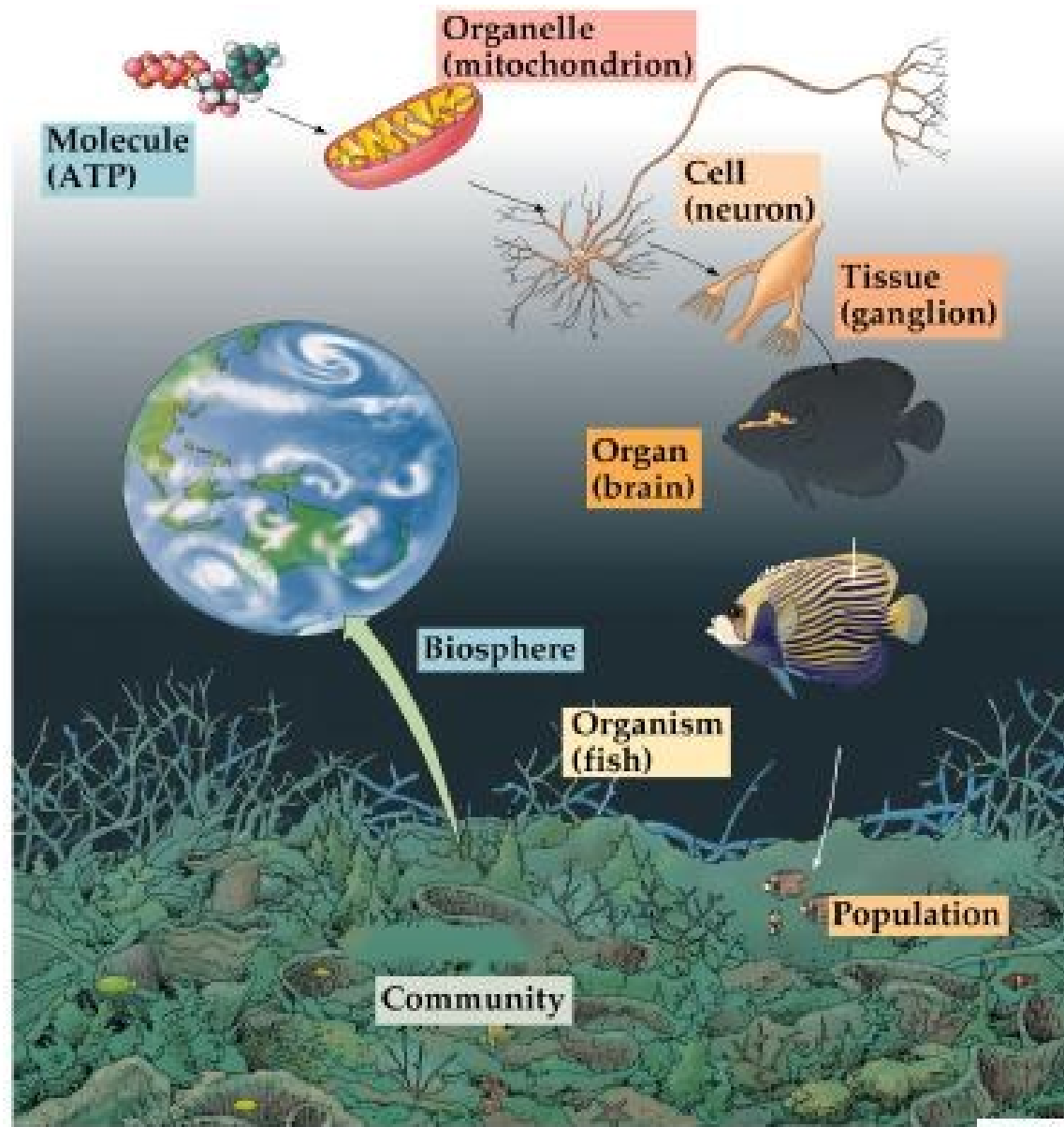


Hypercycles Organise  
Into Spirals



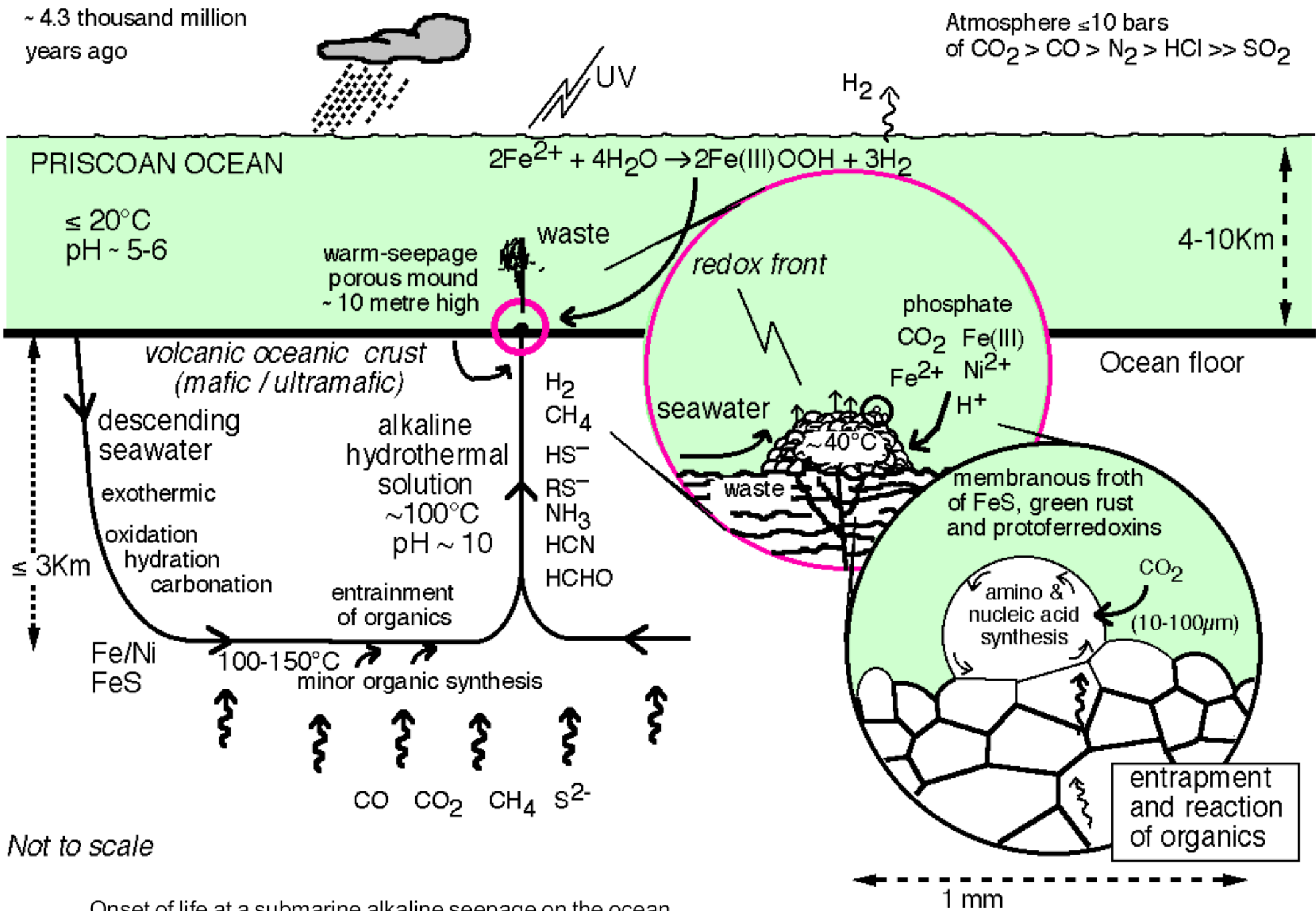
Spirals Compete

# A Hierarchy of Organisation Levels





~ 4.3 thousand million years ago

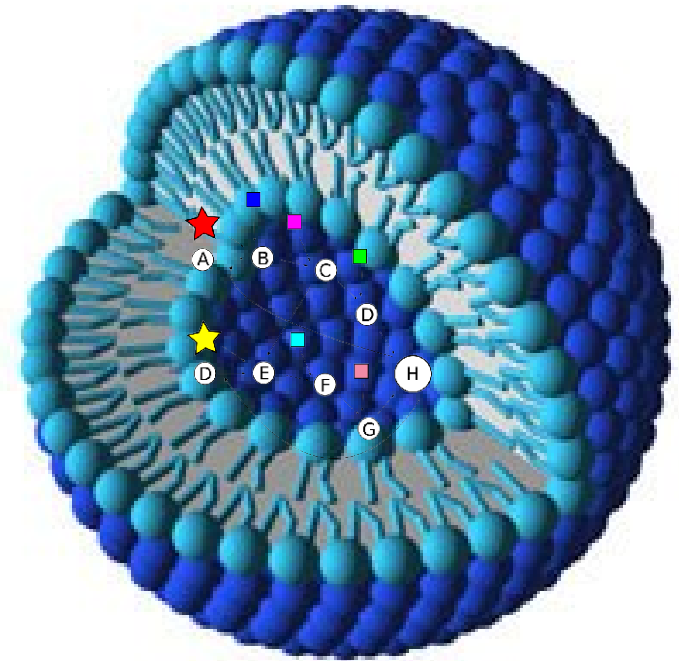
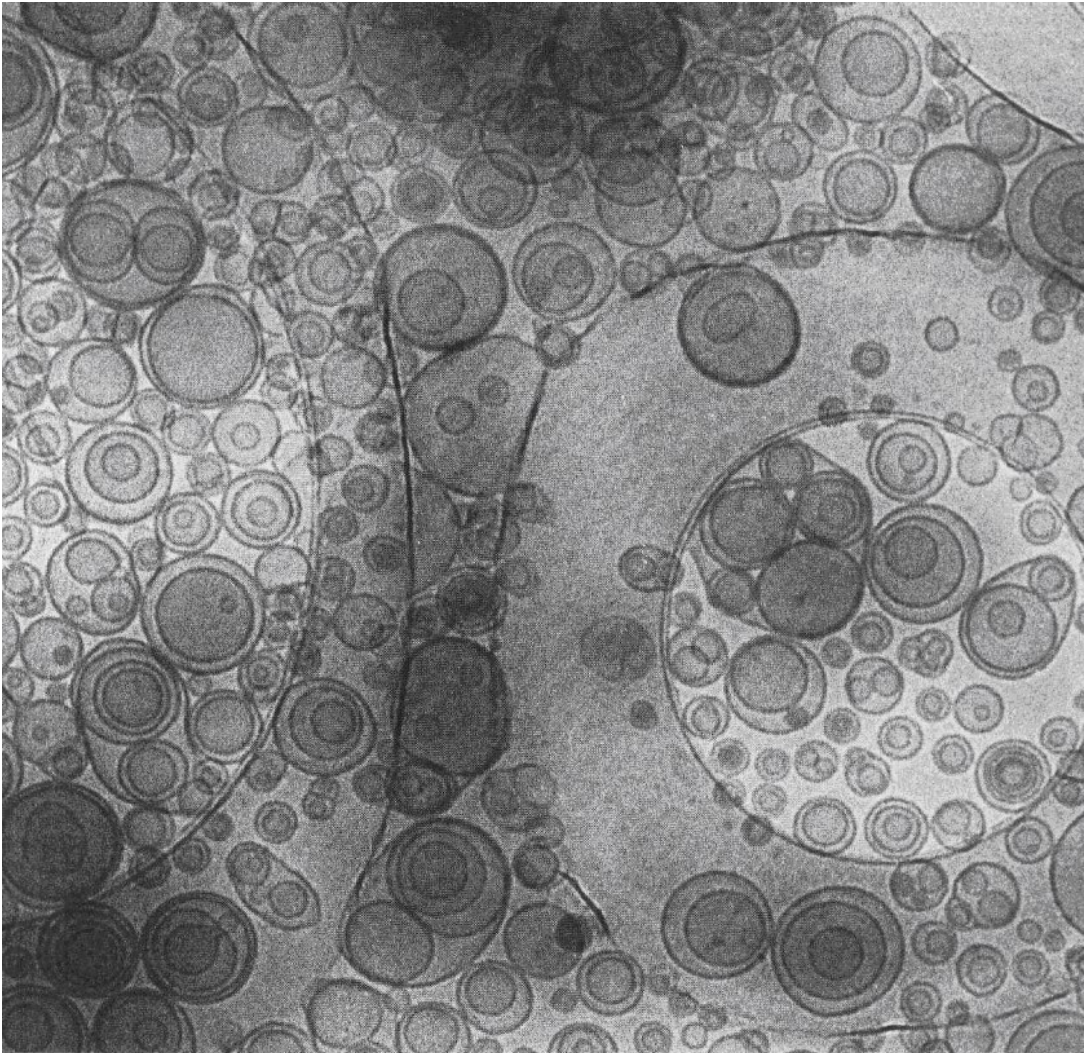


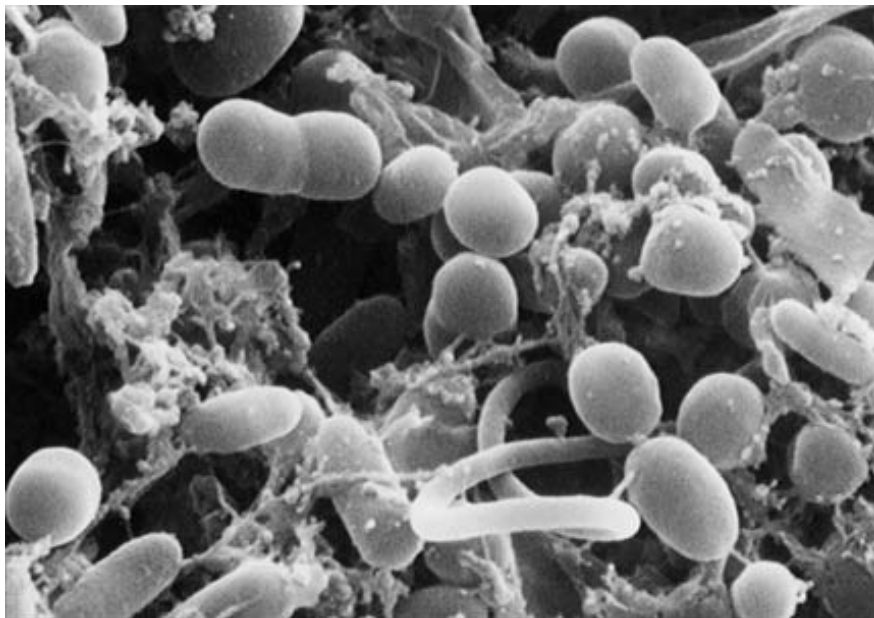
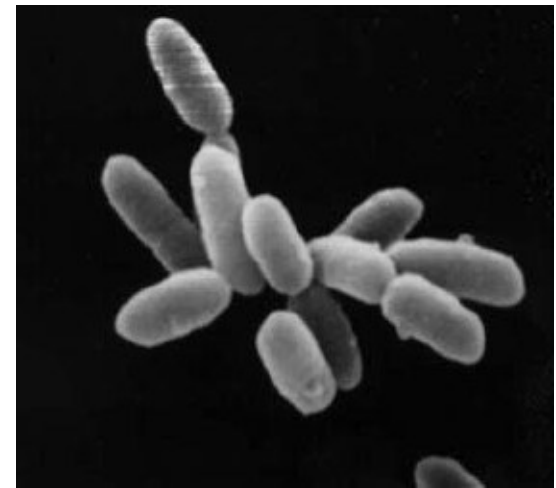
Not to scale

Onset of life at a submarine alkaline seepage on the ocean floor (Russell et al. 2002).



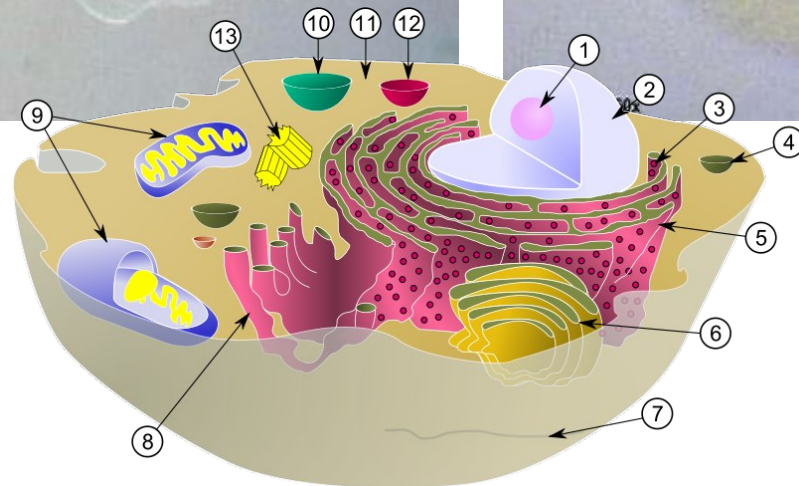
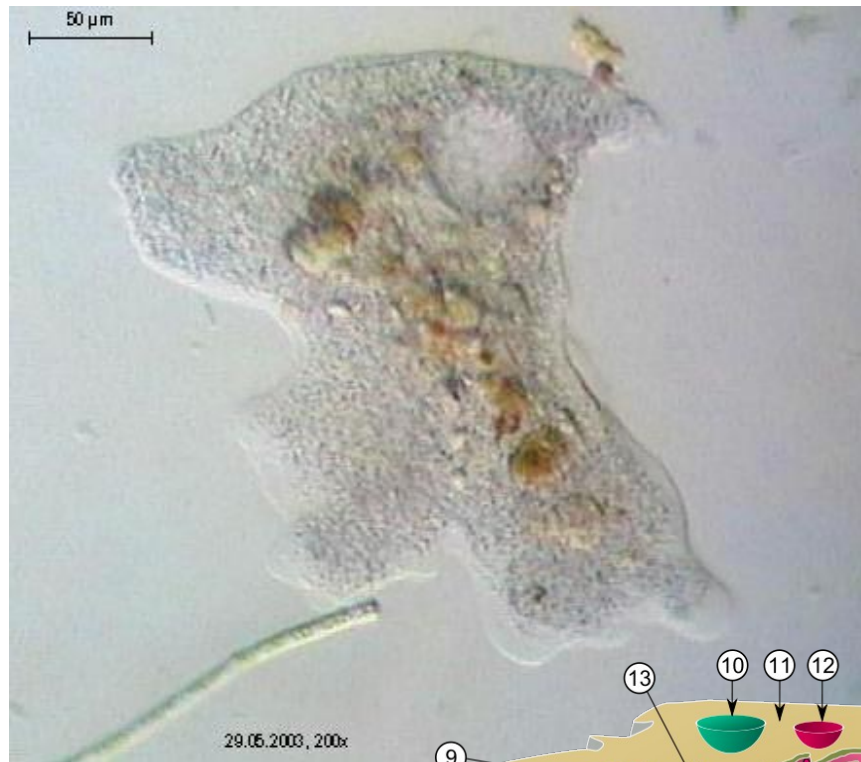
3.5 billion years ago



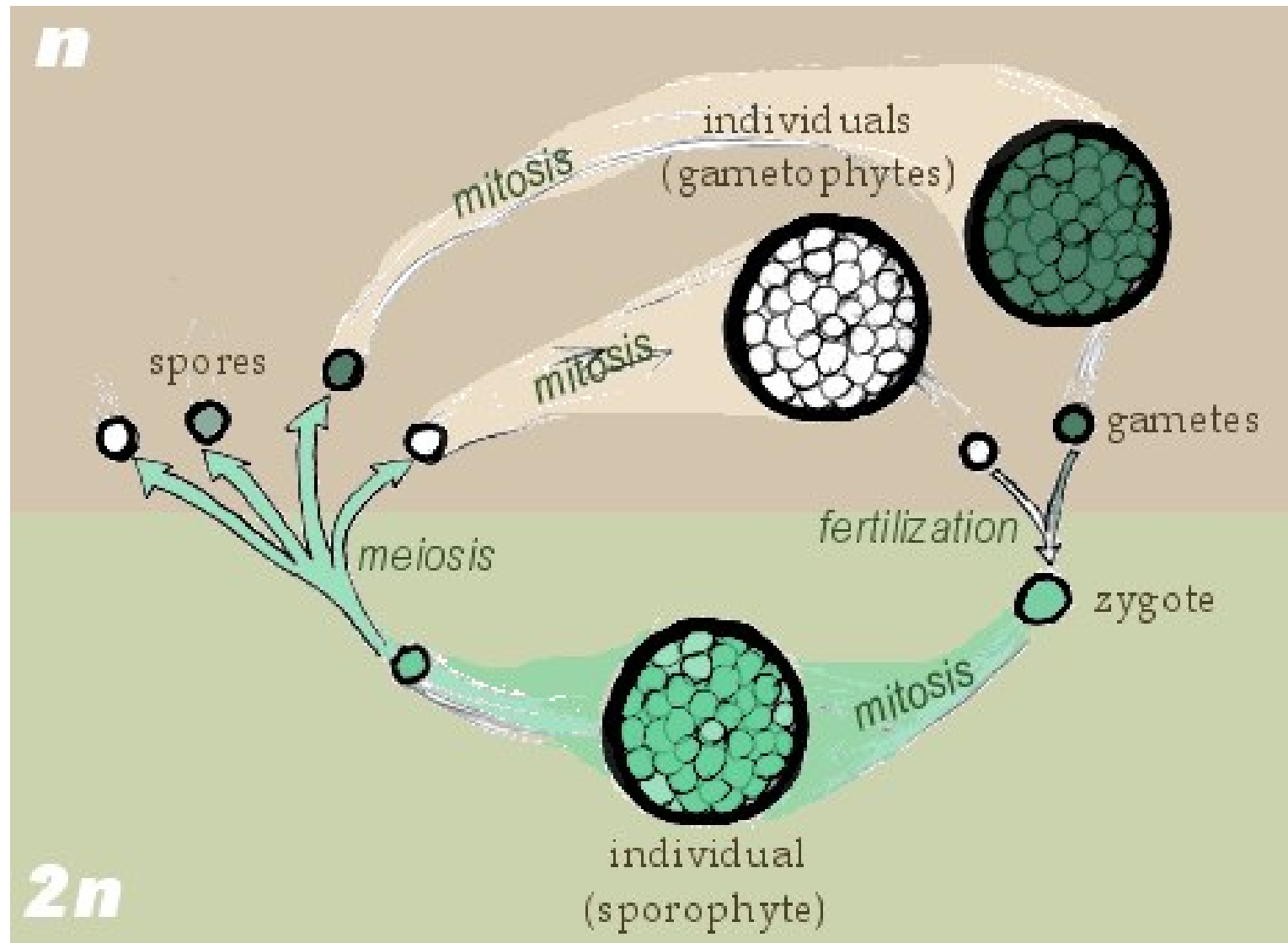




# 2.5 billion years ago

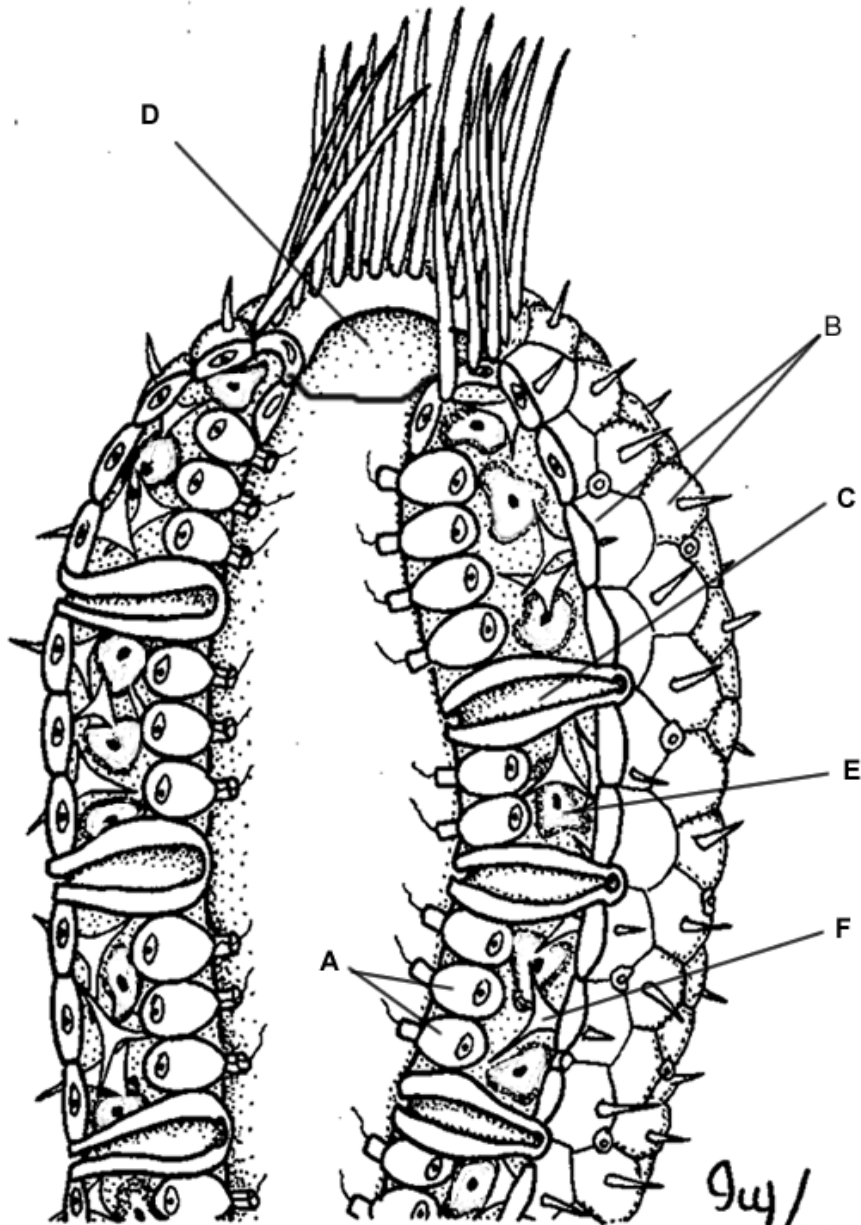


1.8 billion years ago

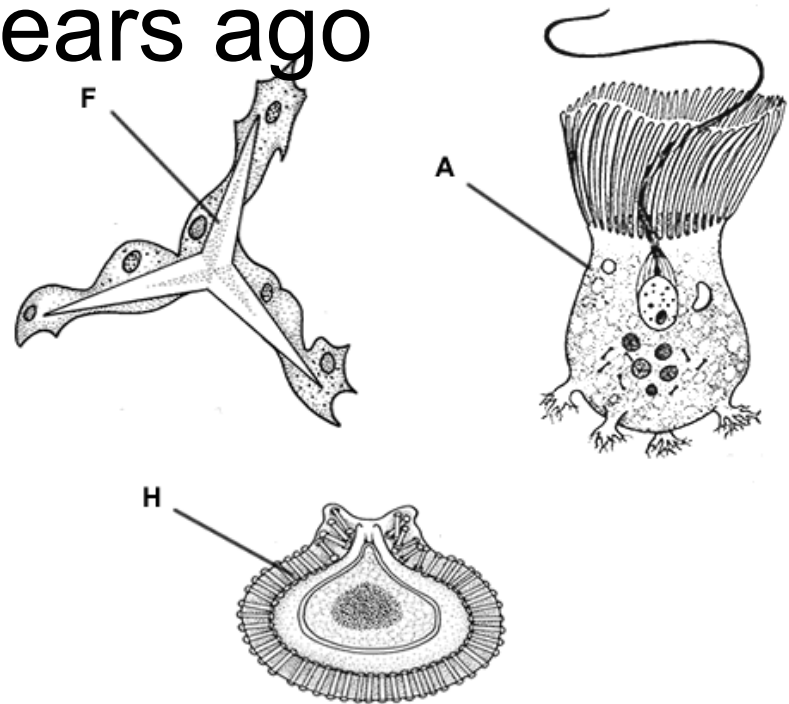




1.4 billion years ago



Livingstone, © BIODIDAC.



94/94

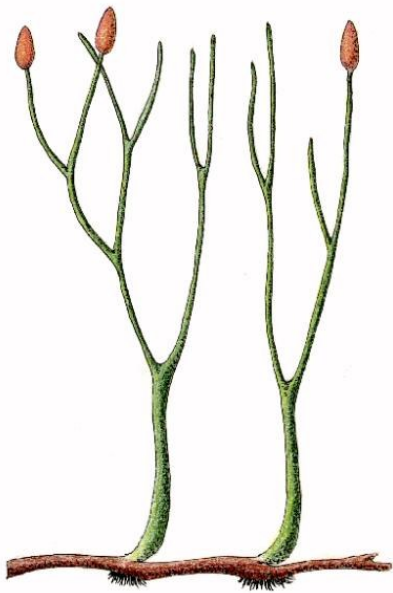


600 million years ago

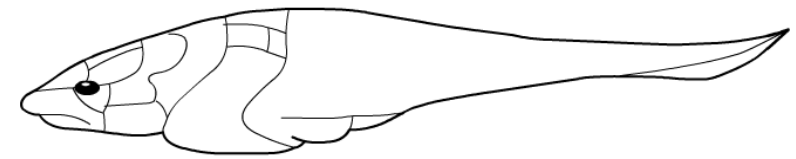




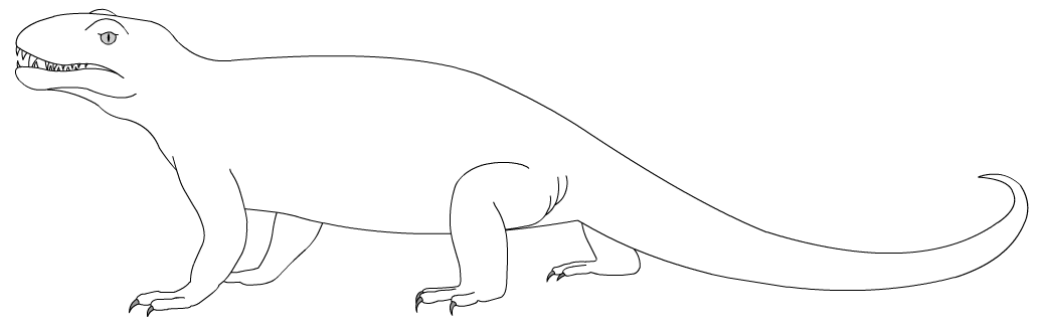
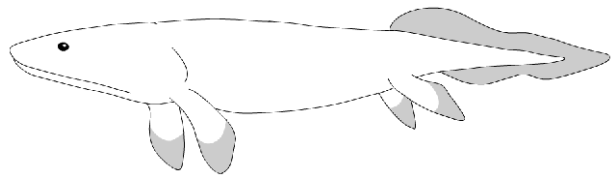




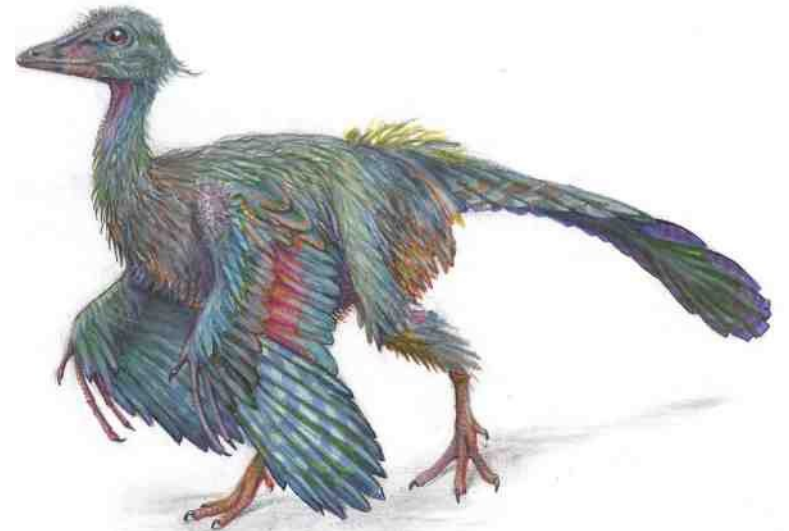
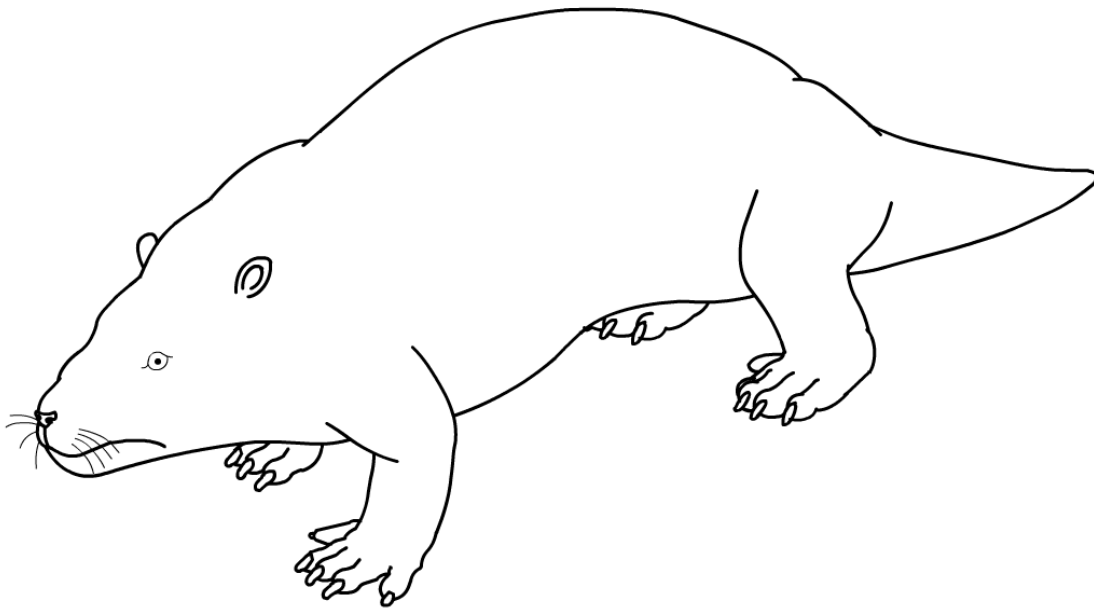
425 million years ago







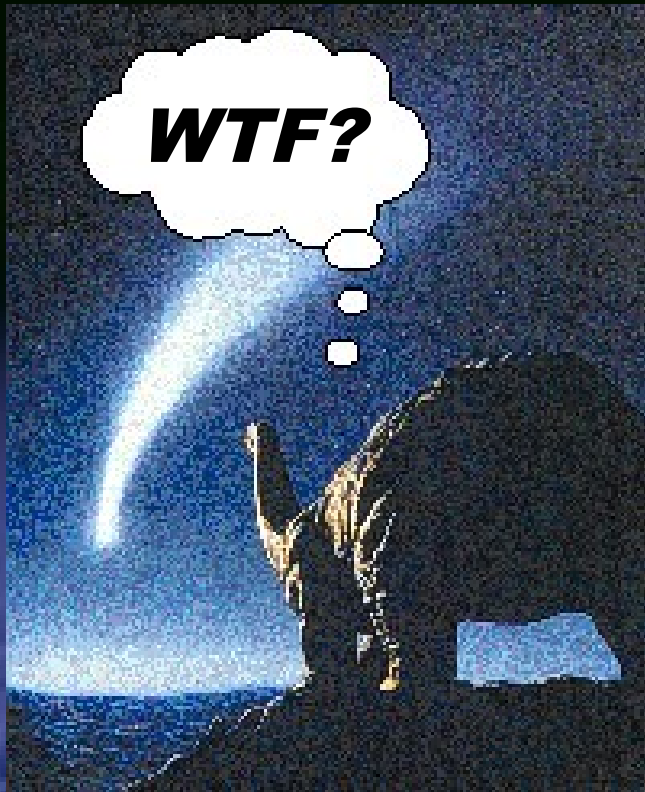
200 million years ago







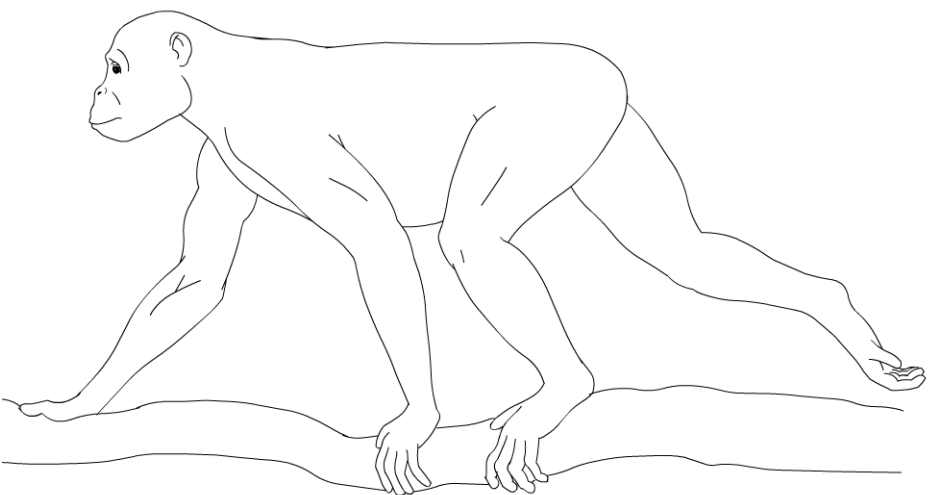
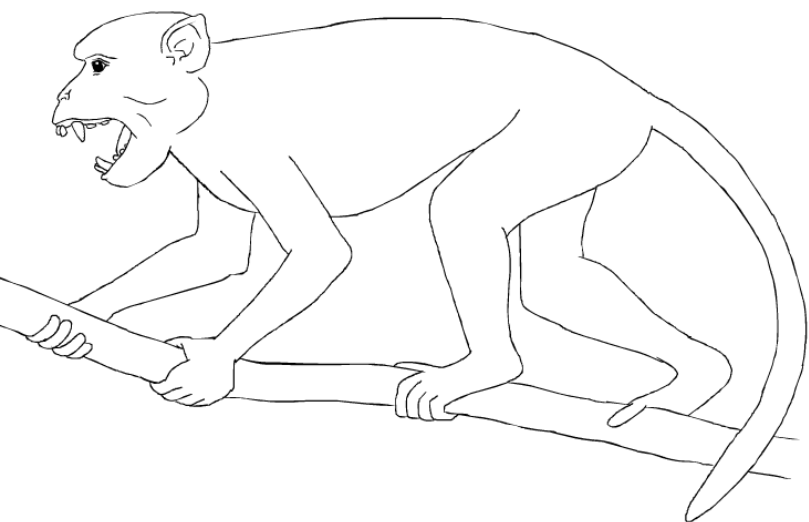
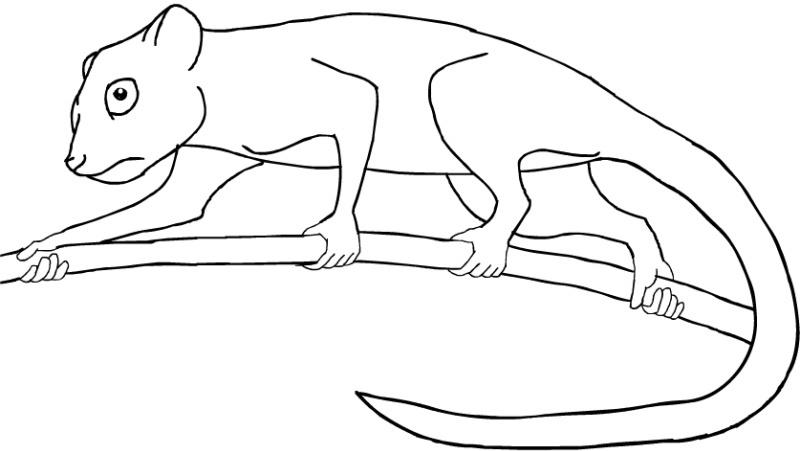
65 million years ago

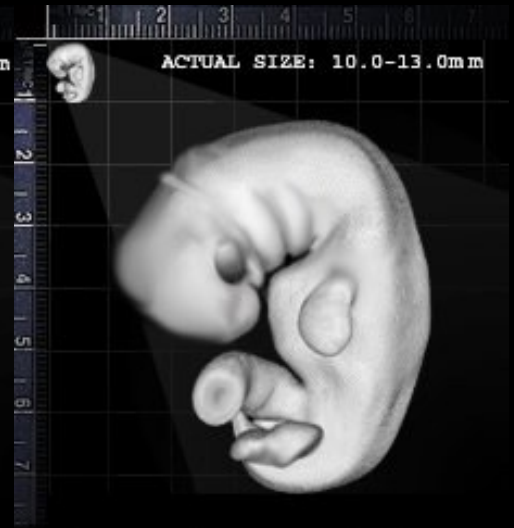
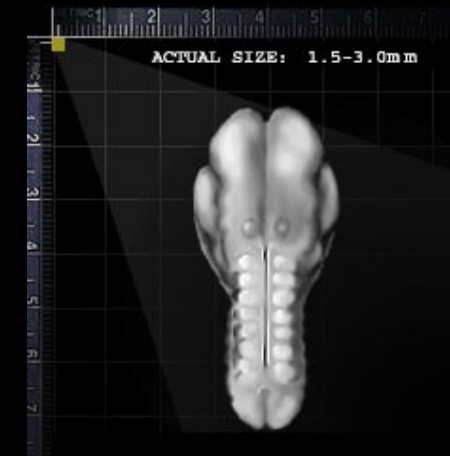
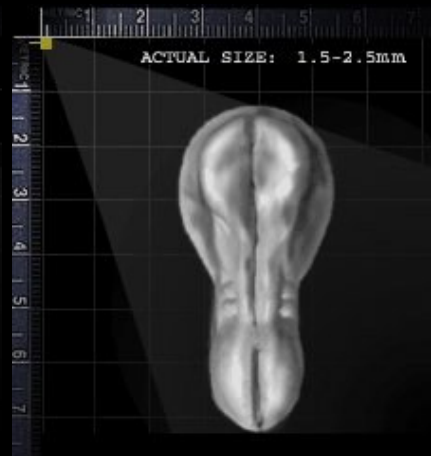
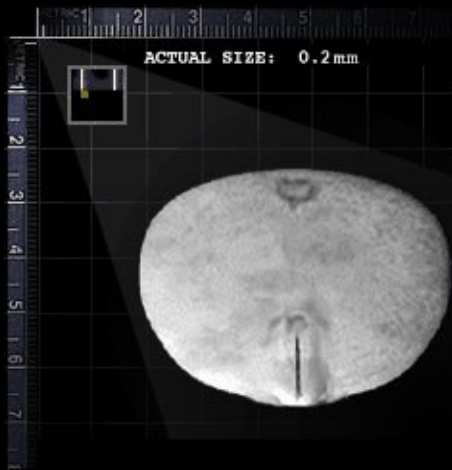
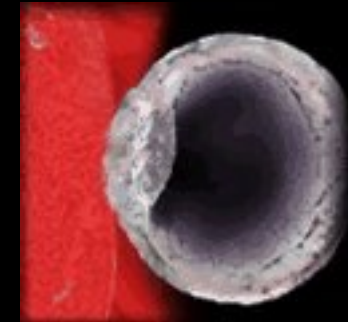
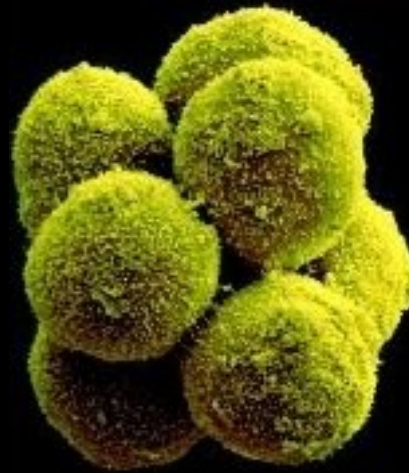
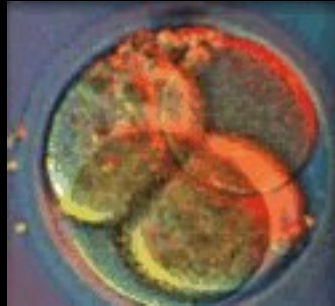




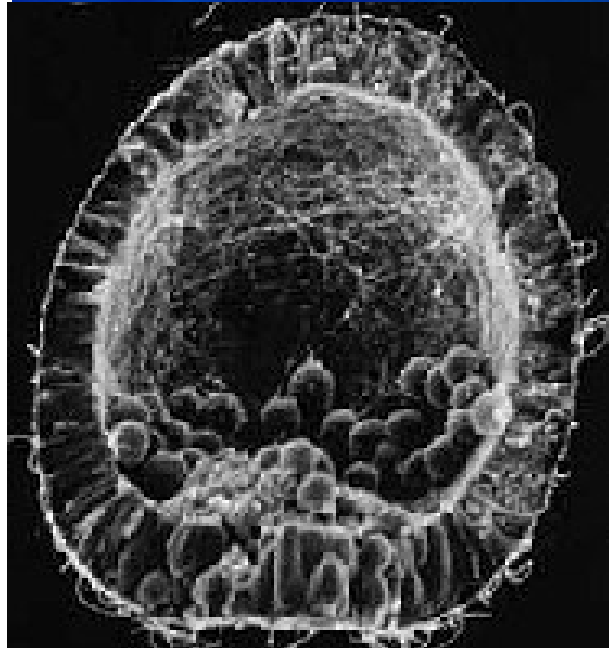
ALL YOUR BASE ARE  
BELONG TO US.



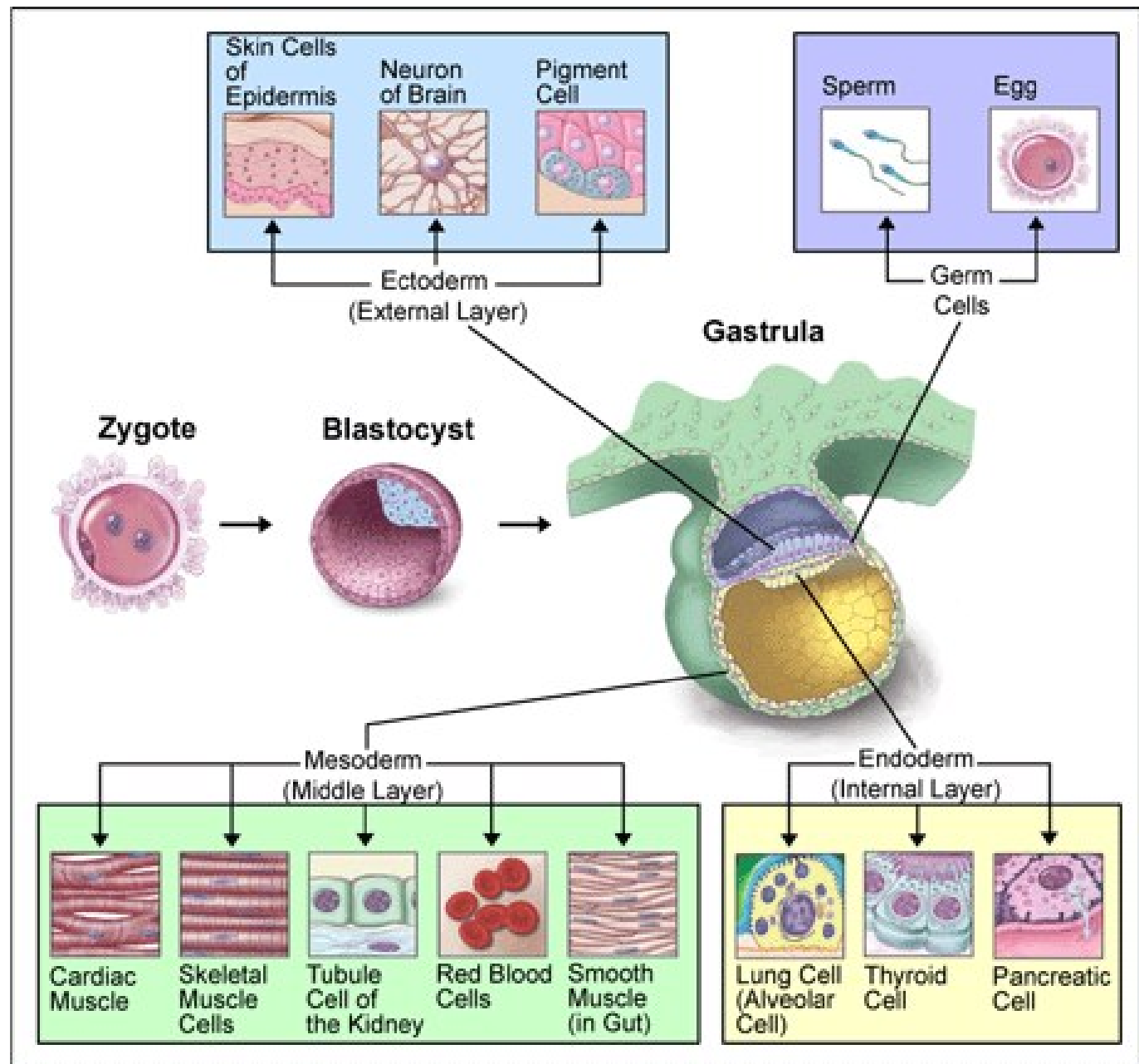








Sea Urchin  
Development



Human  
Development





1 mm



Stage 14 Human Embryo  
(approx. 32 days)

© 2001 Bradley Smith

0.5 mm



Stage 15 Human Embryo  
(approx. 33 days)

1 mm

© 2001 Bradley Smith



Stage 16 Human Embryo  
(approx. 37 days)

1 mm

© 2001 Bradley Smith



Carnegie Stages  
(approx. postovulatory days)



Stage 17 Human Embryo  
(approx. 41 days)

2 mm

© 2001 Bradley Smith

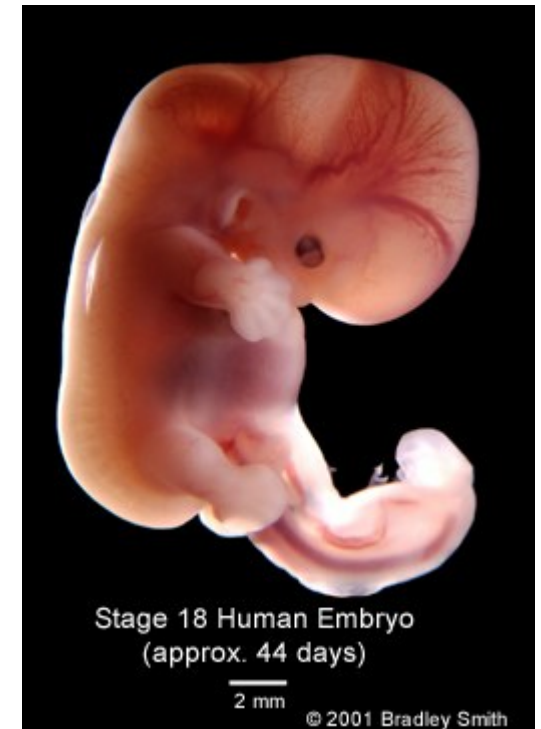
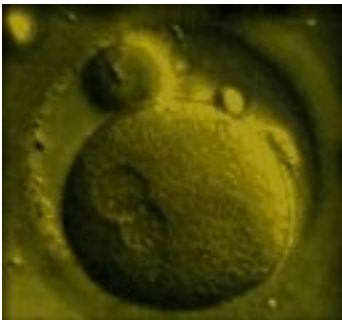
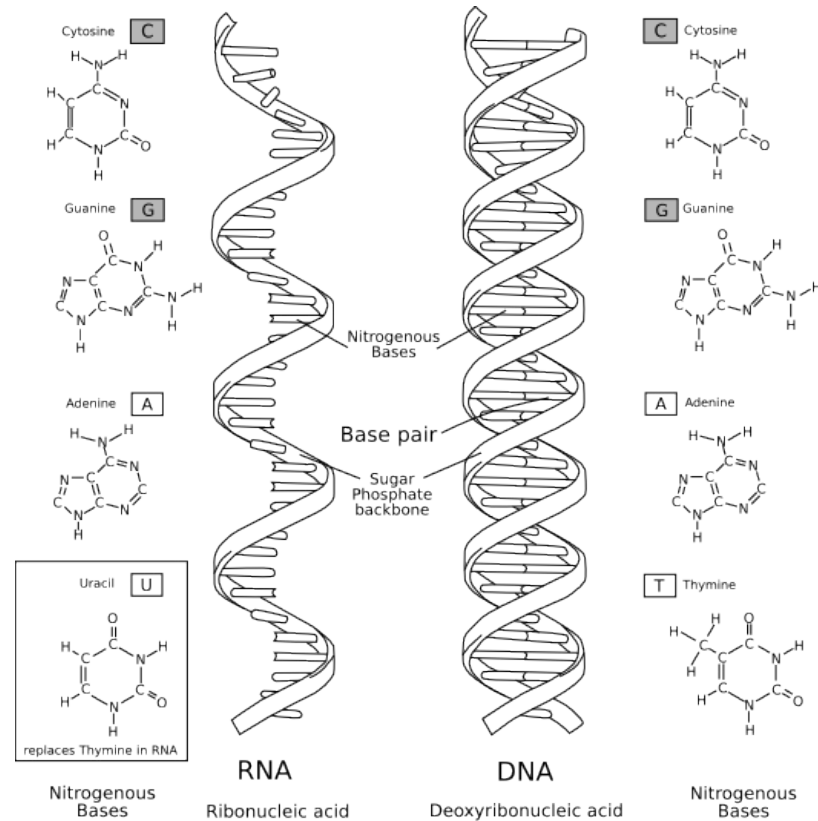


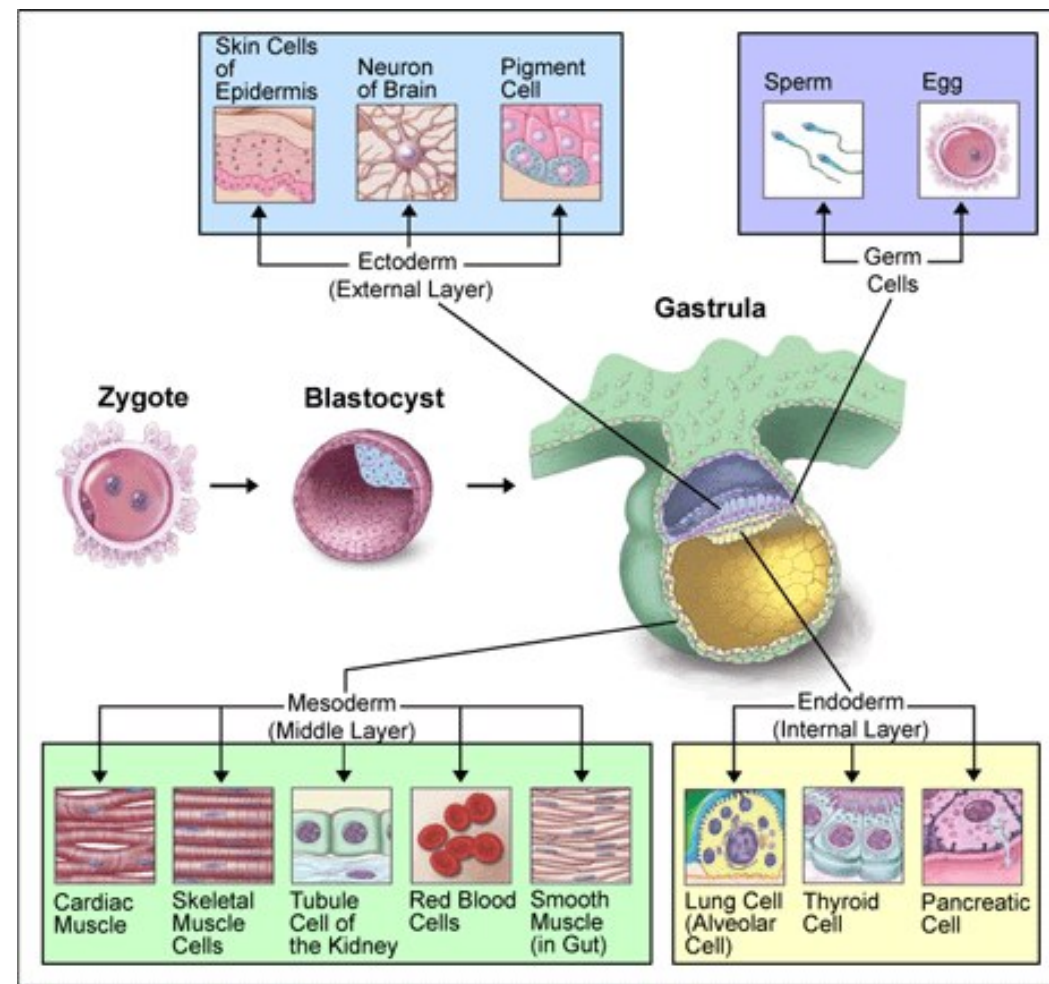
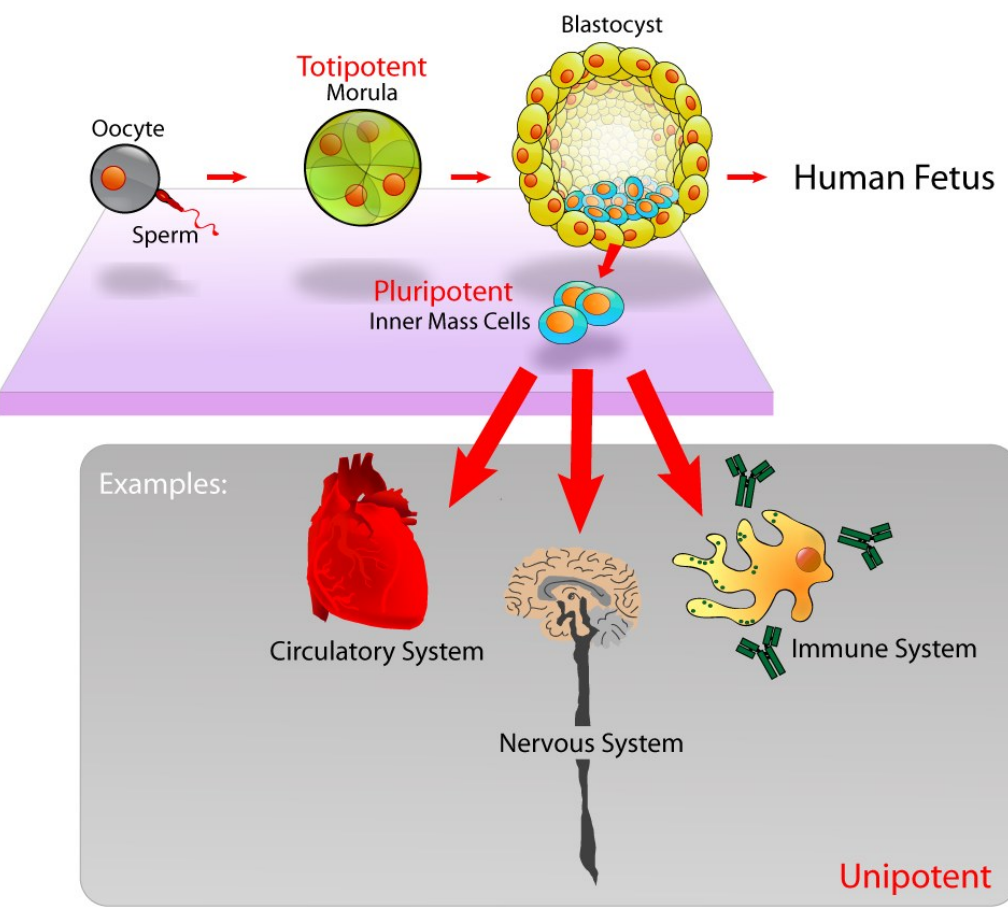
Stage 18 Human Embryo  
(approx. 44 days)

2 mm

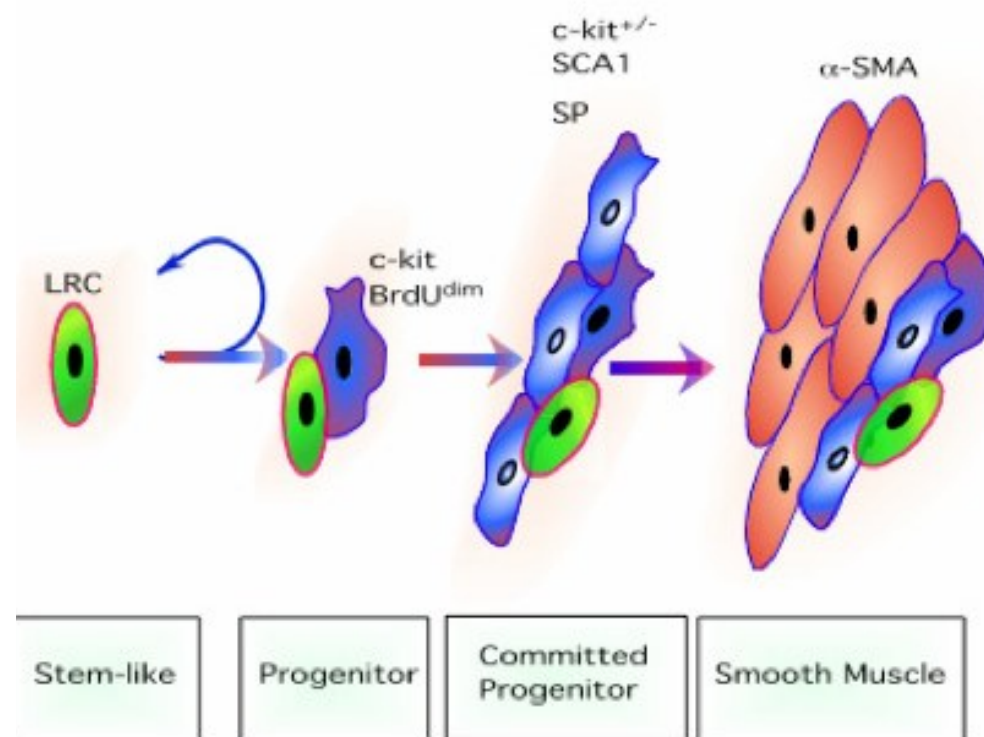
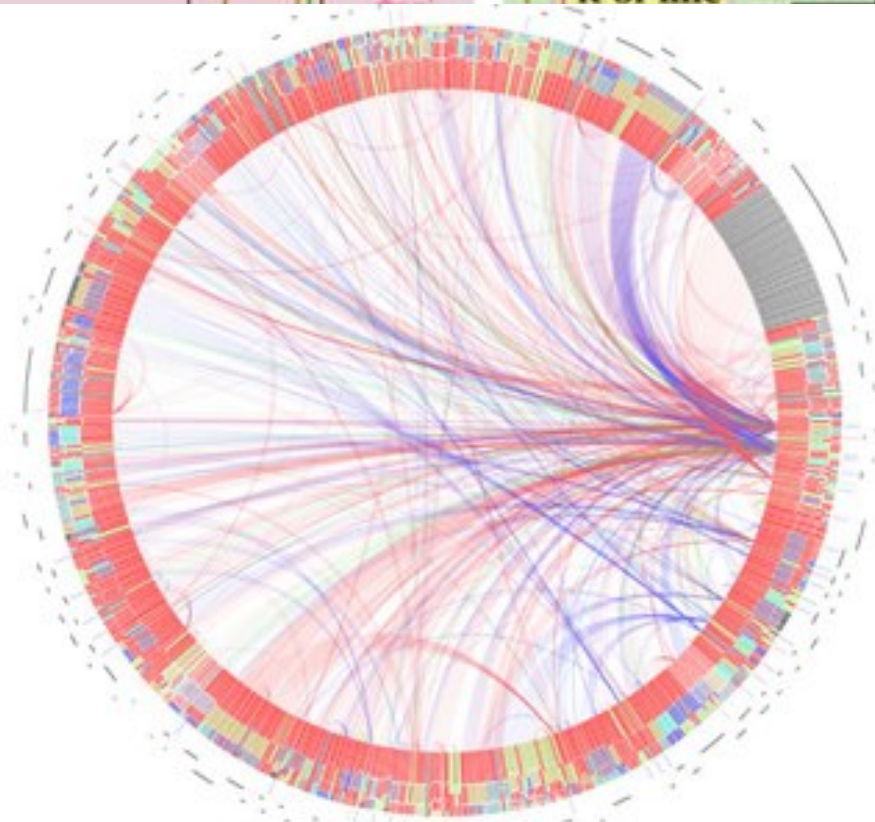
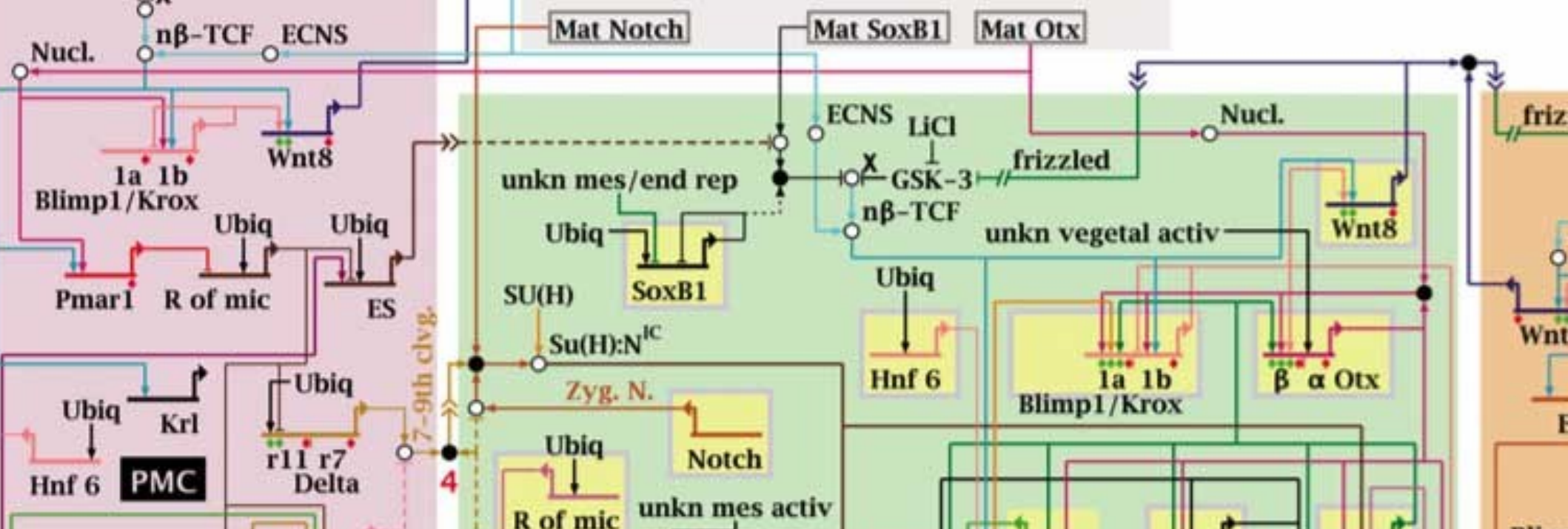
© 2001 Bradley Smith

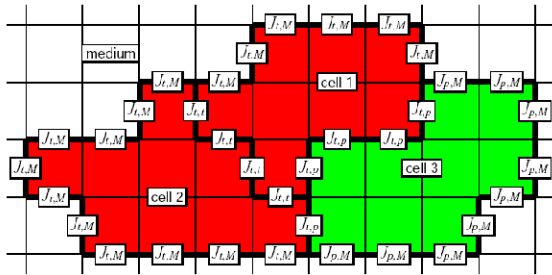
# Life = Information?









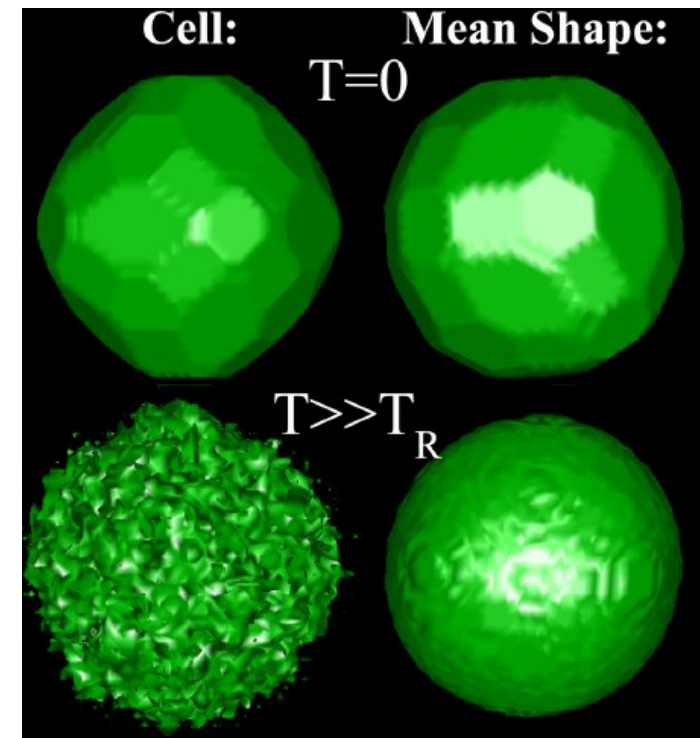
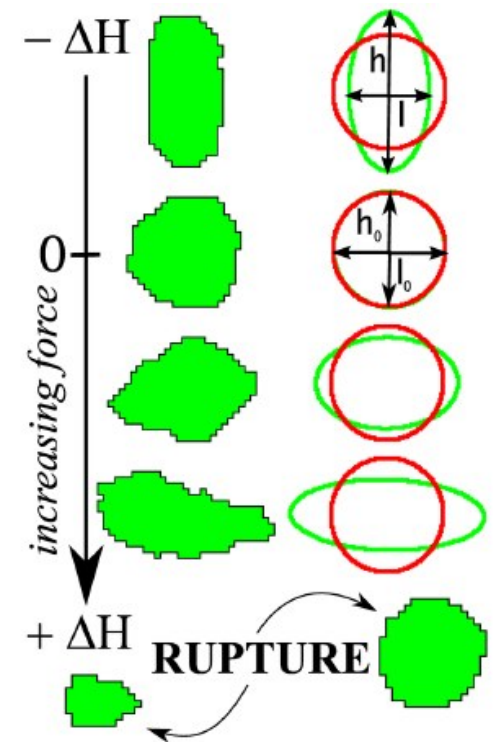
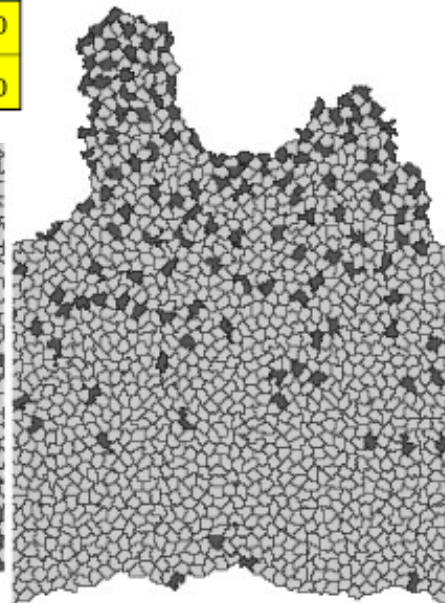
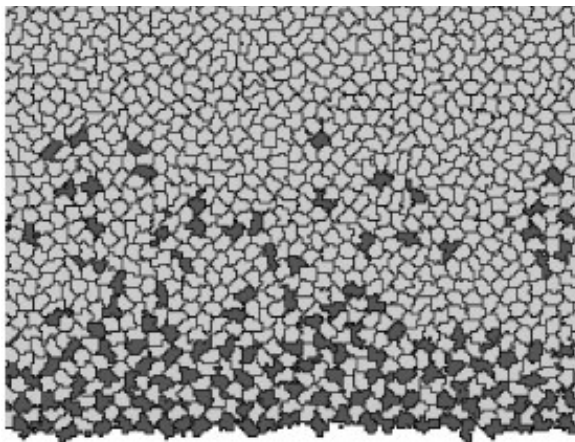


# Cellular Potts Model

*Glazier & Graner (1992, 1992)*

cell(  $\sigma=2$  ) of type  $\tau=2$       cell(  $\sigma=1$  ) of type  $\tau=1$

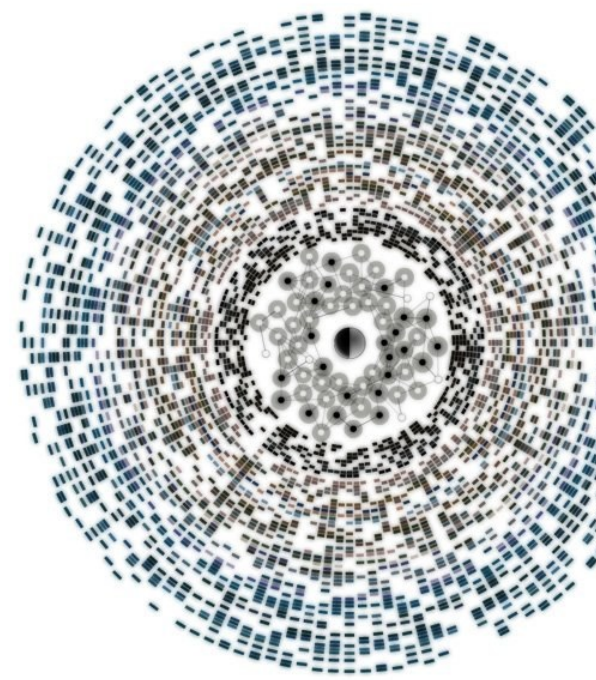
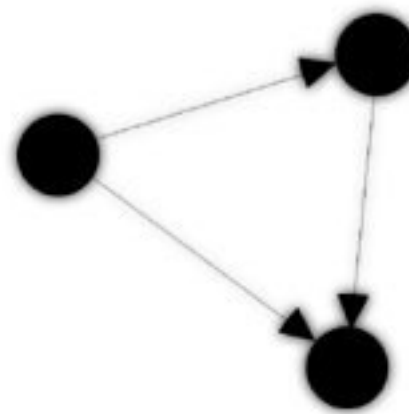
21	21	21	21	21	9	9	9	9	9	6	6	6	0	0
21	21	21	21	9	9	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	0	0
21	21	3	3	9	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	46	46
3	3	3	3	9	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	46	46	46
3	3	3	3	4	4	10	2	2	7	6	46	46	46	46
4	4	4	3	4	4	10	10	7	7	7	46	46	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	10	7	7	7	7	7	46	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0





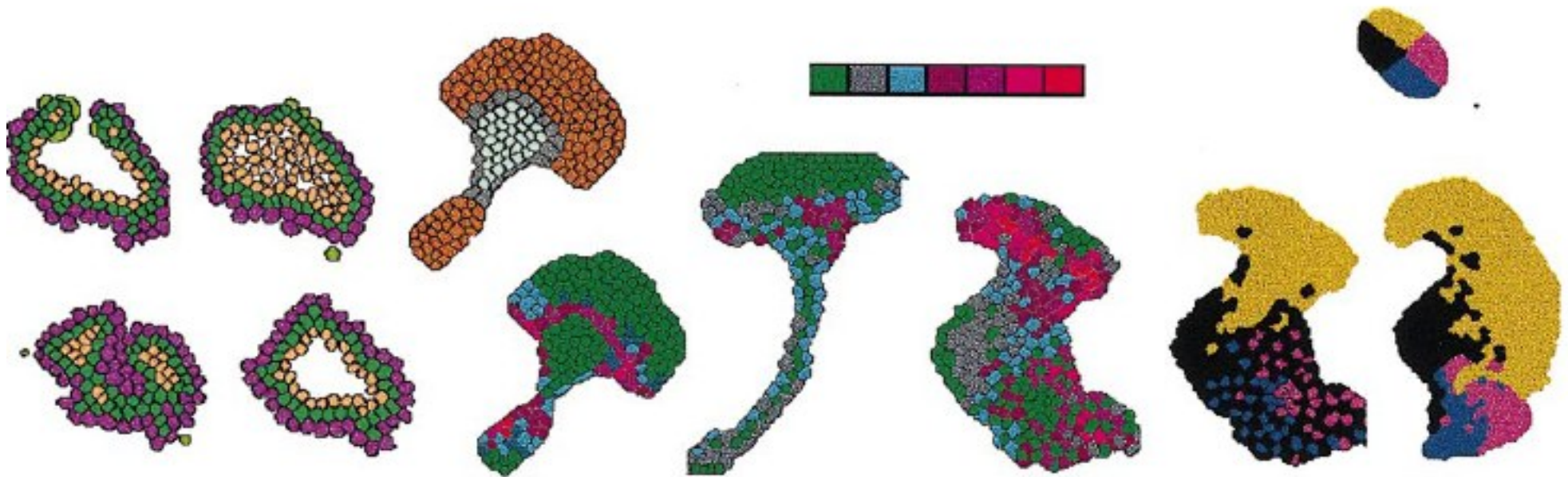
cell(  $\sigma=9$  ) of type  $\tau=2$       cell(  $\sigma=2$  ) of type  $\tau=1$

21	21	21	21	21	9	9	9	9	9	6	6	6	0	0
21	21	21	21	9	9	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	6	0
21	21	3	3	9	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	46	46
3	3	3	3	9	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	46	46	46
3	3	3	3	4	4	10	2	2	7	6	46	46	46	46
4	4	4	3	4	4	10	10	7	7	7	46	46	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	10	7	7	7	7	46	46	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	46	46
4	4	4	4	4	4	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0
9	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0



Cell Interactions + Genetic Interactions + Evolution = Morphogenesis

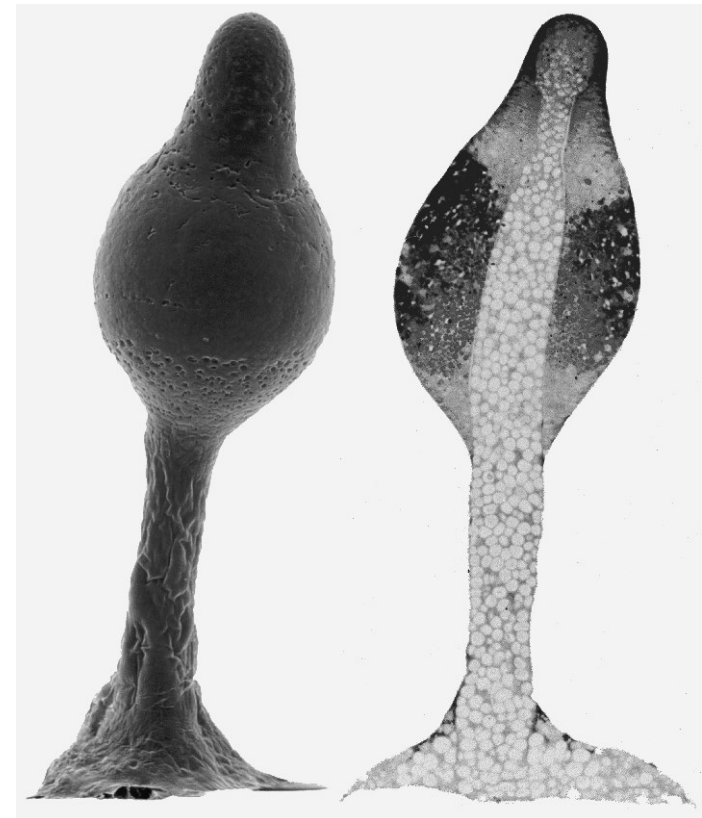
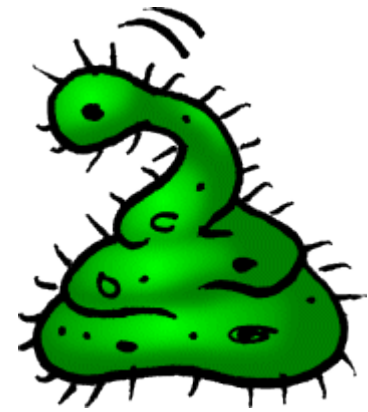
*Paulien Hogeweg (2000)*





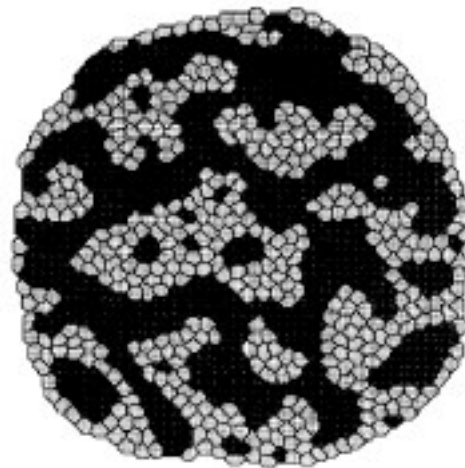
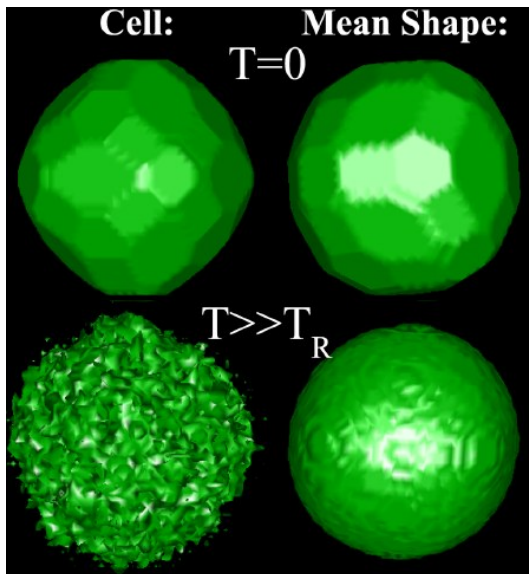
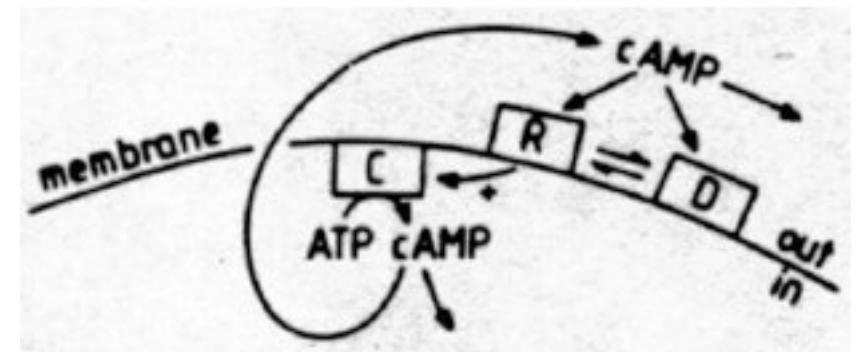
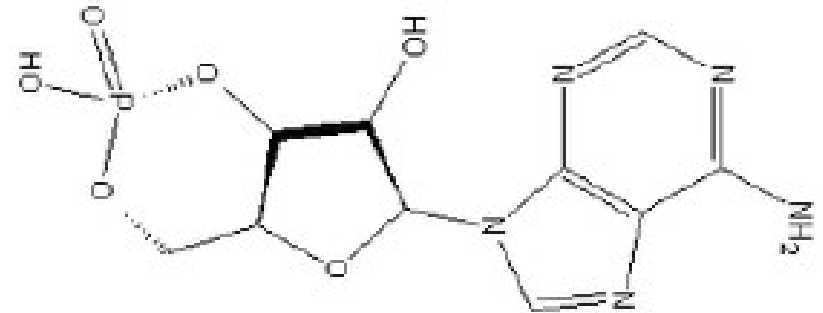
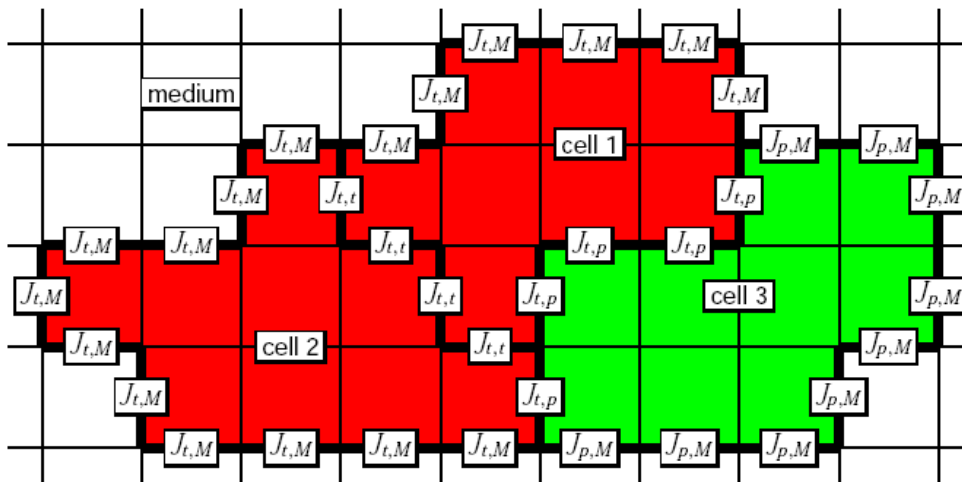
# Cellular Slime Mold

*Dictyostelium discoideum*



# Modelling an Organism

*Stan Mareé, Paulien Hogeweg, and Nick Savill*

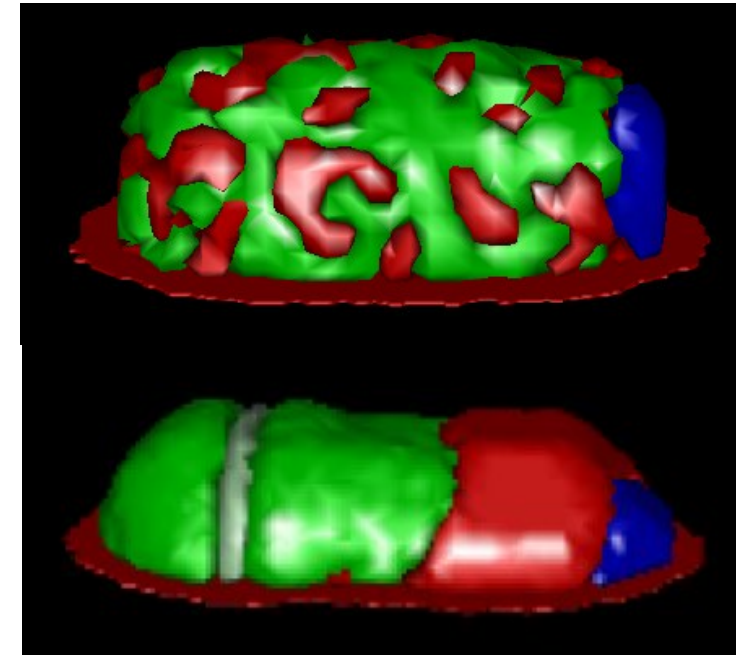
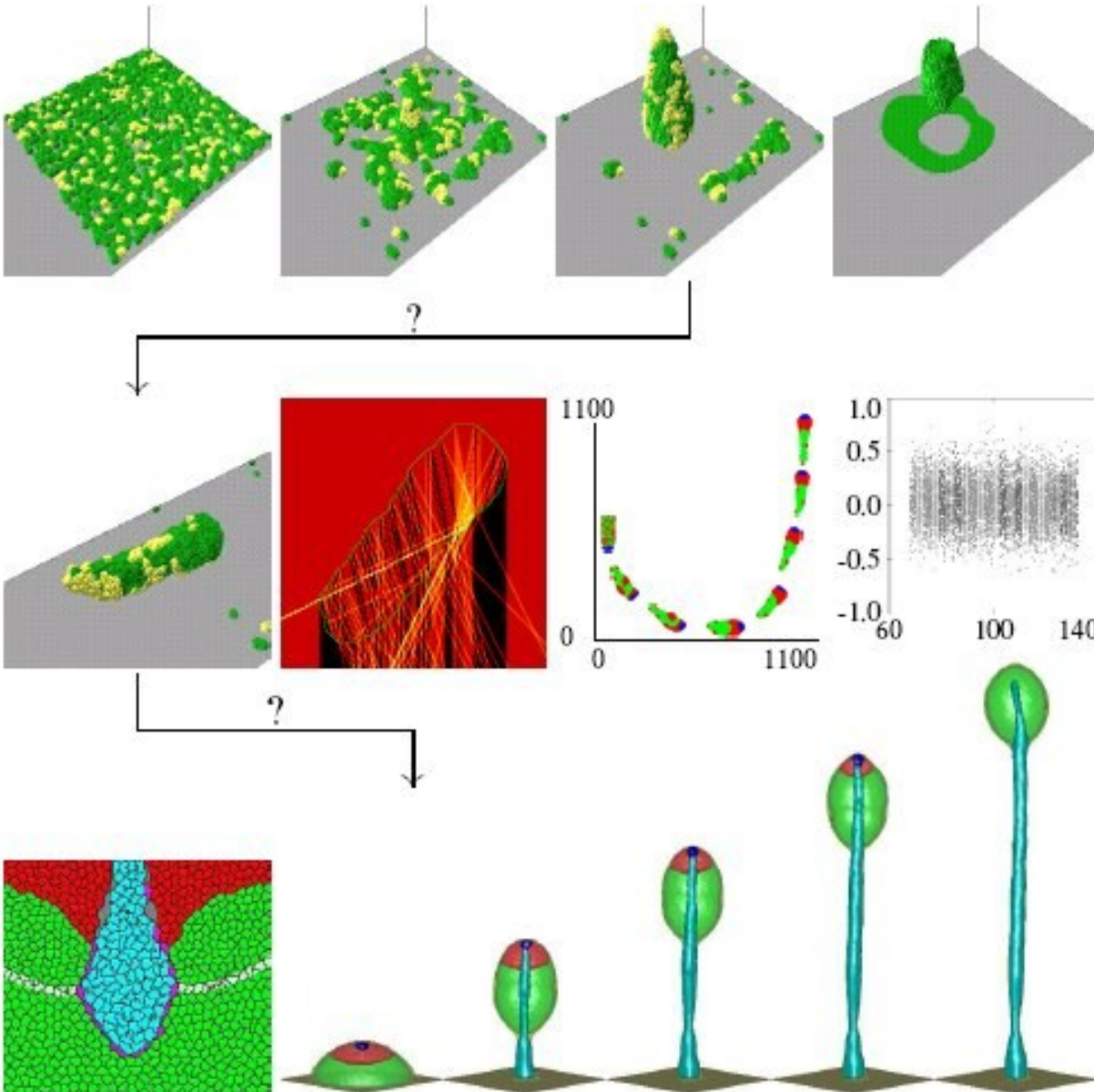


$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial t} = D_c \Delta c - f(c, a_\tau, \dots) - r \quad ,$$

$$\frac{\partial r}{\partial t} = \varepsilon(c)(kc - r) \quad .$$

# Modelling an Organism

*Stan Mareé, Paulien Hogeweg, and Nick Savill*

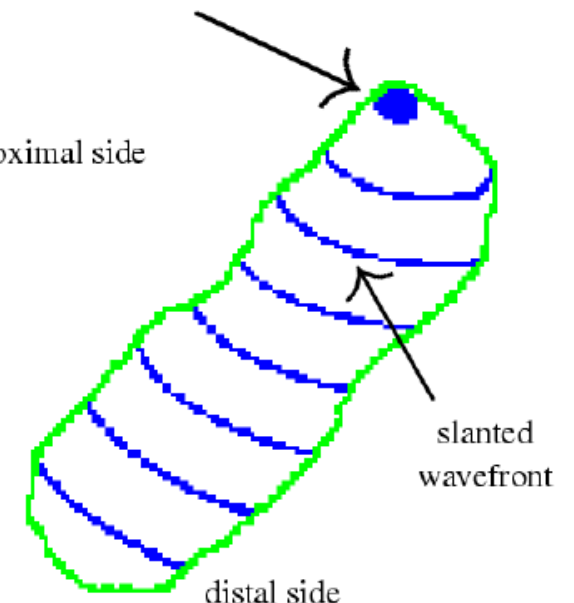


source of cAMP wave

proximal side

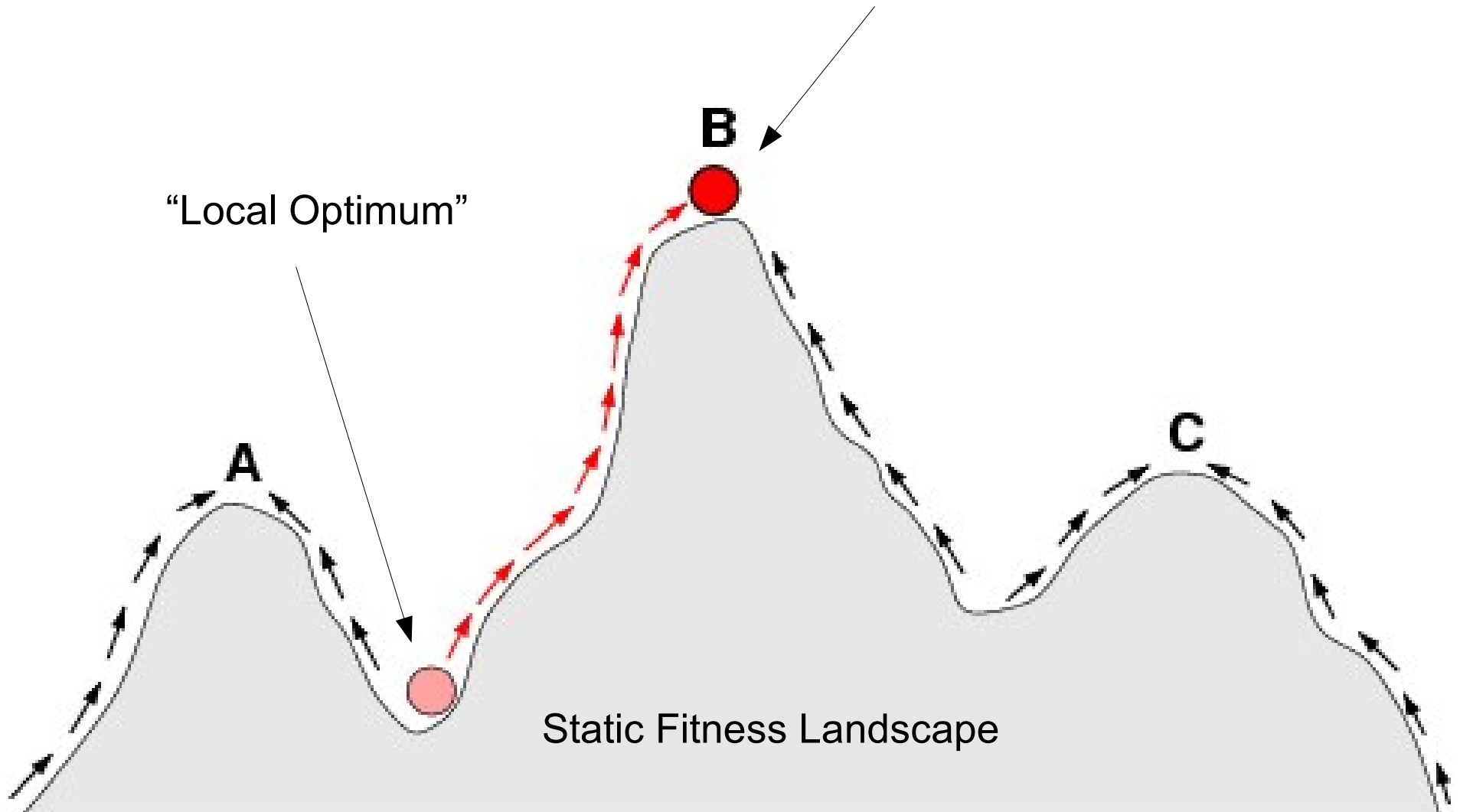
slanted wavefront

distal side





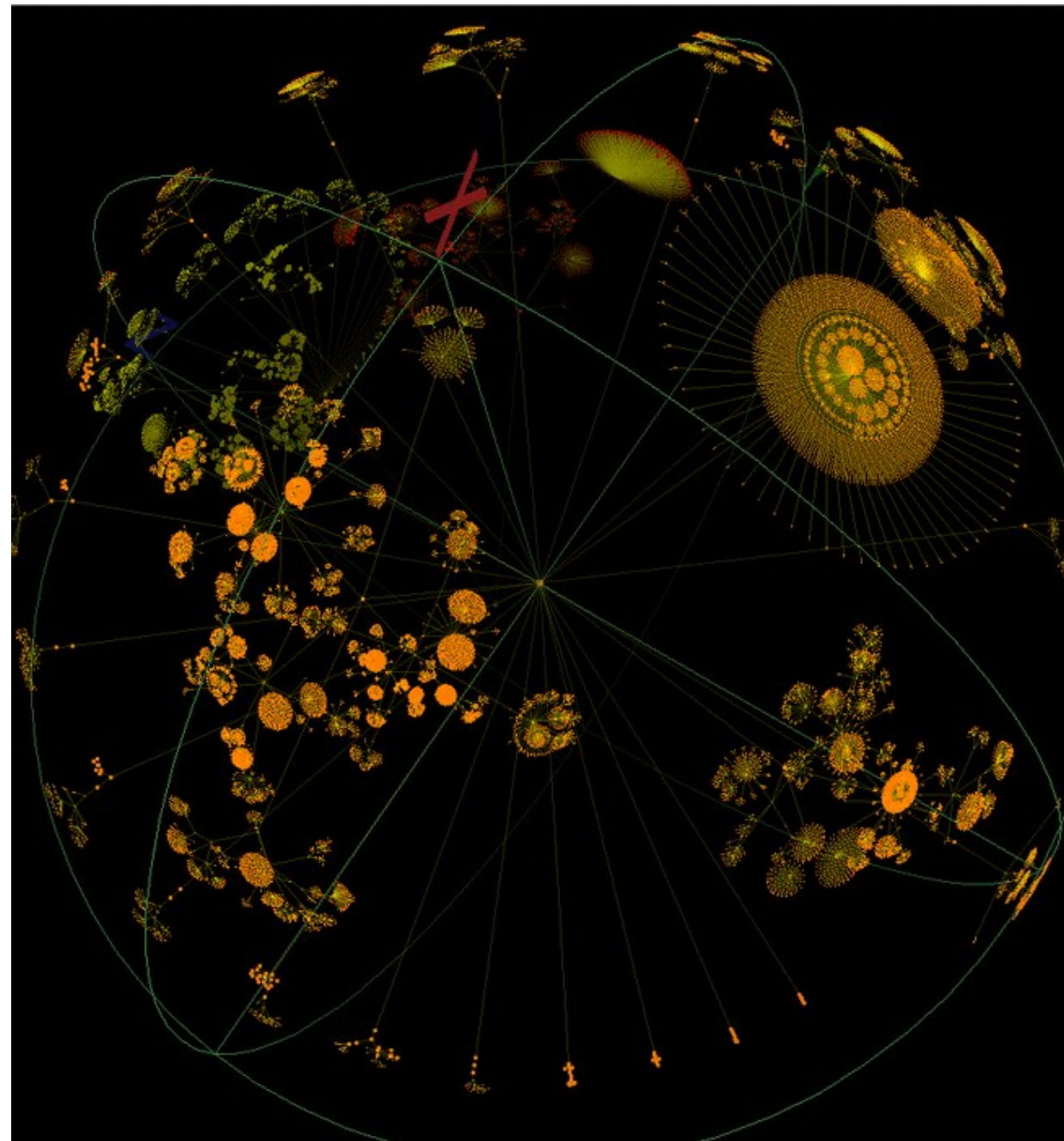
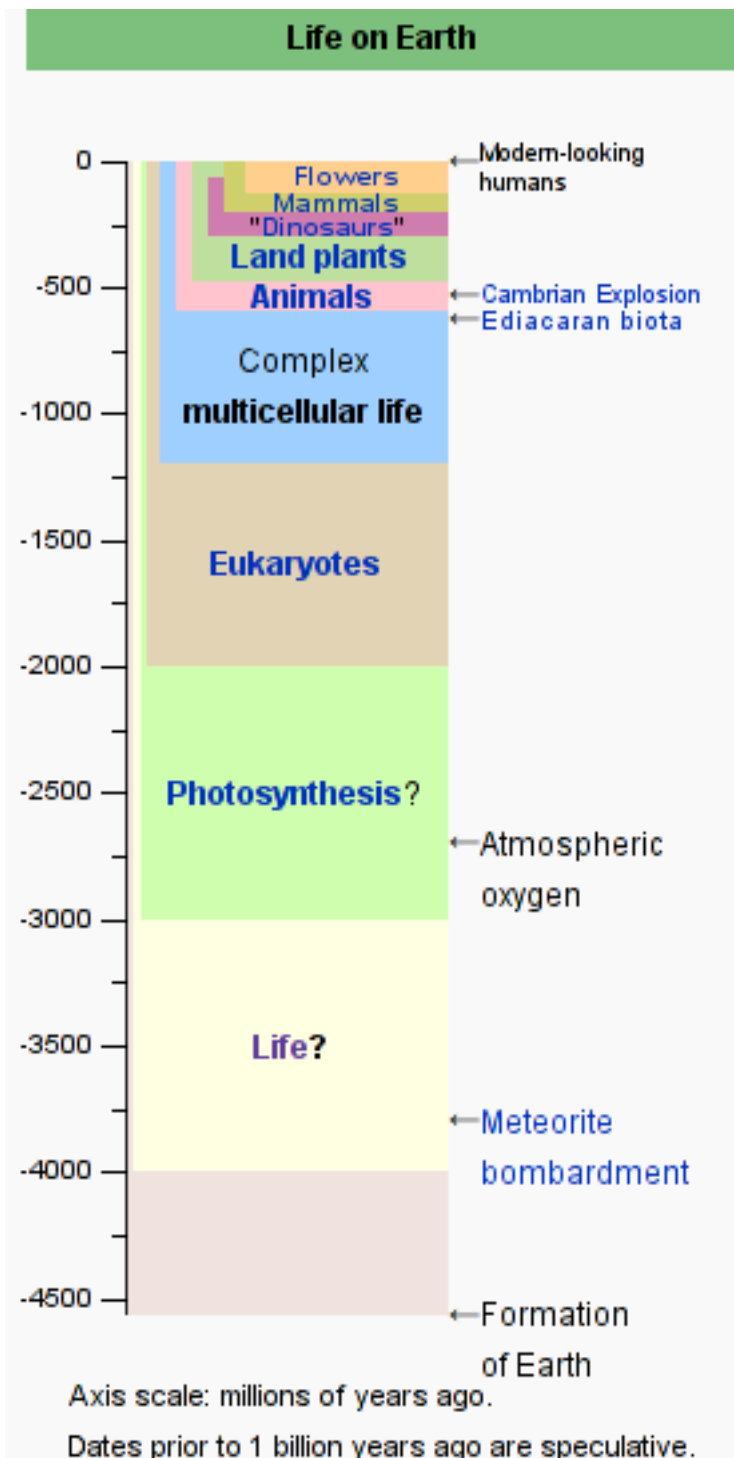
“Global Optimum” = “The Fittest” ?







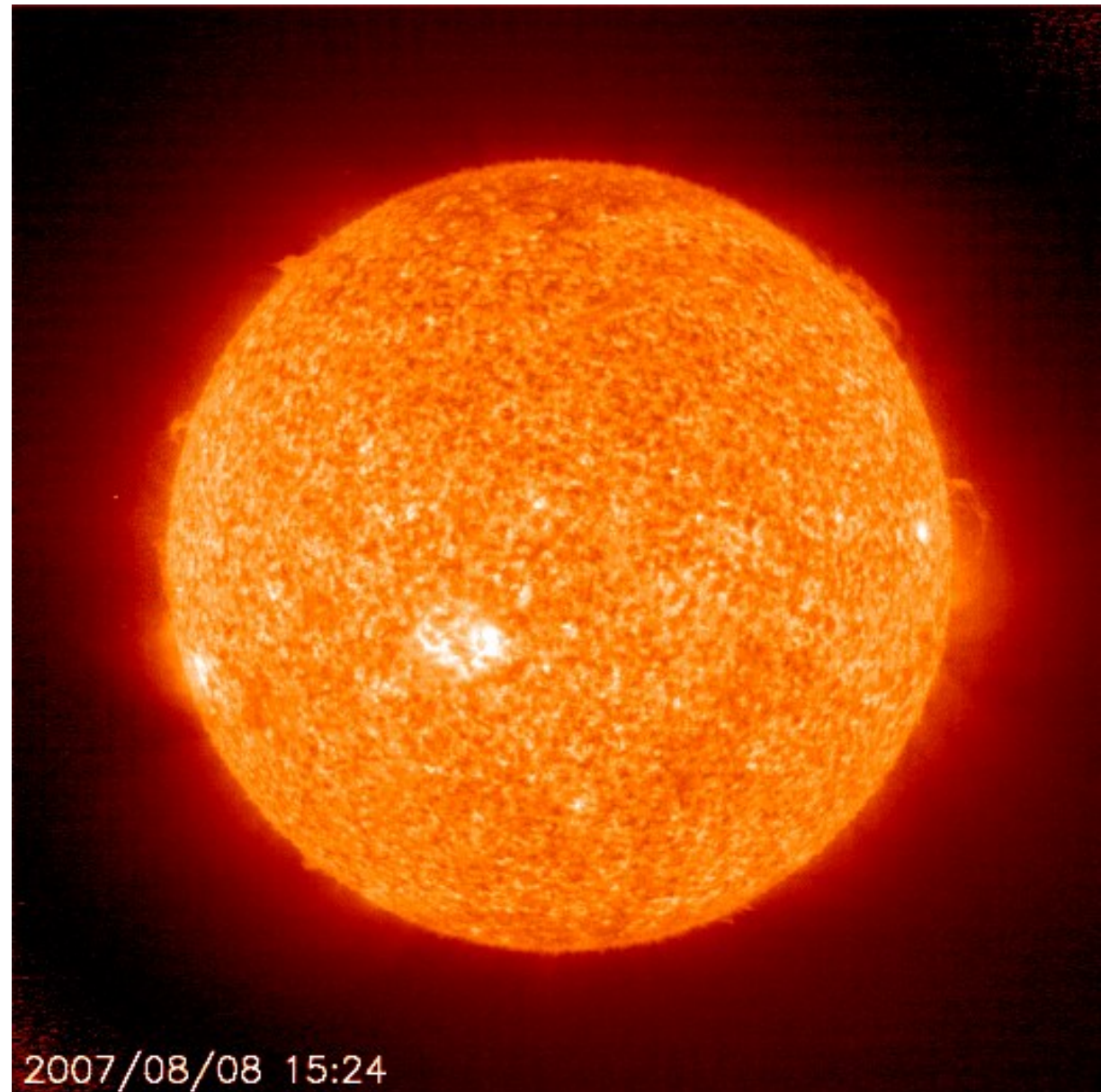
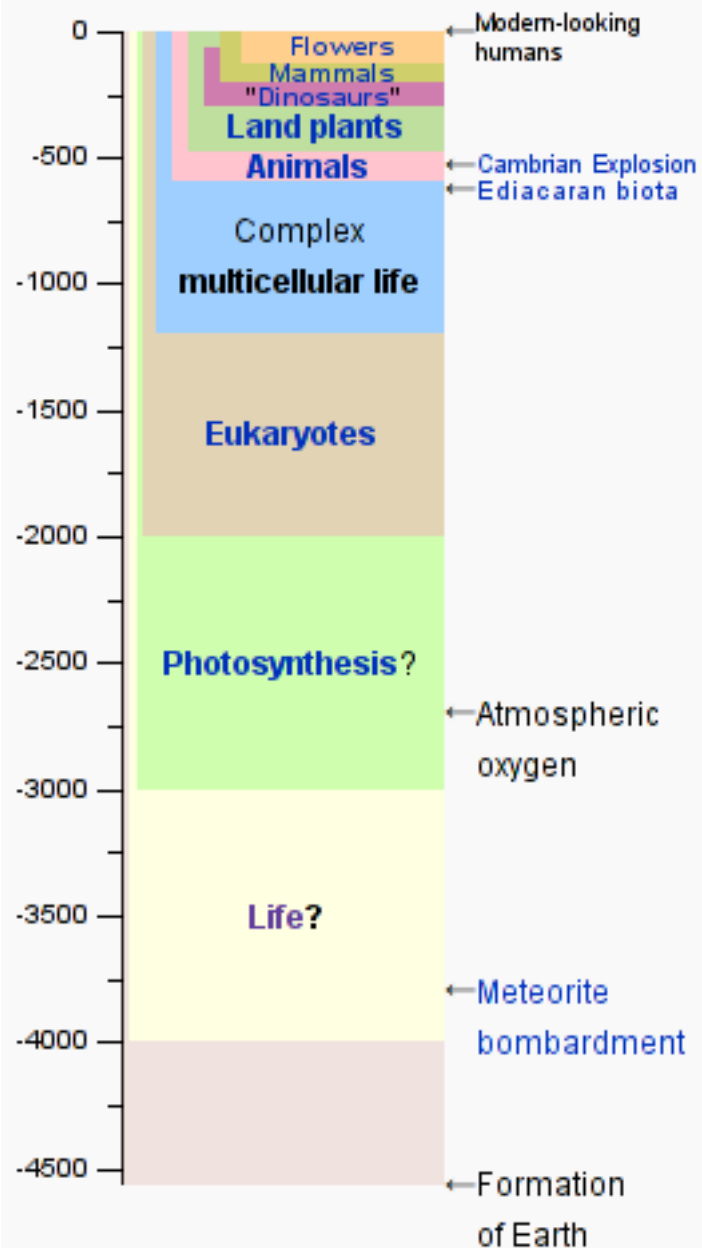


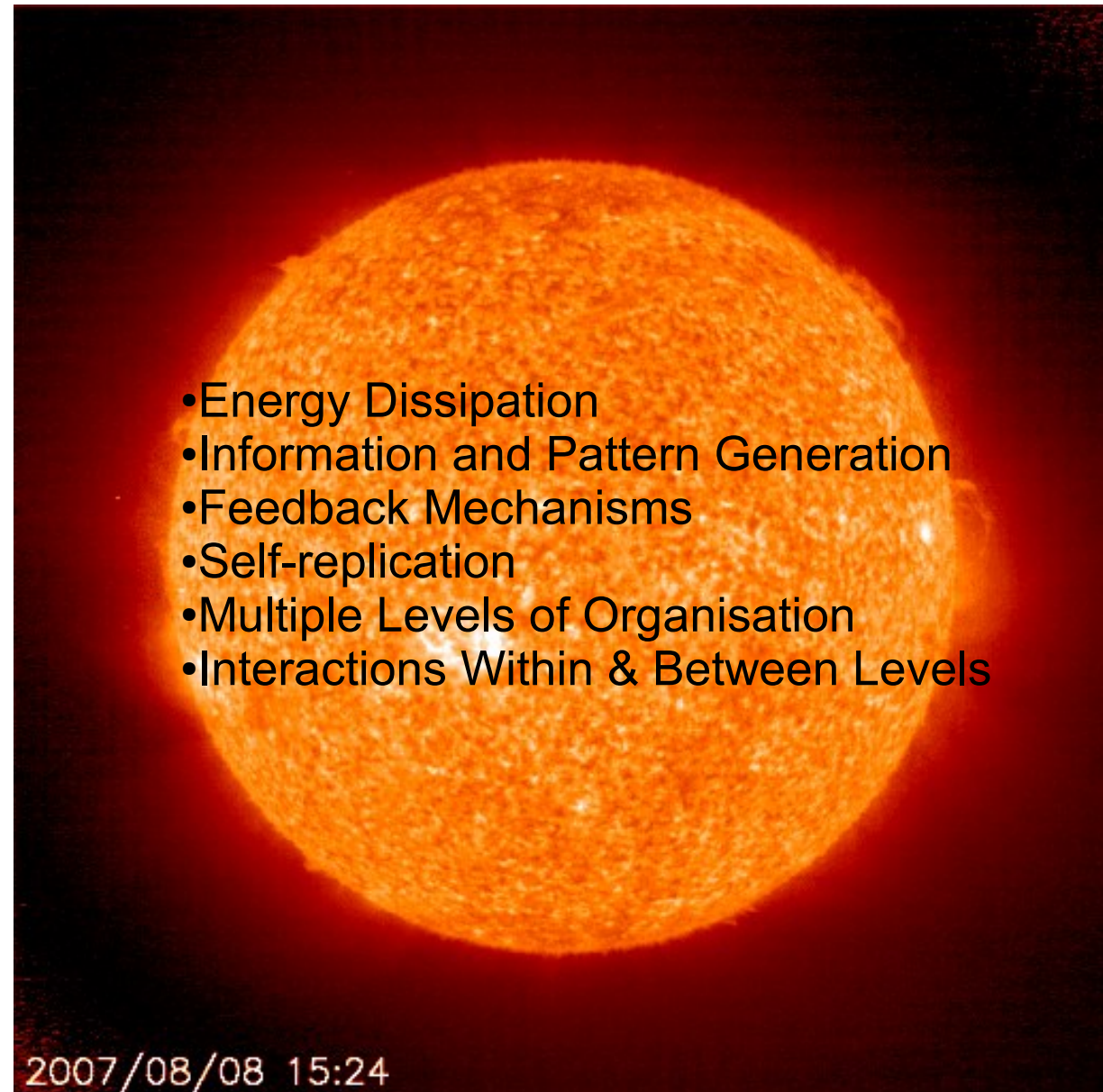
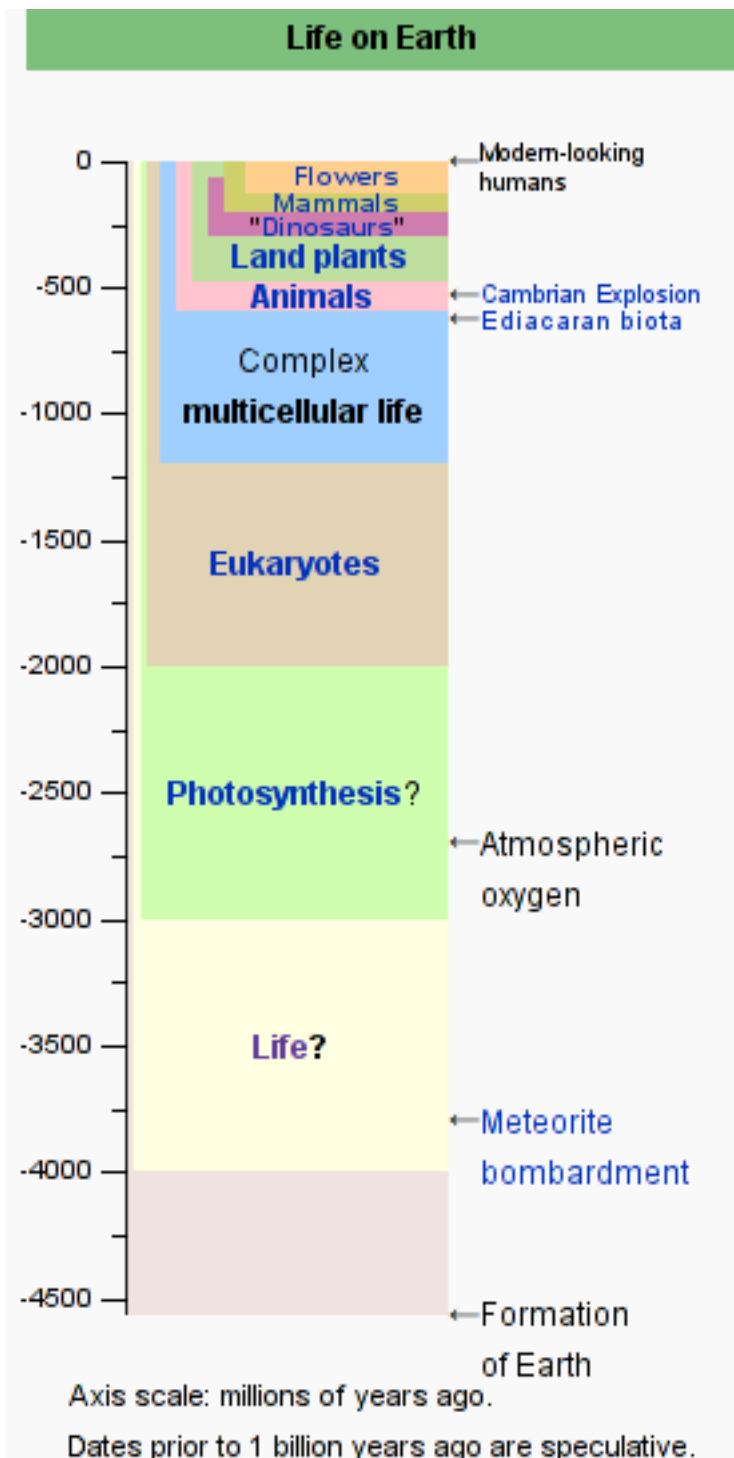


The Evolutionary "Tree of Life"



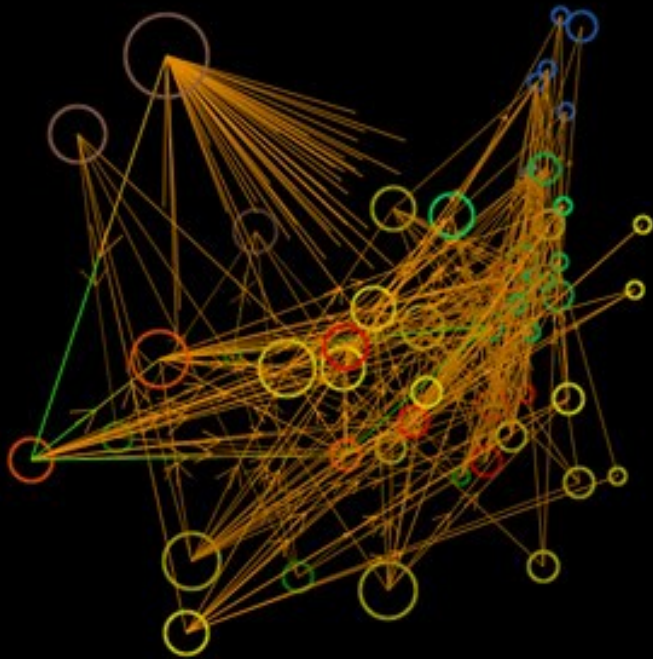
## Life on Earth



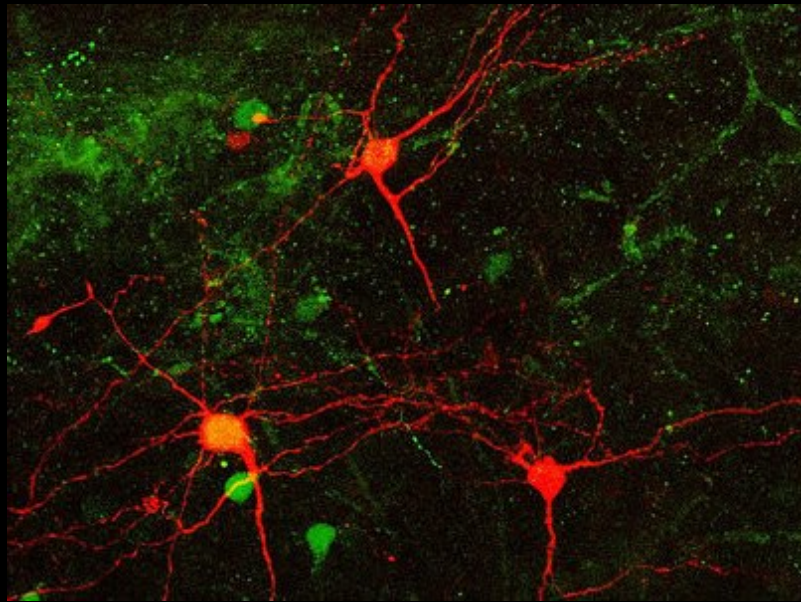
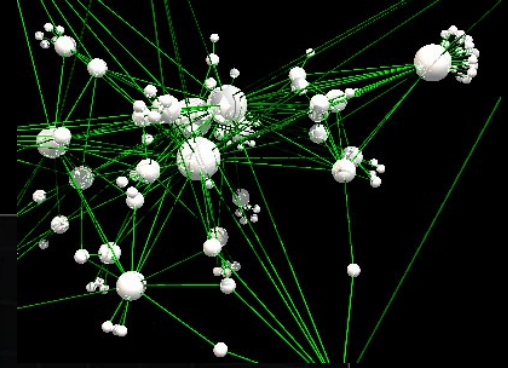
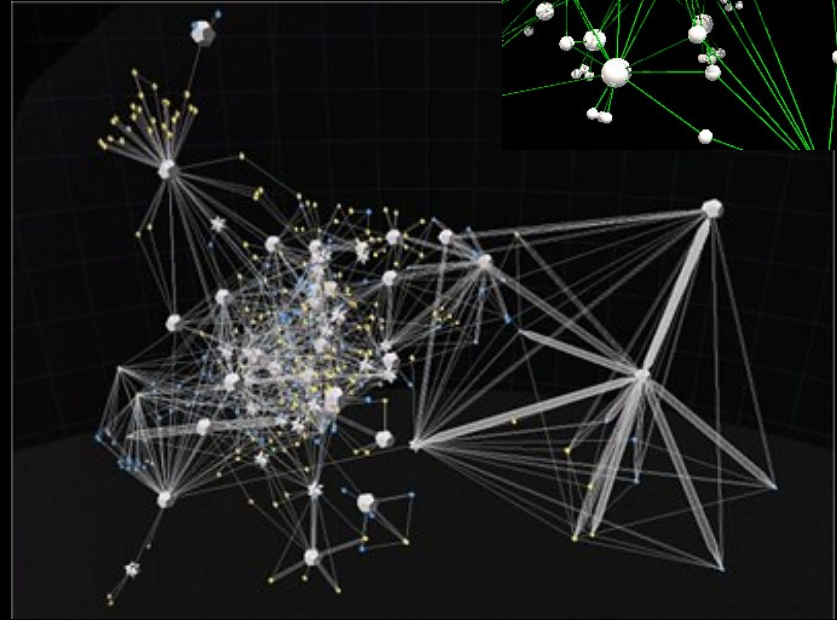


- Energy Dissipation
- Information and Pattern Generation
- Feedback Mechanisms
- Self-replication
- Multiple Levels of Organisation
- Interactions Within & Between Levels

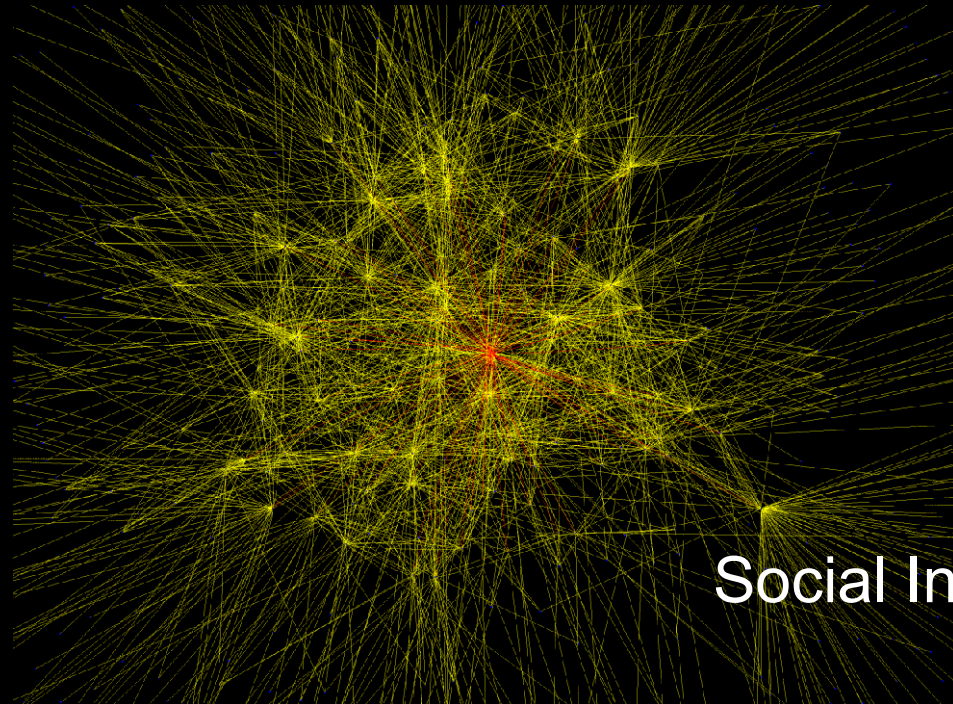




Computers

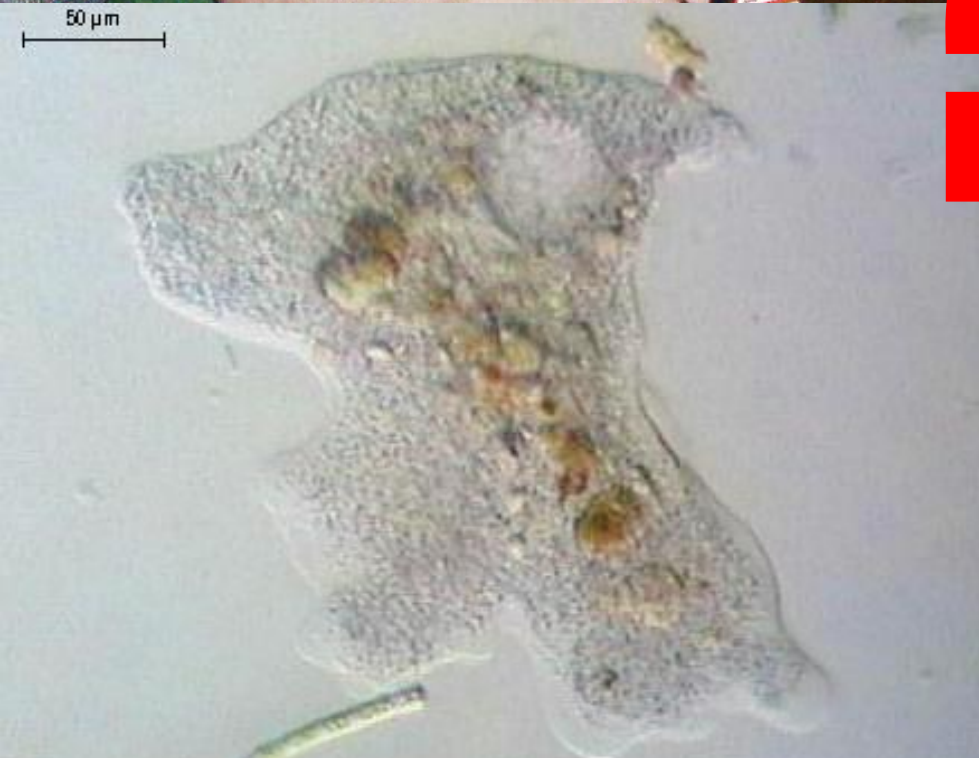


Biology



Social Interactions





# Acknowledgements

Much of this talk is based upon lectures and work by  
Prof. Dr. Paulien Hogeweg and Dr. Stan Marée,  
as well as on the works and writings of many others.

Click on the blue names in the slides to go to their related websites.